Basic Road Statistics of India (2017-2018)





GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF ROAD TRANSPORT & HIGHWAYS TRANSPORT RESEARCH WING

IDA BUILDING, JAMNAGAR HOUSE, SHAHJAHAN ROAD, NEW DELHI-110011 www.morth.nic.in

BASIC ROAD STATISTICS 2017 - 2018



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF ROAD TRANSPORT AND HIGHWAYS TRANSPORT RESEARCH WING NEW DELHI www.morth.nic.in

गिरिधर अरमने, आई.ए.एस. सचिव GIRIDHAR ARAMANE, I.A.S. Secretary



सङ्क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय Ministry of Road Transport & Highways भारत सरकार / Government of India



FOREWORD

Transport is considered the lifeline of a country's economy. It impacts the level of output, employment and income within the country at a macroeconomic level and production and consumer costs at microeconomic level. An efficient road transport network coalesces supply and demand sides of the economy while influencing the entire gamut of social and economic activities.

- 2. Road infrastructure is the most important of all public assets as it provides access to employment, social, health and education services and plays a crucial role in fighting against poverty. Recognizing the importance of a reliable road network in the country and the role it plays in economic development of the nation, Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH) has undertaken the responsibility of building safer and better roads and highways across the country. India's road connectivity has improved consistently over the years and road transportation has become a focus of rapid development.
- 3. The Ministry has initiated programmes such as National Highways Development Projects (NHDP), Bharatmala Pariyojana scheme, the Special Accelerated Development Programme in the North East (SARDP-NE) etc. to bridge critical infrastructure gaps in areas of intense economic activity, places of religious and tourist interests, border areas, backward and tribal areas, coastal areas and trade routes. The proactive sector specific policies rolled out by the Ministry, have fast-tracked the rate of construction of highways in the country. Due to continuous and ambitious policy interventions, all National Highways and 99% of State Highways in the country are surfaced. Under National Highways Development Projects, one of the largest road projects in the country, about 55,000 km of roads have been constructed through seven phases during 1998- 2017 and more than 49,260 km of the roads are being upgraded to match international standards.

Contd...

गिरिधर अरमने, आई.ए.एस. सचिव GIRIDHAR ARAMANE, I.A.S. Secretary



सङ्क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय Ministry of Road Transport & Highways भारत सरकार / Government of India

- 4. Bharatmala Yojana has further provided a boost to the ongoing road development projects and will enable a construction of 66,100 kms of economic corridors, border and coastal roads and expressways. It is envisaged that the programme will provide 4-lane connectivity to 550 districts, increase the vehicular speed by 20-25% and reduce the supply chain costs by 5-6%.
- 5. The National Highways and infrastructure Development Corporation (NHIDCL) was setup to speed up the road construction in strategic areas along the international border and North Eastern region. NHIDCL was assigned a target of developing and improving road connectivity for 10,000 kms in the North Eastern region. Indian Highways Management Company Limited (IHMCL) has also been set up to carry out electronic tolling and other allied works by NHAI jointly with its Concessionaires and Financial Institutions.
- 6. The current issue of "Basic Road Statistics of India" provides comprehensive information on the road network in the country. It is expected that this publication will be useful to administrators, policy makers and the academicians, especially those interested in infrastructure development. I gratefully acknowledge the cooperation extended to the Transport Research Wing (TRW) by States/UT Governments and other agencies involved in road development. Contribution of the officers and staff of the Transport Research Wing involved in bringing out this publication is recognized and well appreciated.

(Aramane Giridhar)

Nachar

New Delhi March, 2021 केंo सींo गुप्ता, भा.प्र.से. अतिरिक्त सचिव **K. C. GUPTA, I.A.s.** Additional Secretary



सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय Ministry of Road Transport & Highways भारत सरकार / Government of India

MESSAGE

Transport sector is a key driver of economic development, trade and social integration of the country. Reduction in transport costs promote specialization, extends markets and leads to achievement of economies of scale. Increased competition has made existence of efficient transport systems in the logistics and delivery chain a critical factor. Easy accessibility, flexibility of operations, door-to-door service and reliability have earned road transport an increasingly higher share of both passenger and freight traffic compared to other modes of transportation.

- 2. Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH) recognizes the importance of road transportation in economic and social wellbeing of the country and has initiated several sector specific policies to achieve the goal of comprehensive development and sustainability in a holistic manner to move towards safer, smarter and sustainable transportation ecosystem in the country. These policies have contributed significantly in increasing the network of National Highways, and simultaneously improving the quality of public transportation system in the country.
- 3. E-governance initiatives of the Ministry like e-office, e-procurement, e-PACE, Infracon, INAM-Pro+ etc. have not only contributed to the Digital India programme of Government of India but also enhanced transparency and efficiency, thereby ensuring a high quality of response and ranking in the ease of doing of business in the road sector.
- 4. The Ministry is also committed to reduce road accident deaths by providing safer infrastructure, safer vehicles and building a robust ecosystem with safety being one of the key components. The Motor Vehicles Amendment (MVA), 2019 was one of the foremost steps that has initiated this journey and is now being supported by various other initiatives such as the Integrated Road Accident Database (IRAD), schemes to setup automated vehicle inspection centers and driver training centers. Publicity and awareness campaigns etc. are being implemented to ensure road safety at the grassroots level.
- 5. It is hoped that the information on different facets of road network in India contained in this publication "Basic Road Statistics of India" will be useful for policy makers in the States as well as for other stakeholders. I would like to extend my gratitude to Central and State Government Departments who have contributed to bring out this publication. I also wish to express my appreciation for the support and coordination provided by my colleagues in Transport Research Wing in bringing out the publication. We look forward to any suggestions you may have in improving this document further.

(K. C Gupta)





सड़क परिवहन और राजमार्ग मंत्रालय Ministry of Road Transport & Highways भारत सरकार / Government of India

PREFACE

The Basic Road Statistics of India is an annual publication on the road sector, brought out by Transport Research Wing of the Ministry of Road Transport & Highways. The present issue of 'Basic Road Statistics of India, 2017-18' provides a broad overview of road transport sector in the country with focused emphasis on recent development. The broad theme of the publication is to provide an insight into the performance of major indicators of roads across country category-wise.

India's road network comprises of National Highways, State Highways, District Roads, Rural Roads, Urban Roads and Project Roads. The Ministry of Road Transport & Highways is mandated with the development & maintenance of road network in the country particularly that of National Highways.

The present publication provides, inter-alia, an overview of the composition and growth of the road sector over a period of time, State/UT-wise spread of different category of Roads, International comparison positioning Indian Roads viz-a-viz other countries, a chapter on recent initiatives taken by Ministry of Road Transport and Highways for improving Road network including the budgetary provisions and expenditure incurred, the various sources of financing for Highway development etc.

The present document contains substantial up gradations over the previous versions. Session III of the publication elaborates on Expressways in India. Information on completed and on-going expressways by NHAI and UPEIDA is also provided.

Various Departments and Organisations of Government of India and State/UT Governments made contribution to their respective field viz National Highways, State Highways, District Roads, Rural Roads, and Urban Roads & Project Roads. I owe deep gratitude to all data source agencies for sharing the valuable data/information to bring out this Publication. As always, deep gratitude is owed to the staff of Transport Research Wing, for the effort put in by them in bringing out this publication.

Constructive suggestions from the users of this document in improving its quality and coverage are welcome.

(Kal Singh)

New Delhi, 15th March, 2021

LIST OF CONTENTS

S. No.	Sections	Page No.
1	Executive Summary	1-3
2	Section 1: Road Network in India	4-17
3	Section 2: National Highways	18-35
4	Section 3: Expressways	36-37
	Section 4: State Highways	38-40
5	Section 5: District Roads	41-44
6	Section 6: Rural Roads	45-49
7	Section 7: Urban Roads	50-52
8	Section 8: Project Roads	53-55
9	Section 9: International Comparison of Road Network	56-58
10	Section 10: Major Schemes/Initiatives of Ministry of Road Transport and Highways	59-69

LIST OF TABLES

S. No.	Tables	Page No.
1	Table 1.1: Road Length by Categories (in KM) – 1950-51 to 2017-18	5
2	Table 1.2: Length of various categories of Roads(in KM)	7
3	Table 1.3: CAGR (in %) of Road Networks-1951 to 2018	8
4	Table 1.4: Public and Private Sector Investment in Road Transport (Rs in crore)	9
5	Table 1.5: Snap shot of Surfaced and Total road Length (in Km) as of 31 st March, 2018	10
6	Table 1.6: Distribution of Total and Surfaced Road Length in North Eastern States as of 31st March, 2018	13
7	Table 1.7: Road Density	13
8	Table 1.8: The Category wise Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km. for Top Five States/UTs as on 31 st March, 2018	15
9	Table 1.9: The Category wise Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km. for Northern Eastern States as on 31 st March, 2018	16
10	Table 1.10: The Category wise Road Density per 1000 Population for Top Five States as on 31 st March, 2018	16
11	Table 1.11: Road Accidents, Number of Persons killed and injured in the last five years 2015-2019	17
12	Table 2.1: Total Length of National Highways during 1951-2018	20
13	Table 2.2: Year wise addition to NH Network since 2014	21
14	Table 2.3: Lane-wise Break-up of National Highways	22
15	Table 2.4: Scope of Bharatmala Pariyojana-Phase I	26
16	Table 2.5: Financing Plan of BharatmalaPariyojna – Phase I	26

S. No.	Tables	Page No.
17	Table 2.6: Award of NHs/Road Projects and construction of NHs/Road	28
18	Table 2.7: Trend of Road Accidents and No of Persons Killed	33
19	Table 2.8: Fund Allocated and Expenditure for Development and Maintenance of National Highways	33
20	Table 3.1: Details of completed and ongoing Expressways by NHAI	36
21	Table 3.2: Completed /Ongoing Expressway Projects By UPEIDA	37
22	Table 4.1: Growth of State Highways 1970-71 to 2017-18	38
23	Table 5.1: Growth of Districts Roads 1950-51 to 2017-18	41
24	Table 6.1: Growth of Length of Rural Roads 1950-51 to 2017-18(in Km).	45
25	Table 6.2: Rural Road constructed by various Institutions as of 31st March, 2018.	48
26	Table 7.1: Growth of Length of Urban Roads 1950-51 to 2017-18 (in Km).	50
27	Table 8.1: The growth in the length of Project Roads since 1971	53
28	Table 9.1: Major Road Indicators across Select Countries	56-57
29	Table 10.1: Balance length of NHs to be covered under NH(O)	61
30	Table 10.2: Central Road Sector Outlay (at RE stage) and Expenditure (At Current Price) for the period 2015-16 to 2018-19	64-65
31	Table 10.3: Expenditure (Actual) incurred in the Development and Maintenance of National Highways by MORTH by Source of Financing in the last 8 years	66
32	Table 10.4: The State/UT-wise details of Fund Allocation/Utilized for Development of NHs	67-69

LIST OF CHARTS

S. No.	Chart	Page No.
1	Chart 1.1: Trend of Growth in Road Length (in 000'KM)	6
2	Chart 1.2 Category wise breakup trend of Growth of Road Length (in 000'Km)	6
3	Chart 1.3: The category-wise break up of percentage share to total road network as on 31 st March, 2018.	7
4	Chart 1.4: Percent share of Public and Private Investment to total Investment in Road Transport	9
5	Chart 1.5: Snap shot of Surfaced and Total Road Length (Km in Lakh)	10
6	Chart 1.6: State/UT wise Distribution of Total Road Length as of 31 st March, 2018	11
7	Chart 1.7: State/TU wise Distribution (Descending order) of Total Surfaced Road Length as of 31 st March, 2018	12
8	Chart 1.8: Percent share of Surfaced road to Total road Length across State/UTs as of 31 st March, 2018	12
9	Chart 1.9: Road Density per 1000 Km ²	14
10	Chart 1.10: Road Density in Km per 1000 Population	14
11	Chart 2.1: Trend in the Growth of National Highways.	21
12	Chart 2.2: Per cent share of various categories of Lane to Total	22
13	Chart 2.3: Lane wise Length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018 across State/UTs	23
14	Chart 2.4: The State/UT wise Length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018	24
15	Chart 2.5: Share of States/UTs in Length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018	24
16	Chart 2.6: Share of North Eastern States in the length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018	25
17	Chart 2.7: Source of Fund up to 2021-22 for Phase-I of Bharatmala Pariyojana	27
18	Chart 2. 8: Trend of Award and Construction of National Highways	28
19	Chart 2.9: Awarded Length (Km) for the period 2012-13 to 2017-18	29

Contd...

S. No.	Chart	Page No.
20	Chart 2.10: Constructed Length (Km) for the period 2012-13 to 2017-18	29
21	Chart 2.11: Progress of FASTag Issuance (Rs in Lakh)	30
22	Chart 2 .12: Percent of User Fee collected through FASTag (Month on Month)	31
23	Chart 2.13: Trend in the Growth of Fund Allocation and Expenditure (Rs. in crore)	34
24	Chart 2.14: Year on Year Growth of Fund Allocation and Expenditure (in Percent)	34
25	Chart 2.15: Trend in the Growth of Private and Public Investment in Road Sector (Rs. in crore)	34
26	Chart 2.16: Year on Year Growth of Private and Public Investment in Road Sector (in Per cent)	35
27	Chart 2.17: Share of Private and Public Investment in Total Investment (in percent)	35
28	Chart 4.1: Trend of Growth of length of State Highways and Percent change over previous period	39
29	Chart 4.2: Percent share of Length of State Highways in the Total Road Network	39
30	Chart 4.3: State/UT wise details of Total and Surfaced State Highways Length in Km as of 31 st March, 2018	40
31	Chart 5.1: Trend of Growth of length of Districts Roads (in Km)	42
32	Chart 5.2: Year on Year growth and Percent share of Length of District Roads	42
33	Chart 5.3: State/UT-wise Length of District Roads (in Km) as on 31.03.2018	43
34	Chart 5.4: State/UT wise details of Total and Surfaced Length of District Roads in Km as of 31 st March, 2018	44
35	Chart 6.1: Trend of Growth of length of Rural Roads (in Km)	46
36	Chart 6.2: Percent change over previous period and Percent share of Length of Rural Road to Total Roads	46

S. No.	Chart	Page No.
37	Chart 6.3 - The State/UT-wise break-up of Length of Rural Roads as of 31 st March, 2018	47
38	Chart 6.4: State/UT wise details of Total and Surfaced Rural Road's Length as of 31 st March, 2018	47
39	Chart 6.5: Percent share of various Institutions to total construction of Rural Roads as of 31 st March, 2018.	48
40	Chart 7.1: Trend of growth of Length of Urban Roads 1950-1 to 2017-18 (in Km).	51
41	Chart 7.2: Percent change over previous period and Percent share of Length of Rural Road to Total Roads (in Km)	51
42	Chart 7.3 State/UT wise break-up of Length of Urban Roads as on 31 st March 2018	52
43	Chart 8.1: The trend of growth of Project roads 1970-71 to 2017-18	54
44	Chart 8.2: Trend in Year on Year growth of Length of Projects Road to Total Roads	54
45	Chart 8.3: State/UT-wise Length of Project Roads (in Km) as on 31 st March, 2018	55

(vi)

LIST OF ANNEXURE

Annexure No.	Annexure	Page No.
1.1	Total and Surfaced Road Length by Categories in India as on 31.03.2018	70
1.2	Road Length by Categories and by Type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018	71
1.3	State/UT wise Total and Surfaced Length of Roads in India (excluding JRY Roads) as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)	72
1.4	Total Road Length and Percentage Share of Each Category of Road (1951-2018)	73
2.1	Length of National Highways in India as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)	74
2.2	Lane-wise Length of National Highways in India as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)	75
3.1	Total and Surfaced Length of State Highways in India as on31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)	76
3.2	Length of State Highways in India by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	77
4.1	Total & Surfaced Length of District Roads as on 31.03.2018(State/UTwise)	78
4.2	Total and Surfaced Length of District Roads as on 31.03.2018(State/UTwise)	79
5.1	Total and Surfaced Length of Rural Roads as on 31.03.2018(State/UTwise)	80
5.2	Length of Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana Roads by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	81
5.3	Length of Rural Roads built by State PWD/RWD- by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	82
5.4	Length of Panchayati Raj Roads by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	83
6.1	Total and Surfaced Length of Urban Roads as on 31.03.2018(State/UTwise)	84
6.2	Length of Municipal Roads by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)	85

Contd...

(vii)

Annexure No.	Annexure			
6.3	Length of Military Engineering Service Roads by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	86		
6.4	Length of Major Port Roads by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	87		
6.5	Length of Minor Port Roads by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)	88-89		
6.6	Length of Roads in Railway Zones by Type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	90		
7.1	Total and Surfaced Length of Project Roads as on 31.03.2018 (State/UTwise)	91		
7.2	Length of Roads under Forest Department by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)	92		
7.3	Length of Roads under Border Roads Organisation- by Type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	93		
7.4	Length of Roads under Coalfields/Coal units of Coal India Limited by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018(State-wise)	94		
7.5	Length of Roads under Electricity Department of States/UT by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	95		
7.6	Length of Roads under Irrigation Department of States by Type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018(State-wise)	96		
7.7	Length of Roads under Sugarcane Department of States by Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018(State/UT-wise)	97		
7.8	Length of Roads under SAIL & NMDC by Type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018(State-wise)	98		
7.9a	Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km of Roads for Rural and Urban areas.	99		
7.9b	Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km for different categories of Roads	100		
7.9c	Road length per '000 Population	101		
8.1	State/UT-wise details of NH in the Country	102-103		
Terms and I	Definitions	104-105		

Executive Summary

- 1. The Basic Road Statistics of India 2017-18 provides State/UT-wise data on various categories of roads at National, State/UT, District and Local Levels (Municipal/ Panchayat). This report contains 10 Sections elaborating on various indicators of road network in India. The report highlights the role of various Department/ Organisation/ Agencies who are responsible and executes construction and maintenance of different categories of Road in India. As we are aware, Expressways are playing a vital role in delivering Goods and Services in fast mode, hence, this publication added a new section Expressways in India which brings out an overview of completed and ongoing construction of Expressways (by NHAI).
- 2. **Section 1** of the report provide an overview of road network in India. This section through lights on category-wise break up of roads in India, long run trend in the growth of road length, decadal CAGR analysis and investment in highways by both Public and Private Entities, which brings out the following-
- i. India has a road network of 62, 15,797 Km comprising all categories of roads as on 31st March, 2018 which is the second largest in the World after the United States of America with a road network of 6,645,709 Km. Amongst the different categories of roads, rural roads (71%) constitute the highest share in the total road length followed by

- district roads (10%) and urban roads (9%), Projects Roads (5%), State Highways (3%), and National Highways (2%).
- ii. The total road length of the country has increased significantly from 3.99 lakh km in 1951 to 62.16 lakh km in 2018.
- iii. State wise distribution of total road length (excluding JRY roads) shows that for the period up to 31st March 2018, Maharashtra (6,26,521Km) accounted for the largest share (11.79%) in total road length followed by Uttar Pradesh (8.21%), Madhya Pradesh (6.85%), Karnataka (6.67%) and Assam (6.46%).
- iv. The percent share of public investment to total investment in the road sector has increased from 51.65 % in 2012-13 to 86.17 % in 2017-18, whereas the share of private investment has been decreased from 48.35% to 13.83% for the same period.
- v. Indicators of road infrastructures such as density of roads per 1000 Sq. Km and Density of road per 1000 population have shown increasing trend since 2011-12. Density of roads in Rural and Urban areas also depicted an upward trend.
- 3. **Section 2** throws light on State / UT wise break up of National Highways, Lane-wise break up of NHs etc. The share of NH in total road network in the country is 2.03%, the total length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018 was 126.35 thousand Km has

1

registered an increase of about 10.68 percent over the year 2016-17. Amongst the states Maharashtra has the highest length of NH (17,728 Km). Major schemes initiated by MoRTH for the development of NH, Fund allocated and Expenditure incurred both by Private and Public has also been discussed in this Section.

- 4. **Section 3** Expressways in India are playing a significant role in easing traffic on road and facilitating for fast movement of goods and services within the country. NHAI has planned to develop 2,638 km of expressways out of which 237 km of expressways have already been completed and 1,344 km of Expressway are currently under implementation while the remaining 1,057 km of Express ways are currently at various stages of pre-construction.
- 5. **Section 4** of the report brings out State/UT wise distribution State highways in total road network in country. As on 31st March, 2018 the total length of State Highways is 1, 86,908 Km, which has attained an increase of about 6.8 percent as compared to 2016-17. Maharashtra has the highest share in the total length of State Highway roads i.e. 20.87 per cent (38,999 Km) followed by Karnataka 10.44 per cent (19,521 Km), Gujarat 9.20 per cent (17,201 Km), Rajasthan 8.07 per cent (15,085 Km) and Andhra Pradesh 7.28 per cent (13,604 Km).
- 6. **Section 5** through lights on State/UTs wise distribution of total length of District Roads which was 6,11,268 Km as on 31st March, 2018, out of which Maharashtra accounted

- for the largest share (17.92%), followed by U.P (9.21%), Karnataka (8.17%), Tamil Nadu (7.61%) and Madhya Pradesh (7.45%). These five States together account for about 50.36% of the total length of District Roads in India.
- **Section 6** of the reports highlights on the details of rural roads constructed by PanchayatiRaj Institutions, (ZillaParishad, Panchayat Samiti, Gram Panchayat), roads of the Pradhan Mantri Gram adakYojana (PMGSY) and roads constructed by the State PWDRural Roads. The length of rural roads as on 31st March, 2018, is 44.10 Lakh Km as compared to 41.67 Lakh Km in 2016-17, which registered an increase of about 5.82 percent over 2016-17. Maharashtra accounted for the largest share in Rural Roads (11.82%) in 2017-18 followed by Assam (8.65%), Bihar (7.37%), Uttar Pradesh (7.29%) and Odisha (6.66%). These five States account for about 41.8 % of the total length of Rural Roads in the country.
- 8. Section 7 of the reports details Urban Roads, which have increased from 5, 26,483 Km as on 31.03.2017 to 5,34,142 Km as on 31.03.2018. West Bengal accounted for the largest share (17.78%) in total length of Urban Roads as on 31st March 2018, followed by U.P. (11.94%), Karnataka (7.75%), Kerala (6.21%) and Rajasthan (6.07%). These five States accounted for about 49.76% of the total length of Urban Roads in the country.

- 9. **Section 8** of the report provide the detail of Project Roads largely include roads coming under the purview of Central and State Government agencies and departments. This reports brings out as follows-
- i. The total length of Project Roads has increased from 3,28,897 Km as on 31.3.2017 to 3,47,547 km as on 31.3.2018, which has an increase of about 5.67% over 2017.
- ii. Uttar Pradesh accounted for the largest share (12.11%) in total length of Project Roads as on 31st March 2018, followed by Madhya Pradesh (10.31%), Gujarat (9.02%), Odisha (7.40%) and Maharashtra (6.33%).
- iii. These five States together account for about 45.17% of the total length of Project Roads as on 31.03.2018.
- 10. **Section 9** deals International Comparison of Road Network, it highlight that:

- i. With a total road length of 62.15lakh Km, India ranks second out of 196 countries reported in the World Road Statistics, after US.
- ii. In terms of length of National Highways, India with a length of 1,26,350 km NH and with a share of 2.03% in total road length ranks 2nd after Australia which has a length of 1,81,688 km and share of 20.8% in total road length.
- iii. India's road density at 1.89 km/km2 is higher than United Kingdom at (1.73km/km2) and China (0.49 km/km2), USA (0.68 km/km2) but is lesser than France (1.98 km/km2) which is geographically much smaller.
- 11. **Section 10** of the report describes in detail the initiatives taken by Ministry of Road Transport and Highways for improving the Road network in the country. This Section is followed by Annexures on Road Statistics.

Section - 1

Road Network in India

Overview: Road Transport Sector in India

- 1.1 Road transport is the most cost effective modes of transportation in India both for freight and passengers, keeping in view its level of penetration in populated areas. Thus, it is vital for economic development and social integration of the country. Road transport emerged as the dominant segment in India's transport sector and contributed about 3.06 per cent to GVA against the total transport sector contribution of 4.77 percentages for the year 2017-18, where the share of Railways was at 0.75 per cent, Air Transport at 0.15 per cent and Water Transport at 0.06 per cent. National Transport Development Policy Committee in its report stated that as of 2011-12, the Road Transport sector accounts for about 69 per cent of freight and 90 per cent of passenger traffic movements in the country. Road Transport also serves as the feeders to railway, shipping and air traffic.
- 1.2 The road network of the country consists of National Highways (NH), State Highways (SH), District Roads, Rural Roads, Urban Roads and Project Roads. The construction and maintenance National Highways is mandated with the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH). State Roads are executed through the State

Public Works Departments (PWDs). District Roads are constructed & maintained by Public Works Department of States while Rural Roads are executed by Panchayati Raj Departments, State PWD/RWD Departments & National Rural Road Development Agency (NRRDA) of Ministry of Rural Development. Urban roads are executed by Municipalities and Project roads are constructed by various Central and State Government Departments (Section 8 refer to).

Road Length - Category wise

1.3 India has a network of over 62,15,797 kilometres of roads as of 31 March 2018 which is the second-largest in the world, after the United States with 66,45,709 kilometres of roads. As a result of major initiatives to modernize the country's road infrastructure the strength and length of countries road network has achieved tremendous progress over the years. The length of roads under different categories has increased consistently from 3, 99,942 km in 1950-51 to 46,76,838 km in 2010–11 and thereafter to 62,15,797 km in 2017-18 (Table 1 and Chart 1.1 refer to), achieved an increase of about 33 per cent in 2017-18 over 2010-11.

Table 1.1: Road Length by Categories (in Km) 1950-51 to 2017-18

Category	1950-51	1960-61	1970-71	1980-81	1990-91	2000-01	2010-11	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
National Highways	19,811	23,798	23,838	31,671	33,650	57,737	70,934	97,991	1,01,011	1,14,158	1,26,350
% to Total Length	4.95	4.54	2.61	2.13	1.45	1.71	1.52	1.79	1.80	1.94	2.03
State Highways	^	^	56,765	94,359	1,27,311	1,32,100	1,63,898	1,67,109	1,76,166	1,75,036	1,86,908
% to Total Length	0.00	0.00	6.20	6.35	5.47	3.92	3.50	3.05	3.14	2.97	3.01
Districts Roads	1,73,723	2,57,125	2,76,833	4,21,895	5,09,435	7,36,001	9,98,895	11,01,178	5,61,940	5,86,181	6,11,268
% to Total Length	43.44	49.02	30.26	28.4	21.89	21.82	21.36	20.12	10.03	9.94	9.83
Rural Roads*	2,06,408	1,97,194	3,54,530	6,28,865	12,60,430	19,72,016	27,49,804	33,37,255	39,35,337	41,66,916	44,09,582
% to Total Length	51.61	37.6	38.75	42.34	54.16	58.46	58.80	60.99	70.23	70.65	70.94
Urban Roads	0	46,361	72,120	1,23,120	1,86,799	2,52,001	4,11,679	4,67,106	5,09,730	5,26,483	5,34,142
% to Total Length	0	8.84	7.88	8.29	8.03	7.47	8.80	8.54	9.10	8.93	8.59
Projects Roads	0	0	1,30,893	1,85,511	2,09,737	2,23,665	2,81,628	3,01,505	3,19,109	3,28,897	3,47,547
% to Total Length	0	0	14.31	12.49	9.01	6.63	6.02	5.51	5.70	5.58	5.59
Total	3,99,942	5,24,478	9,14,979	14,85,421	23,27,362	33,73,520	46,76,838	54,72,144	56,03,293	58,97,671	62,15,797

Note: Figures in parenthesis indicate per cent to total road length.

(*)- Total includes 9 lakh Km of Rural roads constructed under Jawahar Rozgar Yojana

1.4 This is primarily been on account of the proactive policy steps such as leveraging of Private and Public Investment and the deployment of innovative financing models by Ministry of Road Transport and Highways. Besides this, projects like National Highways Development Programme, Bharatmala Pariyojna Phase-I, Special Accelerated Road Development Programme for North-Eastern region (SARDP-NE), Char Dham Pariyojana, Connectivity to the Border Areas, Connectivity to the Backward/As operational Areas etc. contributed to

- enhance the length and the quality of road network in the country.
- 1.5 It may be noted that rural roads achieved highest increase in the length (Chart 1.2) which constitute about 70 percent of total roads in 2017-18. The growth of other categories of roads has been depicting increasing trend however at constant rate over the period 1950-51 to 2017-18. In the Table 1.2, all categories of roads attained positive change in growth of length in 2018 over 2017 and the National highways achieved the highest increase of 10.68 percent over the previous period.

^{^ -} Included in Districts Roads

Chart 1.1: Trend of Growth of Total Road Length (in 000'Km)

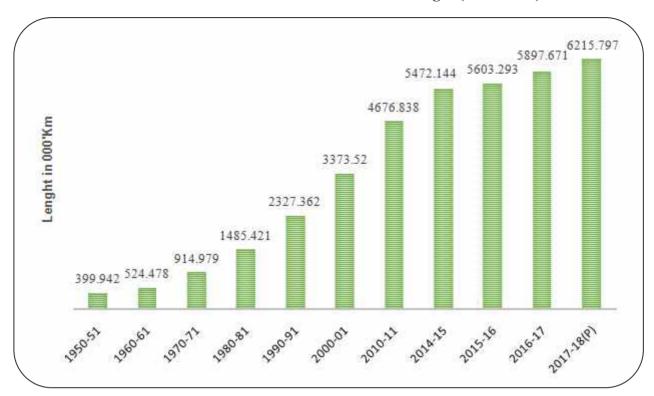


Chart 1.2: Category wise breakup trend of Growth of Road Length (in 000'Km)

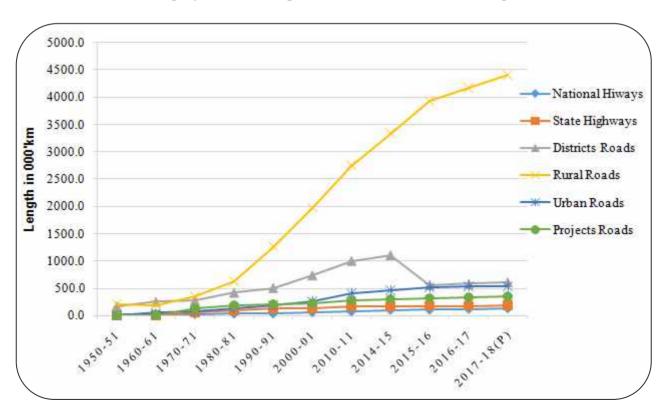


Table 1.2 Length of Various Categories of Roads (in Km)

Category of Road	2017 As on 31 st Mar (Km)	% share to total roads	2018 As on 31 st Mar (Km)	% share to total roads	% Change over Previous period
National Highways (NHs)	1,14,158	1.94	1,26,350	2.03	10.68
State Highways	1,75,036	2.97	1,86,908	3.01	6.78
District Roads	5,86,181	9.94	6,11,268	9.83	4.28
Rural Roads (including JRY Roads)	41,66,916	70.65	4,40,9582	70.94	5.82
Urban Roads	5,26,483	8.93	5,34,142	8.59	1.45
Project Roads	3,28,897	5.58	3,47,547	5.59	5.67
Total	58,97,671	100	6,21,5797	100	5.39

Source: MoRTH

1.6 Rural roads account for about more than 70 percent of share to total road network in the country followed by Districts roads (9.83%) and Urban Roads (8.59 %) in 2018 as presented in Chart 1.3.

Chart 1.3: The category-wise break up of percentage share to total road network as on 31st March, 2018.



Decadal Analysis:

1.7 The total length of roads in the country has increased significantly from 3.99 lakh km in 1951 to 62.16 lakh km in 2018, growing at a Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR)

of 4.2% (Table 1.3). CAGR for the period 1951-2018, along with decadal CAGRs, are presented in Table 1.3 below.

Table 1.3: CAGR (in %) of Road Networks -1951 to 2018

Period	NHs	SHs & District Roads	Rural Roads	Urban Roads	Project Roads	Total
1951/1941	2.7	2.3	4.7	NA	NA	4.2
1961/1951	1.9	4	-0.5	NA	NA	2.7
1971/1961	0	2.6	6	4.5	NA	5.7
1981/1971	2.9	4.5	5.9	5.5	2.1	5
1991/1981	0.6	2.1	7.2	4.3	1.2	4.6
2001/1991	5.5	3.1	4.6	3	0.6	3.8
2014/2004	3.4	3.9	4.4	4.3	1.3	4.1
2015/2005	4.1	3.1	3.9	5	1.5	3.7
2016/2006	4.3	-2.5	5.5	5.7	2	3.7
2017/2007	5.5	-2.6	5.7	5.8	2	3.9
2018/2008	6.6	-2.4	6.1	5.8	2.5	4.2

^{*} Note: Since the year 2015-16 the category Other PWD Road (OPWD) has been discontinued and PWD road, other than SHs, are categorized under District Roads and Rural roads under PWD. Because of this change, the figures in respect of OPWD, District Road & Rural Roads are not comparable with figures of previous years.

- 1.8 During 2008-2018, National Highways registered CAGR growth of 6.6%, which is the highest decadal growth, followed by rural roads with CAGR growth of 6.1% and urban roads with CAGR growth of 5.8%. In Table 1.1, the length of National Highways was 70,934 Km in 2010-11 which has increased consistently to 1,26,350 Km in 2017-18 with growth of about 78 percent over 2010-11.
- 1.9 The proactive policy steps, leveraging of private and public investment, innovative financing models, have resulted in increase in the pace of development of National Highways in recent years. The details of

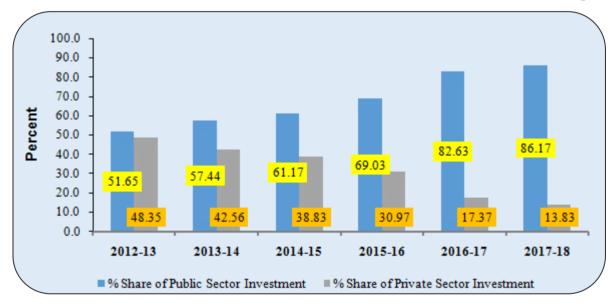
Investment in National Highways are given in Table 1.4. The combined public and private investment has increased during 2012-13 to 2017-18@ CAGR of 23.23% (Table 1.4). The total investment in construction of Highways has increased from Rs. 41,998.4 crore in 2012-13 to Rs. 1,19,353.02 crore in 2017-18. The share of public sector investment in highways has increased from Rs 21,693.74 crore in 2012-13 to Rs 1,02,852.38 crore in 2017-18 while that of private sector has gone down from Rs 20304.66 crore in 2012-13 to Rs 16500.64 crore in 2017-18 (Table 1.4 refer to).

Table 1.4: Public and Private Sector Investment in Road Transport (Rs in crore)

		Expenditure					
S. No. Year		Private Investment	Public Investment	Total			
1	2012-13	20,304.66	21,693.74	41,998.40			
2	2013-14	22,515.05	30,385.64	52,900.69			
3	2014-15	19,232.44	30,295.26	49,527.70			
4	2015-16	29,770.00	66,369.14	96,139.14			
5	2016-17	16,028.64	76,275.26	92,303.90			
6	2017-18	16,500.64	1,02,852.38	1,19,353.02			
		CAGR (2012-13/2017-18)		23.23			

Source: Calculation based on the Expenditure Statement of Roads Wing (Annexure 8.1 at the end of the Report) - Public investment include Plan. Non-Plan and IEBR

Chart 1.4: Percent share of Public and Private Investment to total Investment in Road Transport



1.10 The share of public investment has been consistently increasing during the period 2012-13 to 2017-18 while that of private investment has tremendously been declining (Chart 1.4). It may be noted that in the Chart 1.4, public sector share's about 86 per cent of total investment in road transport sector.

Road Categories-Surfaced Roads (Quality)

1.11 It is observed that along with the increase

in the total road length (Table 1.1), the category of paved/ surfaced road length has also been increased over the years from 1950-51 to 2017-18 (Chart 1.5). The length of paved/surfaced road grew from 1.57 lakh Km as on 31st March 1951 to 37.48 lakh Km as on 31st March 2018. The percentage share of length of Surfaced road to total length has increased from 39.26 percent as on 31st March, 1951 to 63.25% as on 31st March, 2018, implies

improvements in the quality of public transportation system in the country. This, resulted in significant decline in road accidents and number of persons killed in 2017-18 as compared to 2016-17 (see chapter 2). Out of total surfaced road length, about 80.4 percent length

constitute Bituminous and Cement Concrete roads (Annexure 1.2 refer to) in 2018 and the remaining 19.57 percent is Water Bound Macadam roads. The snap shot of total and surfaced road length (in Km) during the period 1950-51 to 2017-18 has been presented in Chart 1.5.

62.15 58.98 70.0 56.03 54.72 54.03 60.0 Road Length (in Lakh Km) 50.0 37.30 35.01 33,41 32.20 40.0 30.0 16.01 10.90 20.0 10.0 0.0 1950-51 1970-71 1990-91 2000-01 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 ■ Total Road Length ■ Total Length of surfaced road

Chart 1.5: Snap shot of Surfaced and Total Road Length (Km in Lakh)

1.13. It may be noted in the Table 1.5 about 63.3 per cent of total roads (including JRY roads) in the country are surfaced as of 31st March, 2018. National Highways are fully

surfaced and about 99.2 percent of State highways and 94.9 percent of Districts roads are surfaced in Table 1.5.

Table 1. 5: Snap shot of Surfaced and Total road Length (in Km) as of 31st March, 2018

Category	Surfaced Road	Total Length	Surfaced Road as % of Total
National Highways	1,26,350	1,26,350	100.0
State Highways	1,85,495	1,86,908	99.2
District Roads	5,80,064	6,11,268	94.9
Rural Roads*	22,95,053	35,09,582	65.4
Urban Roads	4,15,859	5,34,142	77.9
Project Roads	1,45,471	3,47,547	41.9
Total (Excluding JRY Roads)	37,48,292	53,15,797	70.5
Total (Including JRY Roads)	39,31,494	62,15,797	63.3

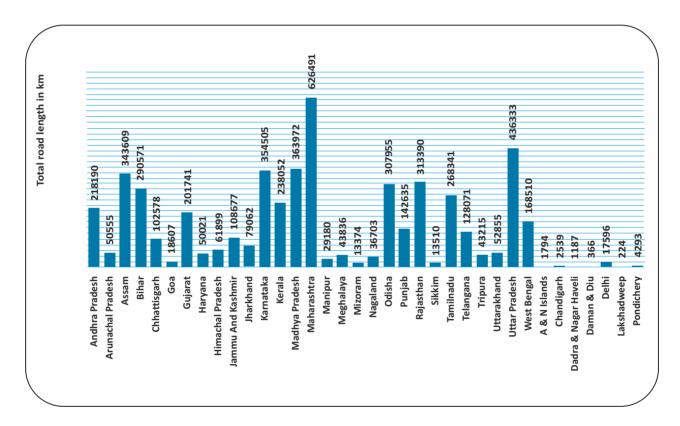
^{*} Exclude JRY roads

State/UT wise distribution of Total and Surfaced Road

1.14 State/UT wise distribution of total road length (excluding JRY roads) shows that as of 31st March 2018, Maharashtra accounted for the largest share (11.79%) with 6,26,491 km in total length followed by Uttar Pradesh (8.21%) with 4,25,420 km, Madhya Pradesh (6.85%) with

3,59,022 km, Karnataka (6.67%) with 3,51,034 km and Assam (6.46%) with 3,48,616 km (Chart 1.6 refer). These five States with the largest road networks accounted for a combined share of about 39.98% of road length in India. Details on State/UT wise distribution of total road length is at Annexure 1.3 and the distribution of total road length is presented in Chart 1.6 below.

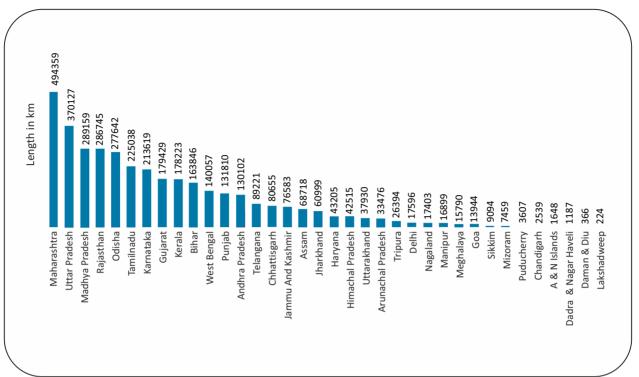
Chart 1.6: State/UT wise Distribution of Total Road Length as of 31st March, 2018



1.15 State/UT wise distribution of surfaced road length presented in the presented in the Chart 1.7 shows that Maharashtra tops the States with 4,94,359 Km (13.19%) followed by Uttar Pradesh with 3,70,127

Km (9.87%) and Madhya Pradesh with 2,89,159 Km (7.71%). Details on State wise distribution of total Surfaced road length is at **Annexure 1.3**

Chart 1.7: State/TU wise Distribution (Descending Order) of Total Surfaced Road Length as of 31st March, 2018



1.16 About 70 percent of roads (Excluding JRY) in the country is surfaced as of 31st March, 2018 (Table 1.5). In Delhi all roads are surfaced as of 31st March, 2018 in Chart 1.8. Share of Surfaced road to total roads length is the lowest in Assam i.e. only

20.00 percent followed by Meghalaya (36.02%), West Bengal (42.55%) and Nagaland (47.42%). For all other States more than fifty percent of roads are surfaced (Chart 1.8 refer to).

Chart 1.8: Percent share of Surfaced road to Total road Length across State/UTs as of 31st March, 2018

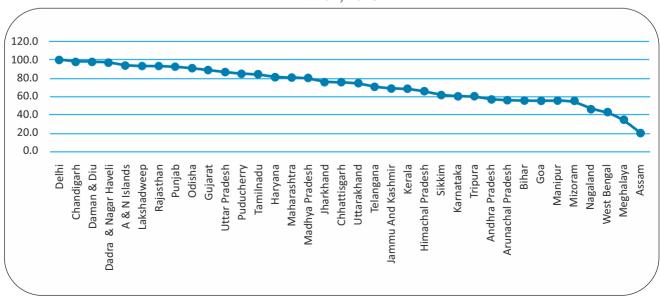


Table 1.6: Distribution of Total and Surfaced Road Length in North Eastern States as of 31st March, 2018

States	Total Length	Surfaced	Surfaced as % of Total Length	
Manipur	29,180	16,899	57.91	
Meghalaya	43,836	15,790	36.02	
Mizoram	13,374	8,142	60.88	
Nagaland	36,703	17,403	47.42	
Arunachal Pradesh	50,555	33,476	66.22	
Assam	3,43,609	68,718	20.00	
Sikkim	13,510	9,094	67.31	
Tripura	43,215	26,394	61.08	

Indicators of Road Infrastructure

1.17 Road density of Country, defined as average road length per 1000 Km has been depicting an increasing trend since 2010-11

(Table 1.7). This indicate an improvement of the quality and strengthening of public transportation system in the country.

Table 1.7: Road Density

Indicators	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	
Total Road Density								
Per 1000 Km ²	1,422.63	1,479.98	1,591.47	1,664.55	1,704.44	1,793.99	1,890.75	
Per 1000 Population	3.86	4.02	4.32	4.52	4.63	4.87	5.13	
Urban Road Density	Urban Road Density							
Per 1000 Km ²	4,026.12	4,540.68	4,364.1	4,568.18	4,985.04	5,148.88	5,223.78	
Per 1000 Population	1.09	1.23	1.18	1.24	1.35	1.40	1.42	
Rural Road Density								
Per 1000 Km ²	886.61	915.12	1,018.75	1,076.02	1,268.86	1,343.53	1,421.77	
Per 1000 Population	3.30	3.41	3.79	4.00	4.72	5.00	5.29	

Note: Population and area is as per 2011 census and road length is as on 31/3/2018.

1.18 Road density/availability has increased from 1422.63 per 1000 Sq. Km in 2011-12 to 1890.75 per 1000 Sq. Km in 2017-18 with a growth of about 33 per cent over 2011-12. For Rural area, it has increased from 886.61 per 1000 Sq. Km 2011-12 to 1421.77 per 1,000 Sq. in 2017-18 and for the urban area it increased from 4,026.12 per 1000 Sq. Km and 5,223.78 per 1000 Sq. Km respectively for the same period. Similarly, availability of roads per 1000 population is increasing over the years as

shown in Table 1.7, where it has increased from 3.86 per 1000 population in 2011-12 to 5.13 per 1000 population in 2017-18. There is also corresponding increase in the rural and urban availability of roads as presented in the Table 1.7. It is worthwhile to note that density of road per 1000 population in rural area has increased significantly due to the impact of PMGSY and other initiatives for development of rural roads by various departments of Centre and the States.

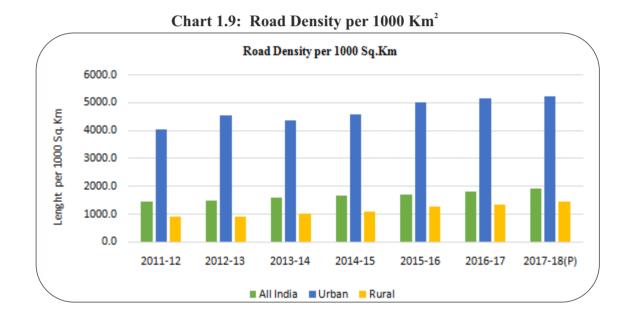


Chart 1.10: Road Density in Km per 1000 Population 6.00 Road Density per 1000 Population 5.00 ength per 1000 population 4.00 3.00 2.00 1.00 0.00 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18(P) ■ All India
■ Urban
■ Rural

14

1.19 Trend of density of roads per 1000 Km² presented in the Chart 1.9 indicate that road density is higher in the urban areas as compared to Rural and all India level. However, density of road per 1000 population is higher for the all India and Rural area as compared to urban area (Chart 1.10 refer to)

Road Density across State/UTs

1.20 State wise distribution of Road density per 1000 Sq. Km as on 31st March, 2018 is at **Annexure 7.9b** indicates, Chandigarh's road density (22,274.6 km per 1000 Sq.) stands out be highest followed by Delhi (11,865.4 km per 1000 Sq.), Puducherry (8,760.9 km per 1000 Sq.), Uttrakhand (8,158.3 km per 1000 Sq.), and Lakshadweep (7,481.3 km per 1000 Sq. Km). Similarly, with respect to NH

density presented in the **Annexure 7.9b**. Uttrakhand with 212. 7 per 1000 Sq. has highest NH density followed by Daman & Diu (198.2 km per 1000 Sq.), Chandigarh (131.6 km per 1000 Sq.), Pondicherry (130.6 km per 1000 Sq.), and Nagaland (93.4 km per 1000 Sq.). The availability of roads per 1000 Sq. Km is comparably higher in Union Territories. State Highways density amongst all States/UTs. Daman& Diu (198.2 km per 1000 Sq.) has the highest SH density followed by Arunachal Pradesh (161.2 km per 1000 Sq.), Uttrakhand (127.3 km per 1000 Sq.), Maharashtra (126.7 km per 1000 Sq.), and Kerala (111.7 km per 1000 Sq.) refer annexure 7.9b.The Category wise distribution of Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km. for Top five States/UTs is presented in the Table 1.8.

Table 1.8: The Category wise Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km. for Top Five States/UTs as on 31st March, 2018

S No.	District Road	Rural Roads	Urban Roads	Project Roads
1	Delhi (1,660.5)	Lakshadweep (7,726.0)	Chandigarh (21,336.9)	Uttrakhand (786.9)
2	Pondicherry (1,618.7)	Pondicherry (4,804.6)	Delhi (10,122.9)	Assam (277.9)
3	Uttrakhand (1,052.9)	Uttrakhand (4,785.5)	Pondicherry (2,123.2)	Kerala (231.2)
4	Chandigarh (728.1)	Kerala (4,667.3)	Dam & Diu (1,318.7)	Punjab (202.4)
5	Kerala (707.1)	Goa (4,218.7)	Uttrakhand (1,192.9)	Jharkhand (176.9)

^{*}Excludes JRYRoads

Table 1.9: The Category wise Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km. for Northern Eastern States as on 31st March, 2018

States	Total Road Density	National Highways	State Highways	District Roads	Rural Roads	Urban Roads	Project Roads
Assam	4,380.65	49.84	32.25	77.68	3,871.49	71.43	277.96
Tripura	4,121.21	81.44	100.80	43.96	3,702.40	55.41	137.20
Nagaland	2,213.83	93.37	43.55	390.09	1,622.22	2.16	62.44
Meghalaya	1,954.42	51.50	34.82	223.95	1,620.59	3.05	20.51
Sikkim	1,903.86	65.25	93.45	206.97	1,434.56	9.71	93.91
Manipur	1,306.96	78.43	32.02	424.02	708.43	5.93	58.13
Mizoram	634.43	67.50	8.07	81.31	290.52	135.64	51.39
Arunachal Pradesh	603.69	30.30	161.21	104.26	248.46	0.67	58.80

- 1.20 Category wise distribution of Road density per 1000 population in table 1.8 indicate that the availability of roads per 1000 sq.km in case of UTs such as Chandigarh, Pondicherry, Delhi is comparably good as compared to States. Amongst North Eastern States, Assam with 4,380.65 Km has the highest Road density followed by Tripura and Nagaland (Table 1.9 refer to).
- 1.21 Amongst States, Uttarakhand has the highest road density per 1000 population with 43.26 km per 1000 population followed by Arunachal Pradesh with 36.54 km per 1000 population and Sikkim with 22.13 km per 1000 population (refer **Annexure 7.9c**). Category wise distribution of road density per 1000 population for Top Five States in the Table 1.10.

Table 1.10 The Category wise Road Density per 1000 Population for Top Five States as on 31st March, 2018

S. No	District Road	Rural Roads	Urban Roads	Project Roads
1	Arunachal Pradesh (6.31)	Uttarakhand (25.38)	Uttrakhand (6.33)	Uttrakhand (4.17)
2	Uttarakhand (5.58)	Sikkim (16.67)	Mizoram (2.61)	Arunachal Pradesh (3.56)
3	Manipur (3.32)	Arunachal Pradesh (15.04)	Chandigarh (2.3)	J & K (1.48)
4	Nagaland (3.27)	Nagaland (13.59)	West Bengal (1.04)	Himachal Pradesh (1.14)
5	Sikkim (2.41)	Meghalaya (12.25)	Kerala (0.99)	Sikkim (1.09)

Quality

- 1.22 The road transport sector in India has expanded manifold in more than seventy years after independence, both in terms of spread (total road length & road density) and capacity (No. of registered vehicles on road and the volume of passenger and freight traffic handled). The total road length has increased from 4.0 lakh km. as on 31.03.1951 to about 62.2 lakh km as on 31.03.2018, an increase of more than 15 times. The total length of National highways has increased from 19.81Th. Km to 126.35 Th. km, an increase of about 6 times, during this period. (Table 1.1). The share of surfaced roads in the total road length increased from 47 % in 2001 to 63.3 % in 2018. As of 31st March, 2018, all National highways (100%), about 99 per cent of State Highways and about 95 percent of Districts roads are surfaced (Refer Table 1.5).
- 1.23 Road density, may be considered as an indicator of accebility of road per thousand Km has increased not only for All India but for Rural and Urban areas also over the years (Table 1.7). The total road density per 1000 sq.km has increased from 1,026,24 Km in 2001 to 1,890.75 in 2018, with an increase of about 84 percentage over 2001. Correspondingly, Rural and Urban road density has increased (refer Table 1.7). Similarly, road density per 1000 population increased from 3.8 Km per 1000 population in 2001 to 5.13 Km in 2018, for Rural area which has increased to 5.29 in 2018 form 3.8 Km per 1000 population in 2001 and for Urban area from 0.88 Km per 1000 population in 2001 to 1.42 Km in 2018.
- 1.24 Total number of road accidents and fatalities have also come down over the years.

Table: 1.11 Road accidents, Numbers of persons killed and injured in the last five years 2015-2019

Years	Total Numbers of Road Accidents (in numbers)	% Change	Total Numbers of Persons Killed (in numbers)	% Change	Total Numbers of persons Injured (in numbers)	% Change
2015	5,01,423		1,46,133		5,00,279	
2016	4,80,652	-4.14	1,50,785	3.18	4,94,624	-1.13
2017	4,64,910	-3.28	1,47,913	-1.9	4,70,975	-4.78
2018	4,67,044	0.46	1,51,417	2.37	4,69,418	-0.33
2019	4,49,002	-3.86	1,51,113	-0.2	4,51,361	-3.85

Source: Road Accidents in India 2019 publication of MoRTH

Section - 2

Section - 2

National Highways

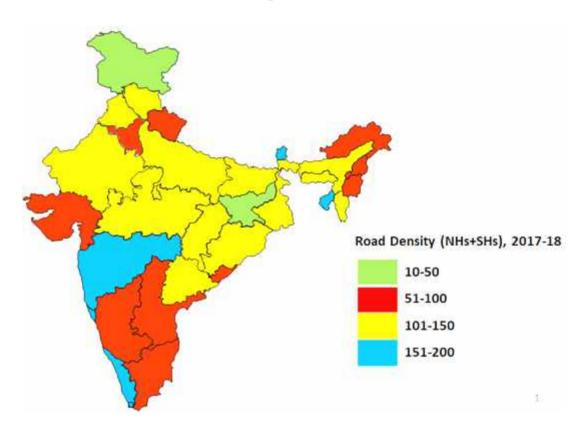
- 2.1 In the road sector, the National Highways are the predominant mode of transportation with road network of 1, 26,350 Km as on March 2018. Though National Highways constitute about 2.04% of the Road network of the country, these NHs carry about 40% of the country's traffic. NHs running through the length and breadth of the country connecting capitals of States and UTs, major ports, rail junctions, industrial and tourist centres and link up with border roads and highways of neighbouring countries. Highways facilitate, conveyance of people, goods, raw-materials, manufactured articles etc. speedily and easily in the different parts of a country. National Highways are also feeders to railways, shipping and air traffic.
- 2.2 The Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MoRTH) is mandated with the construction, development and maintenance of the National Highways (NH) in the The Ministry is progressing country. towards provision of improved service access to citizens with quality and efficiency in service delivery, transparency in the system and reduced workload for RTO staff. MoRTH implement National Highways projects/flagship schemes through the agency of National Highways Authority of India Ltd (NHAI), National Highway Infrastructure Development Corporation

- Ltd. (NHIDCL), State PWDs (2 lane NH) & Border Roads Organization etc. Ministry is also responsible for administration of National Highways Act, 1956, National Highways Authority of India Act, 1988, National Highways Fee (Determination of Rates and Collection) Rules, 2008, Motor Vehicles Act. 1988 and Central Motor Vehicles Rules 1989, formulation of broad policies relating to road transport, environmental issues, automotive norms etc. besides arrangements for movement of vehicular traffic with neighbouring countries.
- 2.3 At present, projects of widening to 4-lane NH configurations or more and Expressways under Bharatmala Pariyojna (Phase-I) and other Schemes have been assigned to the NHAI. The projects of development to 2-lane NH configurations, with or without paved shoulders are primarily being assigned to the State Governments, viz. State PWDs, State Road Construction Departments/ Corporations, etc. The Projects under Special Accelerated Road Development Programme for North-Eastern Region (SARDP-NE), including Arunachal Pradesh Package of Roads, are being primarily assigned to NHIDCL. Further, NHIDCL is also being assigned projects under other Schemes in hill States

including States in the North East Region, the three hill states in North-West Region and the Andaman & Nicobar Islands. The density of National Highways and State highways across different states & UTs is presented in Map 1. It is noted that Union Territories of Chandigarh, Goa and Daman & Diu along with the States of Tripura, Sikkim,

Map No. 1

Density of National Highways (Nhs) & State Highways (Shs) in India 2018 (in K.M. Per 1,000 Sq. KM of Area)



Kerala and Maharashtra have the highest Road density of National and State Highways. State of J&K has the poorest road density of 11.9 km per 1000sq km. Delhi has the road density of 47.2 km per 1000 sq km.

2.4 India's road network (including highways) is one of the most extensive networks in the world with about

62.15 lakh km length comprising National Highways of 1.26 lakh km. Total length of National Highways have increased tremendously over the years (Table 2.1 refer to) due to the proactive policies of Government of India on National Highways developments. The total length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018 was about 126.35 thousand

km registered an increase of about 10.68 percent over the year 2016-17(114.16 thousand km). The National Highway Authority of India (NHAI) was set up as a Special Vehicle in 1997 for the development of highways in country through National Highways Development Programme. Further, this programme has been implemented through 7 phases from 1998 to 2017 with target of construction of about 55,000 km roads. As a result of this innovative programme national highway

network in the country has entered in to a new era of strengthening and enlarging quality of public transportation system .It is also seen that the length of NH has started increasing consistently since 1990-91 particularly after 2000-01 i.e. post NHDP period (Table 2.1 and Chart 1). Bharatmala Pariyojana the new umbrella programme for highways sector helped to bridge the critical infrastructural gaps in the road sector.

Table 2.1: Total Length of National Highways during 1951-2018

Year	Length in km	Year-on Year Growth
1950-51	19,811	-
1960-61	23,789	20.1
1970-71	23,838	0.2
1980-81	31,671	32.9
1990-91	33,650	6.2
2000-01	57,737	71.6
2010-11	70,934	22.9
2014-15	97,991	38.1
2015-16	1,01,011	3.1
2016-17	1,14,158	13
2017-18	1,26,350	10.7

Source: Planning Division, MoRTH

140.0 80.0 70.0 120.0 60.0 100.0 engthin 000' Km 50.0 80.0 Percent 40.0 60.0 30.0 40.0 20.0 20.0 10,0 0.0 0.0 2010:11 2014.15 2015:16 1991.01 2016:17 2017:18 Total length (in 000'Kms) Left Axis Year-on Year Growth Linear (Total length (in 000'Kms) Left Axis)

Chart 2.1: Trend in the Growth of National Highways

2.5 It may be note that (Chart 2.1 refer to) there is a linear upward trend in the growth of National Highways length over the years

from 1950-51 to 2017-18, however the year-on-year growth depicting a mixed trend for the same period.

Table 2.2: Year wise addition to NH Network since 2014

Year	NH length (km)
Length as on 31.03.2014	91,287
2014-15	5,662
2015-16	3,208
2016-17	13,085
2017-18	12,531

Source: Planning Division, MoRTH

National Highways: Classification

2.6 National Highways are classified into three categories based on the type of

Lane i.e. Less than Two Lane, Two-Lane and Four-Lane & above. The projects of development to 4-Lane and NH configurations are under the preview of Central Government and others are under the control of State Governments. Category wise comparison of the different types of Highways for the years 2016-17 and 2017-2018 is present in Table 2.3.

Table 2.3: Lane-wise Break-up of National Highways

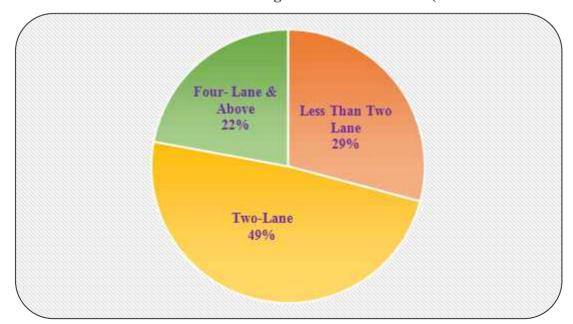
Lane wise Category of National Highways	As on 31 st March, 2017	As on 31 st March, 2018	Year on Year Growth
Less Than Two Lane	28901	36808	27.36
Less Than Two Lane	(25.32)	(29.13)	27.30
Two -Lane	58910	61607	4.58
Iwo –Lane	(51.60)	(48.76)	4.30
Four- Lane & Above	26, 347	27935	6.03
roui- Lane & Above	(23.08)	(22.11)	0.03
Total	1,14,158	12,63,50	10.68
10(a)	(100)	(100)	10.08

Note: Figures in parentheses indicates percentage share in total length of NH

2.7 The biggest increase of 27.36 percent has been in the category of Less Than two Lanes (Table 2.3 refer to) in 2017-18 and there is an increase of 10.68 per cent in the Lane wise growth of length

of NH in 2017-18 over previous year. Two Lane highways account for about 48.8 per cent of total Lane as seen in the Chart 2.2 in 2018.

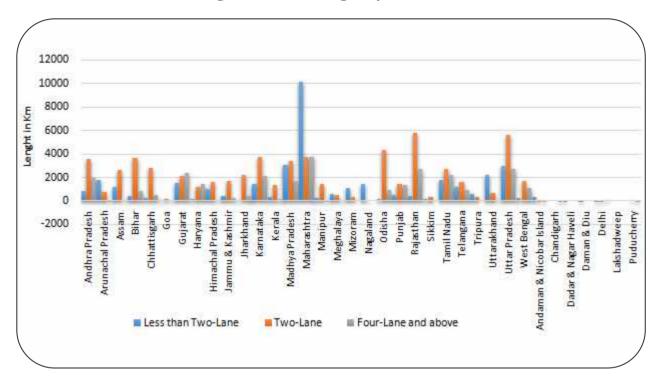
Chart 2.2: Per cent share of various categories of Lane to Total (as on 31st March2018)



2.8 In the category of Lane wise length of National Highways, Maharashtra ranks first in two different categories of National Highways i.e. in "less than two lane" with a total length of 10170 Km and in "Four-Lane and above" with a total of 3779 Km

(Annexure 2.2). Rajasthan with total of 5770 Kms takes the first place in "Two-Lane" category of National Highway (Annexure 2.2 refer to). Lane wise breakup of National Highways is at Annexure 2.2.

Chart 2.3: Lane wise Length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018 across State/UTs

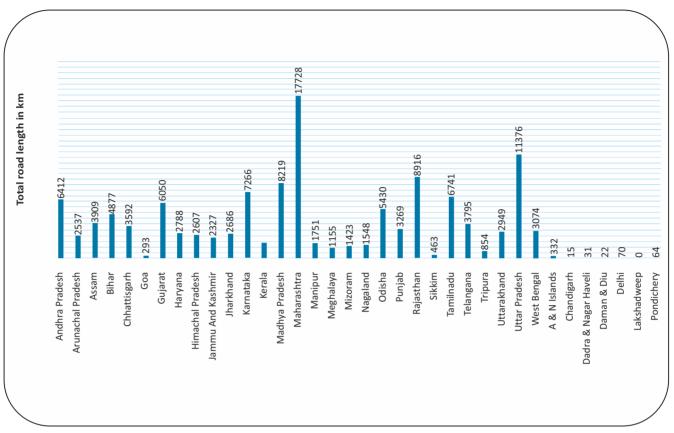


National Highway Network: State/UT wise Share

2.9 State/UT's Share of National Highways amongst other factors depends on the geographical area. Top 5 States shares about 42.35 per cent of National Highways network in the country. Maharashtra has the highest NH network in 2017-18 with 17,728 km (14.03 %) followed by Uttar

Pradesh and Rajasthan with 11,376 km (9.0%) and 8916 km (7.06%) respectively (Charts 2.4 and 2.5 refer to). Madhya Pradesh with 8219 km (6.50%) and Karnataka 7266 km (5.75%) rank fourth and fifth respectively. The State/UT wise breakup of length of National Highways is at **Annexure 2.1**.

Chart 2.4: The State/UT wise Length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018



Source: Road Wing, MoRTH

Chart 2.5: Share of States/UTs in Length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018 (Descending Order)

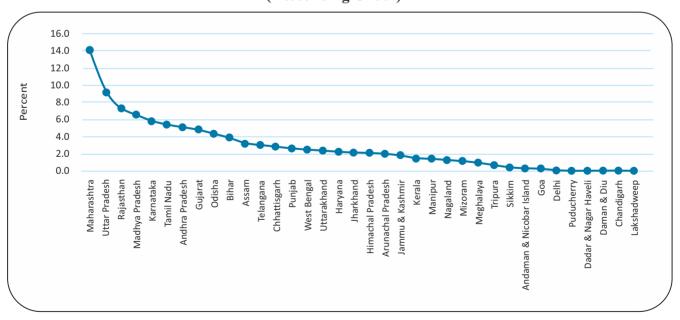
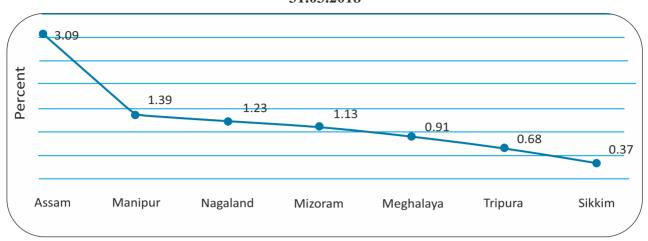


Chart 2.6: Share of North Eastern States in the length of National Highways as on 31.03.2018



Major Programmes/ Schemes of Highway Development

- 2.10 Bharatmala Pariyojna and National Highways Development Project (NHDP) are the largest Highways Project ever undertaken in the country since 2000. The Bharatmala and NHDP is mainly being implemented by National Highways Authority of India (NHAI).
- 2.11 National Highway Development
 Programme This programme has been implemented through 7 phases from 1998 to 2017 targeted for construction of about 55,000 km of road. National Highway Authority of India (NHAI) is mandated to implement National Highways Development Project (NHDP) which is India's largest ever Highways Project in a phased manner. Under the programme major initiatives to upgrade and strengthen National Highways includes construction of Golden Quadrilateral (GQ), North-South and East-West Corridors (NS-EW),

Port Connectivity roads, Expressways, ring roads, bypasses, grade separators, flyovers, elevated roads and tunnels.

2.12 Bharatmala" Pariyojana - This umbrella programme for the highway sector focuses on optimising efficiency of freight and passenger movements across the country. Programme aims to bridge the critical infrastructure gaps like development of Ring Roads, Bypass, elevated corridors, etc. in the areas of intense economic activity, place of religious and tourist interest, border areas, backward/tribal areas, trade route etc. Bharatmala Pariyojana Phase I is in the implementation stage. Under the scheme Ministry proposed for construction of 34, 8000 km at a cost of Rs 5, 35,000 crore (refer to Table 2.4) which is targeted for completion by 2021-22. An outline of Bharatmala Pariyojana is presented at Map No.2

Table 2.4: Scope of Bharatmala Pariyojana-Phase I

S.No.	Components	Length -Km	Outlay -Rs crore
1	Economic corridors development	9,000	1,20,000
2	Inter-corridor & feeder roads	6,000	80000
3	National Corridors Efficiency improvements:	5,000	100,000
4	Border & International connectivity roads	2,000	25,000
5	Coastal & port connectivity roads	2,000	20,000
6	Expressways	800	40,000
	Total:	24,800	385000
Balance road works under NHDP*		10,000	1,50,000
	Total	34,800	5,35,000

^{*-}balance works under various phases of National Highways Development Project (NHDP) shall be fully subsumed under the proposed Bharatmala Pariyojana, to remove overlap and undertake comprehensive development. Balance works under NH (0), SARDP-NE, EAP & LWE schemes would continue under relevant schemes.

2.13 **Financing Plan** – Financing plan implies the source of Fund up to 2021-22 for Phase-I of Bharatmala Pariyojna and other schemes

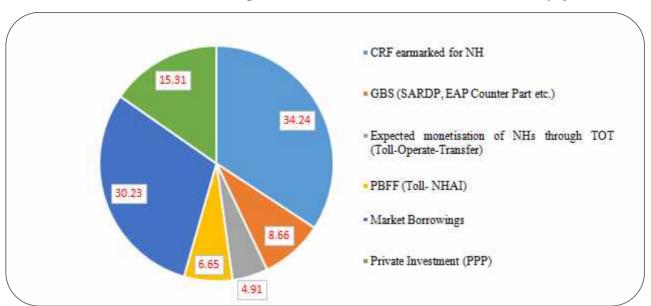
for development of roads/ NHs are as follows:

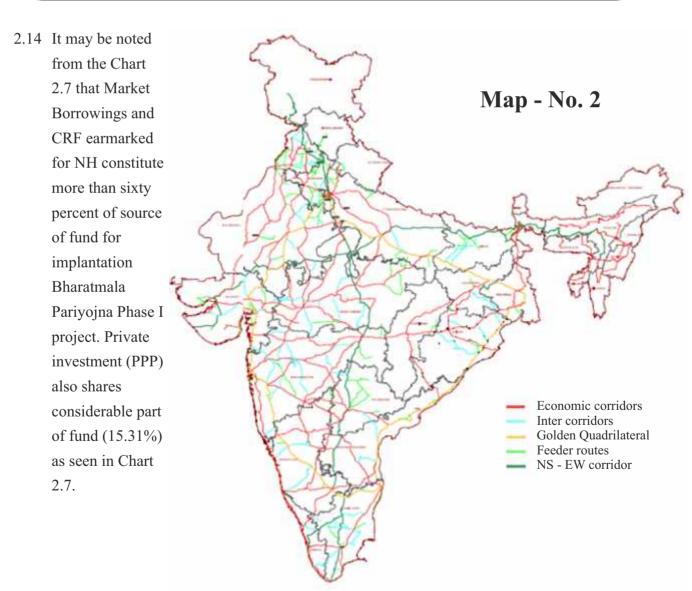
Table 2.5: Financing Plan of Bharatmala Pariyojna – Phase I

S. No.	Source	Estimated fund (Rs. Crore)				
1	CRF earmarked for NH	2,37,024				
2	GBS (SARDP, EAP Counter Part etc.)	59,973				
3	Expected monetisation of NHs through TOT (Toll-Operate-Transfer)	34,000				
4	PBFF (Toll- NHAI)	46,048				
5	Market Borrowings	2,09,279				
6	Private Investment (PPP)	1,06,000				
	Total					

Source: MoRTH

Chart 2.7 Source of Fund up to 2021-22 for Phase-I of Bharatmala Pariyojana





2.15 The year wise details of Award of NHs/Road Projects and construction of NHs/Road under the various schemes of the Ministry are given below: - Award and construction of NHs has been increasing consistently (Chart 2. 8) during the period 2012-13 to 2017-18. Road construction in Km per day also increasing since 2014 (Table 2.6) reveals the positive impact of comprehensive policies Government of India on road transport sector.

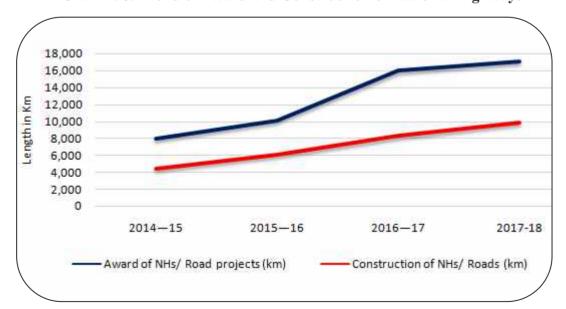
Table 2.6: Award of NHs/Road Projects and construction of NHs/Road

	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
Awarded Length (Km)	1,916	3,196	7,972	10,098	15,948	17,054
Year on Year Growth		67	149	27	58	7
Length Constructed (KM)	5,732	4,260	4,410	6,061	8,231	9,829
Year on Year Growth (%)		-26	4	37	36	19
Road Constructed per day (Km)			12	17	23	27

2.16 In the Chart 2.8, the total length awarded and constructed both are showing upward trend and almost moving parallel, however in Chart 2.9 and Chart 2.10 the year-on-

year growth of NH length constructed and awarded depicting mixed trend particularly moving downward after 2016-17.

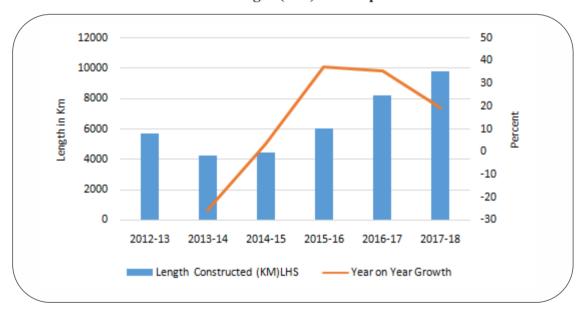
Chart 2. 8: Trend of Award and Construction of National Highways



18000 160 16000 140 14000 120 12000 Length in Km 100 10000 80 8000 60 6000 40 4000 20 2000 2013-14 2015-16 2016-17 Awarded Length (KM) LHS Year on Year Growth

Chart 2.9 Awarded Length (Km) for the period 2012-13 to 2017-18

Chart 2.10 Constructed Length (Km) for the period 2012-13 to 2017-18



Major Initiatives

- 2.17 To strengthen and improve the quality of public transport system in the country the MoRTH has initiated several measures.
 - Online application facility for issue of NOC for Retail outlets and issuing permission for OFC cables.
 - Implemented of e-payment system or

- online direct payment procedure at Regional Offices.
- Web based Monitoring of National Highways project.
- Ministry has developed and inaugurated a
 web portal for giving permission for
 movement of Hydraulic Trailers up to HT3 category. This will facilitate the real time
 basis permission for movement of

- Hydraulic Trailers on NH. This also facilitate smooth and timely movement of heavy equipment.
- Ministry launched a skill development programme for women in the highway construction sector on 22.12.2017 at New Delhi which targeted train over 1 lakh women by July, 2018.
- 2.18 E- Initiatives- Project Monitoring Information System (PMIS) is a value addition to the sector. By using Information Technology (IT) enabled system, about 2000+ NH projects are being effectively monitored on a regular basis.
- 2.19 Electronic Toll Collection (ETC) system, has been implemented on pan India basis in order to remove bottlenecks and ensure seamless movement of traffic and collection of user fee as per the notified rate, using Passive Radio Frequency

- Identification (PRFI) technology. To incentivize road users for use of FASTag a cashback of 7.5 % has been offered for the year 2017-18. In addition to FASTag, other electronic means such as PoS machines (payment of fee through credit and debit cards), Pre-paid Payments Instruments etc have also been employed to enable road users for payment of user fees.
- 2.20 As on 31.12.2017, 9.15 lakh FASTag unit have been issued and user fees collected has also increased significantly. All vehicles being manufactured /sold after 1st December, 2017 affixed with the FASTag by vehicle manufacturer or authorised dealer, in order to enhance the penetration and usage of FASTag among road users. Monthly collection of User fee for the year 2017 presented in the Chart 2.11 depict increasing trend.

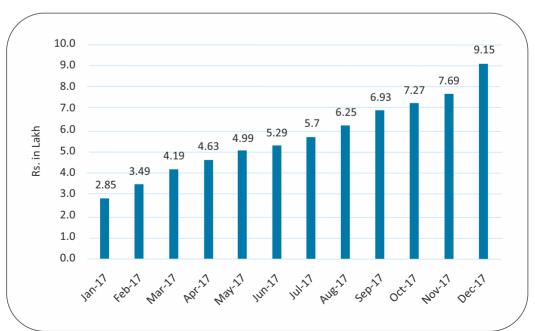


Chart 2. 11 Progress of FASTag Issuance (Rs in Lakh)

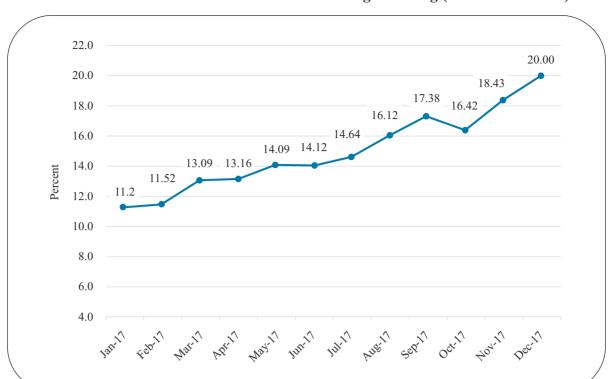


Chart 2.12 Percent of User Fee collected through FASTag (Month on Month)

2.21 In the Charts 2.11 & 2.12, depicting respectively the progress of FASTag Issuance (Rs in Lakh) and Percent of User Fee collected through FASTag (Month on Month), showing an increasing trend. This implies that FASTag is becoming popular among the drivers as it not only saves precious time of travellers while travelling but also gives relief from cash transaction and promotes digital transactions.

Road Safety

2.22 India is committed to bringing down fatalities from road accidents by 50 percent by 2030 as a signatory to the Stockholm declaration. Road accidents are multicausal which requires multi-pronged measures to mitigate road accidents

through concerted efforts of all Government agencies both at the Centre as well as at the State. Ministry is increasingly concerned about the rapid escalation of the road safety crisis in the country and has formulated a comprehensive National Road Safety Strategy to address the issue of road safety. This provides the framework for National collaboration on road safety improvement and allow for a move towards VISION ZERO. This strategy covered themes on Education, Publicity and awareness campaigns, Engineering (both of roads and vehicles), Enforcement and Emergency Care. Various road safety interventions taken up by the Ministry across themes are as follows.

- Integrated Road Accident Database (IRAD) comprehensive road accident database management system developed and being implemented with the help of Indian Institute of Technology, Madras, NIC and supported by World Bank. This will enable the Centre and the States to comprehend the information related to road accidents, analyses the root cause of road accidents and to develop and implement 'data-led' road safety interventions to reduce accidents. The IRAD is currently planned to be piloted in 6 State.
- Driver Training Government is taking steps to strengthen the system of driver licensing and training to improve the competence and capability of drivers. Institute of Driving Training and Research (IDTR) are being established by GoI for setting standards and monitoring driver training and issue of driving license based on an objective scientific process of testing skills. Regional Driving Training Centre (RDTC) are Tier -II centres, with minimum land requirement of 3 acres with basic support infrastructure including testing tracks. These are expected to be setup and operated by the private sector on a PPP mode with the State Government. Driving Training Centres (DTC)" are planned to be established at district level to provide quality training to commercial vehicle drivers to improve road and environment safety and strengthen overall mobility on roads. Guidelines for the scheme has also been issued by MoRTH.
- Publicity and Awareness Campaigns -Spreading Awareness through TV, Films, Radio Spots and Print media: The Government has been undertaking various publicity measures in the form of telecasting on T.V, Radio, Cinema, printing calendars with road safety messages and also conducting seminars & exhibitions on road safety with messages for various segments of road users viz. Pedestrians, cyclists, school children, heavy vehicle drivers, etc. Ministry has sponsored State Governments to conduct Road Safety Awareness Workshops for sensitization of stakeholders on road safety. Ministry has decided to engage NGOs and all Stakeholders such as State Government. Corporate houses, Auto industry and their associations, Universities, and the society at large to create awareness about road safety among general public. The Ministry observes National Road Safety Week every year with the objective of creating awareness on road safety.
- Research in Road Safety The Government encourages increased activity in programmes of road safety research by identifying priority areas, funding, and research in those areas adequately and establishing centers of excellence in research and academic institutions. The Government will facilitate dissemination of the result of research and identified examples of Good practice through publication, training, conferences, workshops and websites.

2.23 Due to consistent efforts, there has been a significant decrease in road accident and number of persons killed which declined from 3.2 percent in 2016-17 to 1.9 percent

in 2017 -18 (Table 2.7). This indicates improvement in the quality of roads available for public use.

Table 2.7 Trend of Road Accidents and No of Persons Killed

Parameter	2016	2017	% Change over Previous Year
No. of Road Accidents	4,80,652	4,64,910	-3.2
No. of Persons Killed	1,50,785	1,47,913	-1.9

Fund allocation and Expenditure

2.24 Details of fund allocated and expenditure for Development and Maintenance of National Highways during FY 2012-13 to 2017-18 is present in the Table 2.6 below. Public investment on road has been increasing during the period 2012-13 to

2017-18 except for the year 2014-15 whereas private investment which is low compared public investment has been showing mixed trend. Noted that during the period 2012-13 to 2017-18, allocation of fund is lower than expenditure except for 2016-17.

Table 2.8 Fund Allocated and Expenditure for Development and Maintenance of National Highways

(Rs. in Crore)

Year	Allocation*	Y-o-Y growth		Expenditure					Allocation as
			Private	Y-o-Y Growth	Public*	Y-o-Y Growth	Total	Y-o-Y Growth	% of Expn
2012-13	32,011.46		20,304.66		21,693.74		41,998.40		76.22
2013-14	30,587.57	-4.45	22,515.05	10.89	30,385.64	40.07	52,900.69	25.96	57.82
2014-15	34,918.32	14.16	19,232.44	-14.58	30,295.26	-0.30	49,527.70	-6.38	70.50
2015-16	86,363.32	147.33	29,770.00	54.79	66,369.14	119.07	96,139.14	94.11	89.83
2016-17	1,03,556.70	19.91	16,028.64	-46.16	76,275.01	14.93	92,303.65	-3.99	112.19
2017-18	1,12,464.40	8.60	16,500.64	2.94	1,02,852.38	34.84	1,19,353.02	29.30	94.23

^{*} Include Internal and Extra Budgetary Resources (IEBR).

Chart 2.13: Trend in the Growth of Fund Allocation and Expenditure (Rs. in Crore)

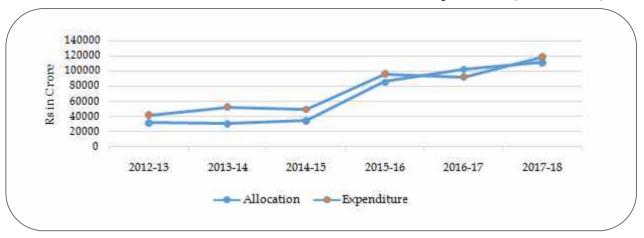


Chart 2.14: Year on Year Growth of Fund Allocation and Expenditure (in Percent)

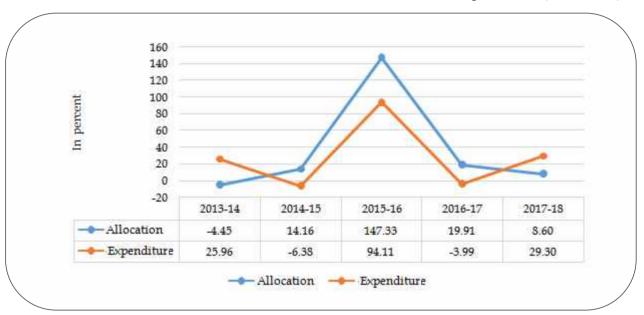


Chart 2.15: Trend in the Growth of Private and Public Investment in Road Sector (Rs. in Crore)

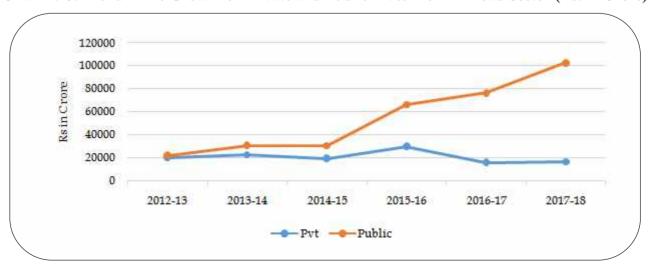


Chart 2.16: Year on Year Growth of Private and Public Investment in Road Sector (in Per cent)

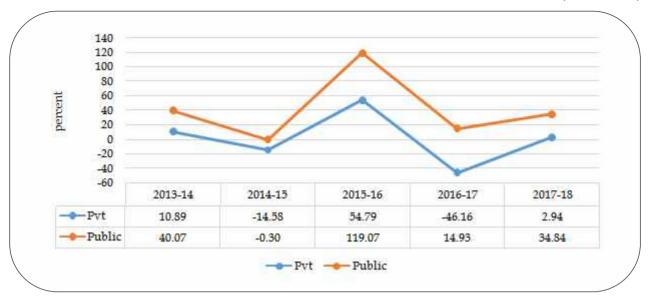
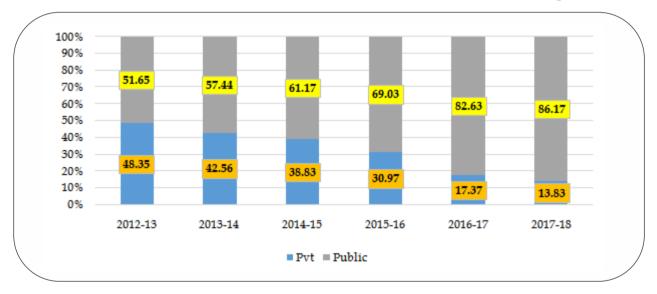


Chart 2.17: Share of Private and Public Investment in Total Investment (in percent)



2.29 Chart 2.15 reveals public investment in road sector has been increasing over the period 2012-13 to 2017-18 whereas that of Private sector depicting declining trend. Similarly, the with respect to the percent share, private investment's share to total investment has drastically declined to

13.83 percent compare to public investment with share of 86.17 percent in 2017-18. The share of Public investment to total investment depicting increasing trend over the period from 2012-13 to 2017-18.

Expressways

- 3.1 Expressways offer superior highway facility with higher specifications. It provides for more lanes, better surface, divided carriageway, controlled access grade separations at cross-roads and fencing etc. Expressways permits only fast moving vehicles and are meant to carry through traffic. The Expressway may be owned by the Central Government or State Government depending upon whether the route is a National Highway or a State Road.
- 3.2 NHAI has planned to develop 2,638 km of expressways out of which 237 km of expressways have already been completed and 1,344 km of Expressways are currently under implementation while the remaining 1,057 km of Express ways are currently at various stages of preconstruction. The details of completed and ongoing Expressways by NHAI are given in Table 3.1.

Table 3.1: Details of Completed and Ongoing Expressways by NHAI

S. No.	Corridor	Length (km)			
Comp	Completed Expressways before BM				
1	1 Ahmadabad Vadodara Expressway				
2	Eastern Peripheral Expressway	135			
3	Delhi-Meerut Expressway (Package 1)	9			
	Total Completed	237			
Expres	sways currently Under Implementation				
1	Delhi-Meerut Expressway (Remaining)	51			
2	Delhi - Mumbai (Delhi - Vadodara Section) EXP	846			
3	Delhi - Mumbai (Vadodara - Mumbai Section) EXP	447			
	Total Under Implementation 1,344				
Expres	ssways at Pre-Construction Stage				
1	Ahmadabad - Dholera EXP	110			
2	Delhi - Amritsar - Katra EXP	600			
3	3 Bengaluru - Chennai EXP				
4	Kanpur - Lucknow EXP	75			
	Total Expressways at Pre-Construction Stage 1,057				
	Grand Total 2,638				

Source: Planning, MoRTH

Table 3.2: Completed /Ongoing Expressway Projects by UPEIDA

S. No.	Name of Expressway	No. Of Lanes	Start Place	End Place	Length in KMs	Current Status
1	Agra –Lucknow [Green field]	6 expendable to 8	Agra inner Ring Road	Near village Sarosabharosa District Lucknow at Highway40	302.2	Constructed during 2014- 2016, under use of public traffic
2	Purvanchal Expressway [Green field]	6 expendable to 8	Village Chandsaraya District Lucknow at NH731	Village Haideyia District Ghazipur at NH31	340.82	Construction started since 10/10/2018
3	Bundelkhand Expressway [Green field]	4 expendable to 6	Bharatkoop District Chitrakoot at NH35	Village Kudrail District Etawah at Agra –Lucknow Expressway	296.07	Construction started sine15/01/2020
4	Gorakhpur link Expressway [Green field]	4 expendable to 6	Village Jaitpur District Gorakhpur at NH 27	Village Salarpur District Azamgarh at Purvanchal Expressway	91.35	Construction started since 10/02/2020
5	Ganga Expressway [Green field]	6 expandable to 8	Chainage 56+520 of proposed Dasana –Meerut Expressway District Meerut	Village Khemanadpur District Prayagraj at NH 2	603	DPR under preparation

Source: UPEIDA

Section – 4

State Highways

State Highways together with major 4.1 District roads constitute the secondary system of road transportation in the country. State highways are broader road network connecting major cities through-out a state. They also connect with National Highways or State Highways of neighbouring States. The State Highways provide links with NHs, District Headquarters of State, important towns, tourist centres and minor ports. State Highways are designated with SH, followed by the highway number and preceded by State code. These roads are administered and financed by State Governments through the State Public Works Departments (PWDs).

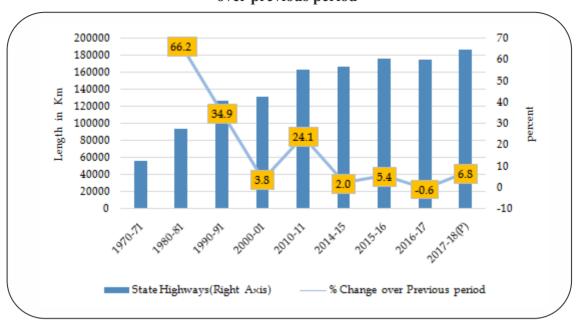
Overview: State Highways

The length of State Highways has been 4.2 increasing over the years due to the comprehensive policy initiatives of State/UT Governments across country. The growth of length of State Highways since 1970-71 is presented in in Table 4.1 and trend of growth and percent change over previous period is presented in the Chart 4.1 below. The trend of growth of State Highways has been increasing during the period 1970-71 to 2017-18 (Chart4.1 refer to). However, percent change in the growth of State Highways over previous period depicts mixed trend and there has been a significant increase in growth from -0.6 percent in 2016-17 to 6.8 in 2017-18.

Table 4.1: Growth of State Highways 1970-71 to 2017-18

Category	Length in Km	% Share to Total Roads	% Change over Previous period
1970-71	56,765	6.2	-
1980-81	94,359	6.4	66.2
1990-91	1,27,311	5.5	34.9
2000-01	1,32,100	3.9	3.8
2010-11	1,63,898	3.5	24.1
2014-15	1,67,109	3.1	2
2015-16	1,76,166	3.1	5.4
2016-17	1,75,036	3	-0.6
2017-18	1,86,908	3	6.8

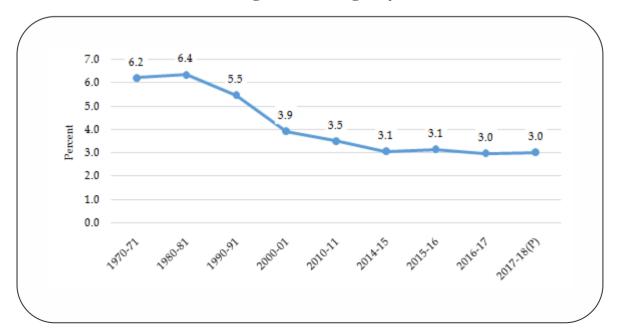
Chart 4.1: Trend of Growth of length of State Highways and Percent change over previous period



4.3 The Percent share of Length of State Highways in the Total Road Network has been declining over the years depicting almost stagnant trend since 2014-15 in Chart 4.3. This may primarily been on account of the proactive policy

initiatives/models of Ministry of Road Transport and Highways for development of Highway network in the country. State Highways are being converted to National Highways for better and strengthening public transportation system.

Chart 4.2: Percent share of Length of State Highways in the Total Road Network

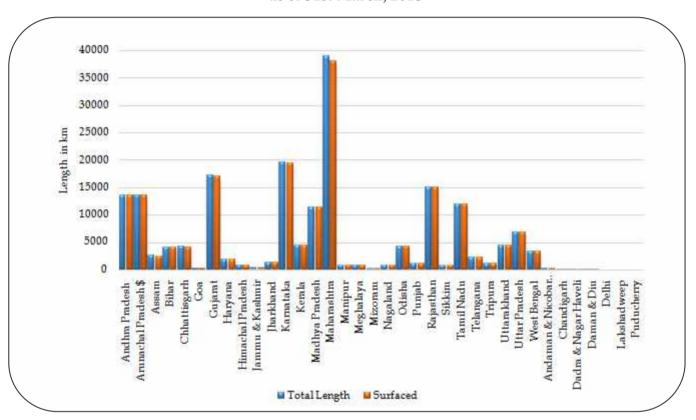


State/UT wise details of State Highways

4.4 The total length of State Highways is 1,86,908 Km, as on 31st March, 2018 (in Table 4.1) which has attained an increase of about 6.8 percent over 2016-17. As on 31st March,

2018, about 99.2 percent of State highways are surfaced. It may also be seen in the Chart 4.2 that almost all States have fully surfaced State Highways.

Chart 4.3: State/UT wise details of Total and Surfaced State Highways Length in Km as of 31st March, 2018



- 4.5 It may be seen in Chart 4.2 that Maharashtra has the highest share in the total length of State Highway roads i.e. 20.87 per cent (38,999 Km) followed by Karnataka 10.44 per cent (19,521 Km), Gujarat 9.20 per cent (17,201 Km), Rajasthan 8.07 per cent (15,085 Km) and Andhra Pradesh 7.28 per cent (13,604 Km). These five States accounted for about 55.86% of the total length of SHs in the country. State/UT-wise break-up of State Highways is at **Annexure 3.1**.
- 4.6 Out of total length of State Highway roads (1,86,908 Kms) as on 31st March, 2018, about 99.24% of SH roads (1,85 495 Kms) were surfaced (Annexure 3.2). Out of total length of surfaced SHs, Bituminous Top (BT) and Cement Concrete (CC) roads accounted for about 99.33% and the remaining 0.67% were Water Bound Macadam (WBM) roads. The State/UT-wise break up of length of State Highways in India by type of surface is given in the Annexure 3.2.

District Roads

5.1 District roads are the strength of Rural Economy, these are key roads within a district, which connects Taluk headquarters and major rural areas to District headquarters. District Roads are constructed & maintained by Public Works Department of States and UTs. District roads along with the State Highways, account for the secondary system of road transportation in the country. District Roads comprised of Major District Roads (MDRs) and Other District Roads (ODRs) which provide connection between District and Taluk headquarters with the State highways and National Highways. These roads which run within districts contribute significantly to the economy and country's industrial development by connecting areas of production with markets and enabling

movement of raw materials and finished products. As per the classification of roads broadly the MDRs are to have a minimum width of 15 metres with traffic density of less than 10,000 PCUs but more than 5000 PCUs.

Overview: Districts Roads

5.2 The length of District Roads has been increasing till 2014-15, thereafter a sudden decline in 2015-16 (56,1940 Km) moved upward with 6,11,268 Km's of road length in 2017-18. District roads shares about 43.4 percent and 49.0 percent of total road network respectively in 1950-51 and 1960-61 (Table 5.1) is due to reason that it included State Highways. District roads stands second with share of about 9.83 percent of road length as on 31st March, 2018 (Table 1.1).

Table 5.1: Growth of Districts Roads 1950-51 to 2017-18

Category	Length(Km)	% Share to Total Roads	% Change over Previous period
1950-51	1,73,723	43.4	-
1960-61	2,57,125	49	48.01
1970-71	2,76,833	30.3	7.66
1980-81	4,21,895	28.4	52.4
1990-91	5,09,435	21.9	20.75
2000-01	7,36,001	21.8	44.47
2010-11	9,98,895	21.4	35.72
2014-15	11,01,178	20.1	10.24
2015-16	5,61,940	10	-48.97
2016-17	5,86,181	9.9	4.31
2017-18	6,11,268	9.8	4.28

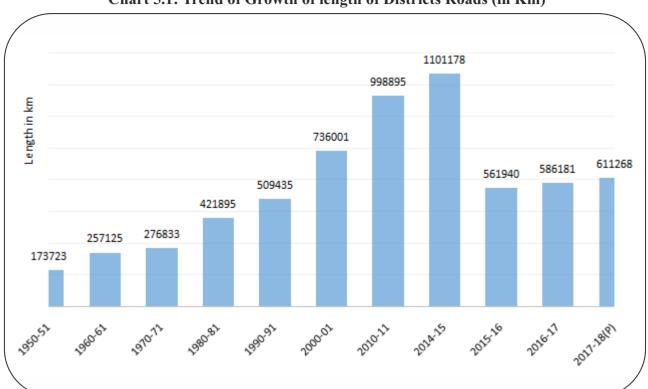


Chart 5.1: Trend of Growth of length of Districts Roads (in Km)

5.3 The trend of year on year growth of districts roads during the period 1960-61 to 2017-18 depicting a mixed trend is presented in the Chart 5.2. However,

percent share of districts roads to total roads has slightly been declining during the period 1950-51 to 2017-18.

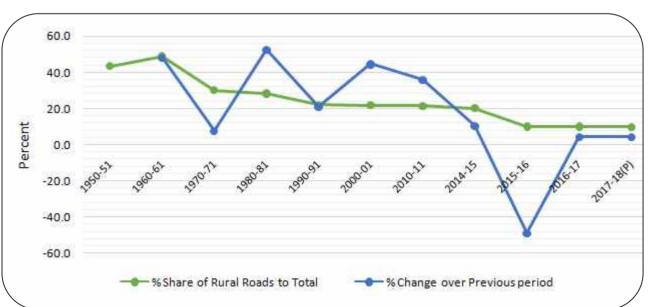


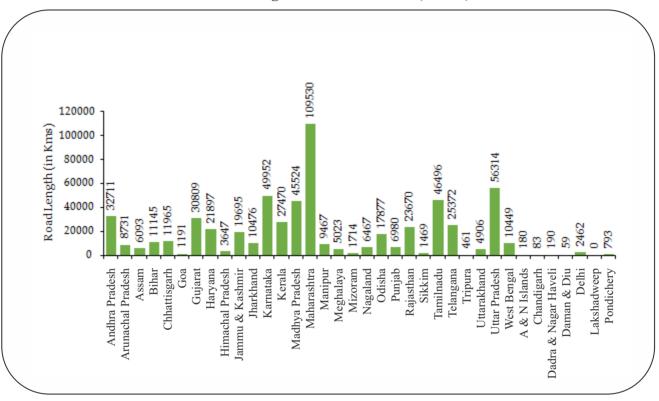
Chart 5.2: Year on Year growth and Percent share of Length of District Roads

State/UT wise details of District Roads

5.4 It may be noted that total length of District Roads as on 31st March, 2018 was 6,11,268 Kms, out of which Maharashtra accounted for the largest share in the total length of District roads (17.92%), followed by U.P (9.21%), Karnataka (8.17%), Tamil Nadu (7.61%) and

Madhya Pradesh (7.45%) (Refer Chart 5.3). These five States together account for about 50.36% of the total length of District Roads in India. The details of State/UT-wise length of District Roads as on 31.03.2018 are at **Annexure 4.1**

Chart 5.3: State/UT-wise Length of District Roads (in Km) as on 31.03.2018

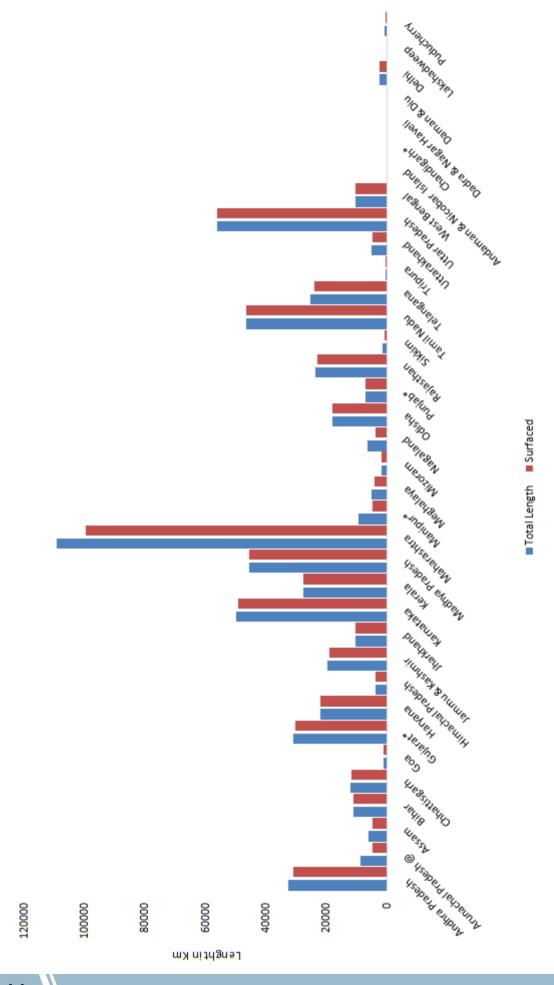


Note: Arunachal Pradesh has not classified PWD roads into State Highways and District Roads. The length of PWD roads in the State have been reflected under State Highways.

5.5 Details on State-wise distribution of type of surface of District Roads indicate that about 94.90 % of the total length of district roads are surfaced road as of 31st March, 2018. Out of the total surfaced District roads length of 5,80,064 Km, Bituminous Top (BT) and Cement Concrete (CC) roads together accounted for about 94.44% and the

remaining 5.56% are Water Bound Macadam (WBM) roads. Chart 5.4 depict that most of the States have surfaced district roads. The State/UT-wise break up of length of District roads by type of surface is at **Annexure 4.2**.

Chart 5.4: State/UT wise details of Total and Surfaced Length of District Roads in Km as of 31" March, 2018



Rural Roads

6.1 In India, Rural roads consisted of roads built and constructed by Panchayati Raj Institutions, (Zilla Parishad, Panchayat Samiti, Gram Panchayat), Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) and State PWDs. Rural Roads though defined as low traffic volume roads are a key component of rural development, since it promotes access to economic and social services, thereby generating increased agricultural productivity, non-agriculture employment as well

as non-agricultural productivity, which in turn expands rural growth opportunities and real income through which poverty can be reduced.

Overview of Rural Roads in India

6.2 There has been an increase in the rural road network in the country during the period 1950-51 to 2017-18 (Table 6.1 and Chart 6.1). Length of rural road has increased from 41,66,916 Km in 2016.-17 to 44,09,582 Km in 2017-18, with annual growth of 5.8 percent over previous period (Table 6.1).

Table 6.1 Growth of Length of Rural Roads 1950-51 to 2017-18 (in Km).

Category	Length (Km)	% Share to Total Roads	% Change over Previous period
1950-51	2,06,408	51.6	
1960-61	1,97,194	37.6	-4.5
1970-71	3,54,530	38.7	79.8
1980-81	6,28,865	42.3	77.4
1990-91	12,60,430	54.2	100.4
2000-01	19,72,016	58.5	56.5
2010-11	27,49,804	58.8	39.4
2014-15	33,37,255	61	21.4
2015-16	39,35,337	70.2	17.9
2016-17	41,66,916	70.7	5.9
2017-18	44,09,582	70.9	5.8

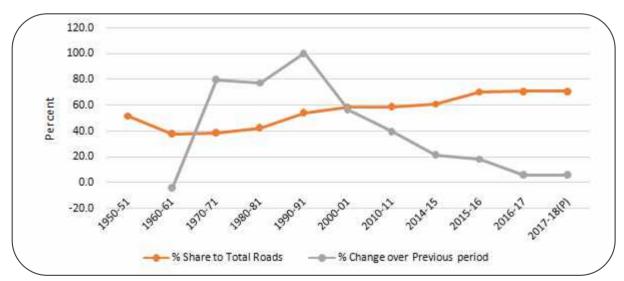
4409582 4166016 3935337 enght in Km 2749804 1972016 1260430 628865 354530 206408 1950-51 1960-61 1970-71 1980-81 1990-91 2000-01 2010-11 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18(P)

Chart 6.1: Trend of Growth of length of Rural Roads (in Km)

6.3 The rural roads share's about 70.9 percent of total road network in the country in 2017-18 and its percent share to total road length has also been increasing consistently since 1950-51 as depicted in

the Chart 6.2. However, year on year growth of rural roads has shown a mixed trend over the period 1950-51 to 2017-18, particularly started slightly declining since 1990-91.

Chart 6.2: Percent change over previous period and Percent share of Length of Rural Road to Total Roads

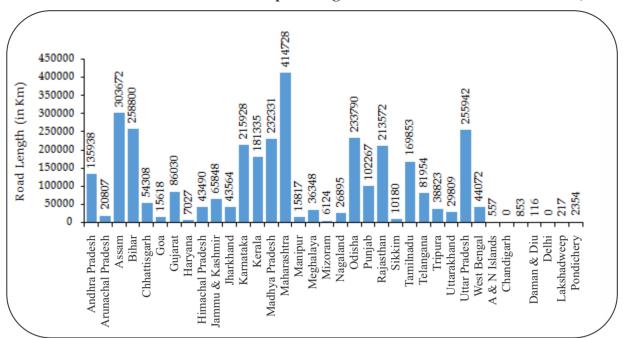


Rural Roads - State/UT wise break up

6.4 The State/UT-wise break-up of length of Rural Roads (excluding 9 lakh kms of JRY) n Chart 6.4 shows that Maharashtra accounted for the largest share in Rural Roads (11.82%) in 2017-18 followed by

Assam (8.65%), Bihar (7.37%), Uttar Pradesh (7.29%)and Odisha (6.66%). These five States account for about 41.8% of the total length of Rural Roads in the country. The State/UT-wise break-up of Rural Road is at **Annexure 5.1**

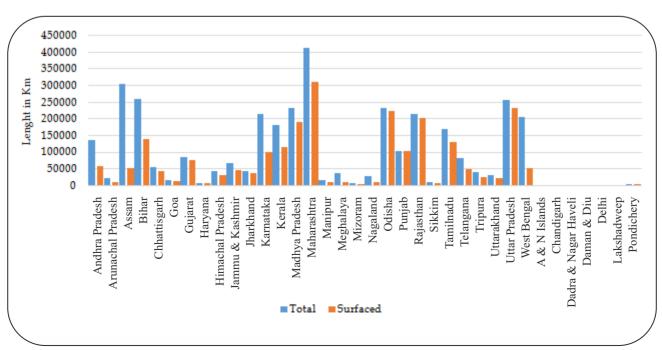
Chart 6.3 - The State/UT-wise break-up of Length of Rural Roads as of 31st March, 2018



6.5 The details on State-wise distribution of type of surface of rural roads indicate that about 65.4 % (2295053 Km /excluding JRY) of the total length of rural roads are surfaced as of 31st March, 2018 (see **Annexure 5**). It may be noted in the Chart-

6.4 that Maharashtra, West Bengal, Assam, Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh has less kilometres of surfaced road length to total length as compared to other States as of 31st March, 2018

Chart 6.4: State/UT wise details of Total and Surfaced Rural Road's Length as of 31st March, 2018



Components of Rural Roads

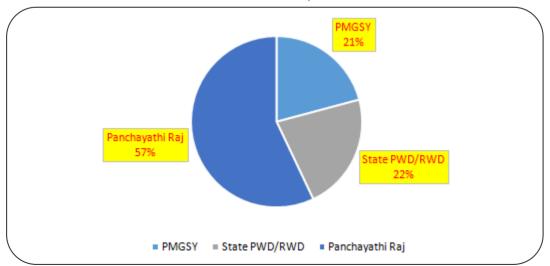
6.6 Rural roads consisted of roads built and constructed by of Panchayati Raj Institutions, (Zilla Parishad, Panchayat Samiti, Gram Panchayat), Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) and State PWDs. . It may be seen at Annexures 5.2 to 5.4 that out of a total length of 44,09,582 Km of rural roads, 7,31,234 km of PMGSY Roads have been constructed by the National Rural Road Development Agency (NRRDA) of Ministry of Rural Development (annexure 5.2 refer to),

7,75,970 Km of road built by the State PWD/RWD Departments (annexure 5.3 refer to), 20,02,379Km of Panchayati Raj Roads have been built by the States/UT Panchayati Raj Departments(Annexure 5.4 refer to) and the remaining 9 lakhs km of roads was constructed under the erstwhile Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY) Scheme as of 31st March,2018. It may be seen in the Chart 6.5 that about 57 percent of rural roads are constructed by Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRI).

Table 6.2: Rural Road constructed by various Institutions as of 31st March, 2018

Category	Length in Km	Surfaced	Surfaced roads as % to Total Roads
PMGSY	7,31,234	5,85,284	80.04
State PWD/RWD	7,75,970	6,33,340	81.62
Panchayathi Raj	20,02,379	10,76,429	53.76
Total*	35,09,582	22,95,053	65.39

Chart 6.5: Percent share of various Institutions to total construction of Rural Roads as of 31st March, 2018



- 6.7 In the Chart 6.5, it may be noted that though PRI shares major chunk of rural road network, it has less kilometres of Surfaced Road (only 54 %) when compare with other
- two categories. With respect to road constructed by PMGSY and State PWD/RWD, about 80 percent and 82 percent of roads respectively are surfaced.

Urban Roads

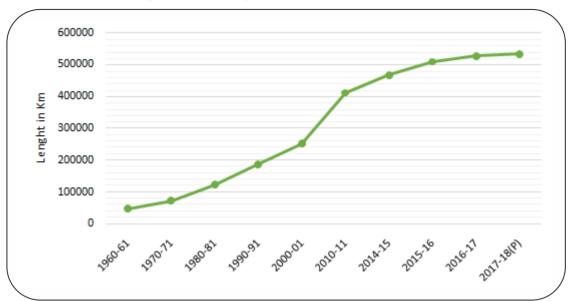
7.1 Urban Roads consist of Municipal Roads under Urban Development Departments of States and UTs, roads in Railway Zones, MES roads constructed by Military Engineering Services (MES) and Major and Minor Port Roads. Municipal roads shares about 94 percent of total urban roads in the country. Total length of urban roads has

been depicting an increasing trend during the period 1960-61 to 2017-18 (Table 7.1 and Chart 7.1). Length of urban road has increased from 5, 26,483 Km in 2016.-17 to 5, 34,142 Km in 2017-18, with annual growth of 1.5 percent over previous period (Table 7.1).

Table 7.1 Growth of Length of Urban Roads 1950-51 to 2017-18 (in Km)

Category	Urban Roads (Km)	% Share to Total Roads	% Change over Previous period
1960-61	46,361	8.8	ı
1970-71	72,120	7.9	55.6
1980-81	1,23,120	8.3	70.7
1990-91	1,86,799	8	51.7
2000-01	2,52,001	7.5	34.9
2010-11	4,11,679	8.8	63.4
2014-15	4,67,106	8.5	13.5
2015-16	5,09,730	9.1	9.1
2016-17	5,26,483	8.9	3.3
2017-18	5,34,142	8.6	1.5

Chart 7.1: Trend of growth of Length of Urban Roads 1950-1 to 2017-18 (in Km)



7.2 The urban roads share's about 8.6 percent of total road network in the country in 2017-18 and its percent share to total road length has also been depicting a constant trend in the Chart 7.2. However, year on

year growth of urban roads has shown a mixed trend over the period 1970-71 to 2017-18, particularly started declining since 2010-11.

Chart 7.2: Percent change over previous period and Percent share of Length of Rural Road to Total Roads (in Km)

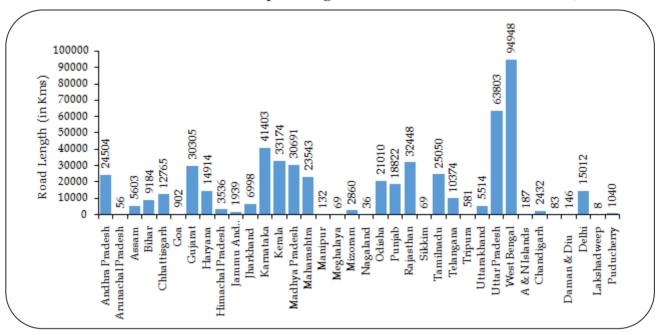


State/UT-wise Details of Urban Roads

7.3 The State/UT-wise break-up of Urban Roads (at Annexure 6.1) shows that West Bengal accounted for the largest share (17.78%) in total length of Urban Roads as on 31st March 2018, followed by U.P.

(11.94%), Karnataka (7.75%), Kerala (6.21%) and Rajasthan (6.07%). These five States accounted for about 49.76% of the total length of Urban Roads in the country. About 78 percent of urban roads are surfaced as on 31st March, 2018.

Chart 7.3 State/UT wise break-up of Length of Urban Roads as on March 31st, 2018.



7.4 The details on different categories of roads considered under Urban Road is given at **Annexure 6.2** to **Annexure 6.6**. Out of total Urban Roads as on 31.03.2018, municipal roads constitute the highest share of

94.10%, followed by MES roads (3.03%), Railway roads (2.66%). The Major and Minor Port roads taken together constitute only 0.21 per cent of the total urban roads.

Section - 8

Section – 8

Project Roads

- 8.1 Project Roads largely include roads built/coming under the purview of Central and State Government agencies and departments. Roads under this category include roads of Forest Departments, Irrigation Departments, Electricity Departments, roads in coal fields and coal mines of Coal India Ltd., roads under the plant areas of Steel Authority of India Limited (SAIL), National Mineral Development Corporation (NMDC), Sugarcane Departments of States/UT and Border Roads Organisation (BRO).
- 8.2 Total length of Project roads has been depicting an increasing trend during the period 1970-71 to 2017-18 (Table 8.1 and Chart 8.1). Project roads shares about 5.6 percent of total roads in the country in 2017-18. The total length of Project Roads has increased from 3,28,897Km as on 31.3.2017 to 3,47,547 km as on 31.3.2018, which has an increase of about 5.7 % over 2017 (Table 8.1). The trend of growth of Project roads also depicting an increasing trend in Chart 8.2 for the period 1970-71 to 2017-18.

Table 8.1: The growth in the length of Project Roads since 1971

Category	Projects Roads	% Share to Total Roads	% Change over Previous period
1970-71	1,30,893	14.3	
1980-81	1,85,511	12.5	41.7
1990-91	2,09,737	9.0	13.1
2000-01	2,23,665	6.6	6.6
2010-11	2,81,628	6.0	25.9
2014-15	3,01,505	5.5	7.1
2015-16	3,19,109	5.7	5.8
2016-17	3,28,897	5.6	3.1
2017-18	3,47,547	5.6	5.7

400000
350000
300000

Example 200000

150000

100000

50000

Chart 8.1: The trend of growth of Project roads 1970-71 to 2017-18

8.3 The year on year growth of urban roads has shown a mixed trend over the period

1980-81 to 2017-18, particularly started increasing slightly since 2013-14.

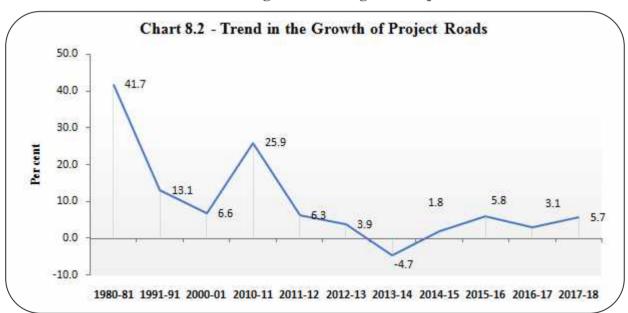


Chart 8.2: Trend in Year on Year growth of Length of Projects Road to Total Roads

2000-01

2010-11

2014-15 2015-16

The State/UT-wise break-up of Project Roads

8.4 It may be seen from the Chart 8.3 that Uttar Pradesh accounted for the largest share (12.11%) in total length of Project Roads as on 31st March 2018, followed by Madhya Pradesh (10.31%), Gujarat

(9.02%), Odisha (7.40%) and Maharashtra (6.33%). These five States together account for about 45.17% of the total length of Project Roads as on 31.03.2018. The State/UT-wise break-up of Project Roads is given in the **Annexure 7.1**.

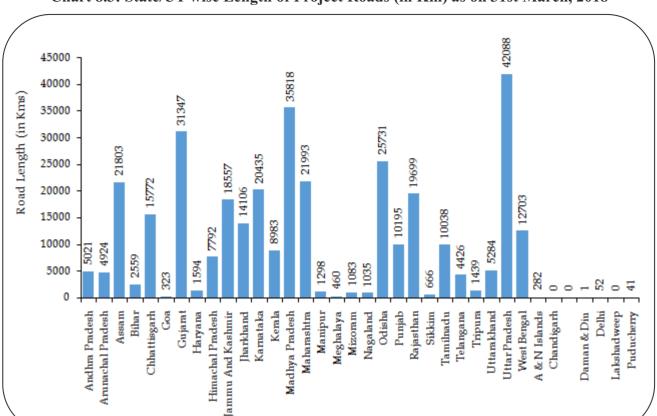


Chart 8.3: State/UT-wise Length of Project Roads (in Km) as on 31st March, 2018

- 8.5 The details at **Annexure 7.2** to **7.8** and the summary in **Annexure 7.1** reveals that out of the total length of 34,7547Kms of Project Roads, as on 31st March, 2018, Forest Roads (1,79,160 Kms) approximately account for about 51.55% followed by Irrigation Department Roads with a share of about 31.10% and BRO Roads having a share of about8.77%. The remaining 8.58% of project roads come under the purview of coal fields and mines of Coal India Ltd.;
- SAIL and NMDC; Sugarcane and Electricity Departments of States and UTs.
- 8.6 Since forest roads run through reserved forest areas and wild life sanctuaries, only a small share (34.07%) are surfaced. Out of total surfaced forest roads of length 61,037 Kms, B.T. / C.C. roads constitute about 61.09 per cent and the remaining 38.91 per cent is constituted by the Water Bound Macadam roads.

Section - 9

International Comparison of Road Network

- 9.1 The chapter on International comparison of Road network is based on data published in respect of 196 countries in the International Road Federation (IRF) Geneva publication titled, World Road Statistics for 2018. The data published in this document pertains to the year 2016 with small variations and positions India globally viz-a -viz other countries in respect of parameters such as
- total road length, road length per 1000 people, length and share of National Highways, share of paved roads, motorways, road density etc.
- 9.2 The major road related indicators, arranged in descending order of total road length across 15 top countries is given in Table 9.1 below:

Table 9.1: Major Road Indicators across Select Countries

	Total Road	l length			National H	lighways		Motorwa	ays[1]	
Name of the Country	Road length in KM	World Ranking	Population 2016	Roads (in KM) per '000 people	Road length in KM	% share in total road length	Share of Paved road (%)	Road length in KM	% share in total road length	Road Density
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
United States	66,45,709	1	32,34,05,935	20.55	29,599	0.45	66.02	77,002.00	1.16	0.68
India **	62,15,797	2	1,21,01,93,422 ^s	5.13	1,26,350	2.03	63.25	NA(*)	NA(*)	1.62
China	46,96,263	3	1,37,86,55,000	3.41	99,152	2.11	75.90	1,30,973.00	2.79	0.49
Brazil	15,12,371	4	20,76,52,865	7.28	76,515	5.06	17.30	NA	NA	0.18
Russia	1,498,727	5	14,43,42,396	10.38	51,959	3.47	70.30	1,105.00	0.07	0.09

¹ In the backdrop of the pandemic, the "world Road Safety Statistics-2019" brought out by International Road Federation, Geneva has not yet been published, hence we are constrained to confine ourselves to the results provided in road Statistics, 2018 in this section.

² Motorway is a road specially designed and built for motor traffic, is specially sign-posted as a motorway, is reserved for specific categories of road motor vehicles and has no crossing at the same level with any road, railway of tramway track, or footpath.

Contd... Table 9.1: Major Road Indicators across Select Countries

	Total Road	l length			National H	Iighways		Motorwa	ays[1]	
Name of the Country	Road length in KM	World Ranking	Population 2016	Roads (in KM) per '000 people	Road length in KM	% share in total road length	Share of Paved road (%)	Road length in KM	% share in total road length	Road Density
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Canada	11,26,000	6	3,62,64,604	31.05	38,049	3.38	39.90	NA	NA	0.11
France	10,88,089	7	6,68,59,768	16.27	8,219	0.76	100.00	12,356.00	1.14	1.98
Australia	8,73,561	8	2,42,10,809	36.08	1,81,688	20.80	NA	51,540.00	5.90	0.11
Spain	6,66,536	9	4,64,84,062	14.34	23,856	3.58	NA	3,039.00	0.46	1.32
Germany	6,42,970	10	8,23,48,669	7.81	38,068	5.92	NA	12,996.00	2.02	1.80
Indonesia	5,37,838	11	26,11,15,456	2.06	47,017	8.74	60.70	NA	NA	0.28
Thailand	5,06,538	12	6,88,63,514	7.36	70,077	13.83	NA	208.00	0.04	0.99
United Kingdom	4,22,097	13	6,55,95,565	6.43	48,902	11.59	100.00	3,764.00	0.89	1.73
Poland	4,20,236	14	3,79,70,087	11.07	17,751	4.22	70.00	1,637.00	0.39	1.34
Mexico	3,93,451	15	12,75,40,423	3.08	40,681	10.34	41.80	9,796.00	2.49	0.20

Source: IRF, World Road Statistics, published by International Road Federation Geneva

- 9.3 India with a total road length of 62.15 lakh Km ranks second out of 196 countries reported in the World Road Statistics, after USA.
- 9.4 In terms of road length per thousand persons, India is placed at 96th in the

world, with a road density per thousand persons at 5.13 as against Australia which leads at 36.08 km per thousand people, followed by Canada at 31.05 km per thousand people and United States at 20.55 km per thousand people.

^{(*):} In India, as per information available in MORTH, 236.12 kms of Expressways have already been completed, another 73.33 Kms of expressways are at different stages of completion and another 3264.34 kms are at different stages of planning.

^{(**):} Figures for India updated to 31.3.2018 as against 31.3.2016 given in WRS 2018.

^{\$:} pertains to the year 2011.

- 9.5 In terms of length of National Highways, India with a length of 1, 26,350 km and with a share of 2.03% in total road length ranks 2nd after Australia which has a length of 1,81, 688 km and share of 20.8% in total road length.
- 9.6 The paved/surfaced road length in India was63.25 per cent of the total road length whichis much lower when compared with

- advanced countries like that of France (100 %), United Kingdom (100 %), China (75.9%) etc.
- 9.7 India's road density at 1.62 km/km² is higher than China (0.49 km/km²), USA (0.68 km/km²) but is lesser than France (1.98 km/km²) which is geographically much smaller.

Section - 10

Major Schemes/Initiatives of Ministry of Road Transport and Highways

10.1 The Ministry of Road Transport and Highways has been making constant efforts to expand and upgrade National Highways (NHs) Network in the country into a road network of international standards for uninterrupted flow of traffic with enhanced safety features. The Ministry implements several Central Sector Schemes such as the Special Accelerated Development Programme in the North East (SARDP-NE) including Arunachal Package, Development of the Left Wing Extremism, the Vijayawada Ranchi corridor, Bharatmala Pariyojna etc for enhancing connectivity for remote far flung and isolated areas, including North-East Region (NER), Left Wing Extremism (LWE) affected areas including Tribal areas. Details schemes for Highway Development is in Chapter 2.

Major Schemes of the Ministry other than NHDP

Programme for North-Eastern region (SARDP-NE)- This programme envisages providing road connectivity to all the district headquarters in the north eastern region by minimum 2 lane highway standards apart from providing road connectivity to backward and remote areas, areas of strategic importance and neighbouring countries. Programme planned in two phases (A & B) including Arunachal

Package. Phase 'A' of SARDP-NE envisages improvement of about 4,099 km length of roads (3,014 km of NH and 1,085 km of State roads) and Phase 'B' covers 3,723 km (2,210 km NHs and 1,513 km of State roads) of road. An amount of Rs. 33,714 crore has been spent in SARDP-NE including Arunachal Pradesh Package of roads. The SARDP NE Phase 'A' is expected to be completed by March, 2023-24.

10.3 The Arunachal Pradesh Package for Road & Highways involve development of about 2,319 km length of road (2,205 km of NHs & 114 km of State / General Staff / Strategic Roads). Total length of about 1934 km have been awarded out of which 949 km has been completed. The entire Arunachal Pradesh package is targeted for completion by March, 2023-24.

10.4 Left Wing Extremism affected Areas -

This scheme envisaged for development of about 1,177 km of NHs and 4,276 km of State Roads in Left Wing Extremism (LWE) affected areas as a Special Project with an estimated cost of about Rs. 7,300 Crore. Under the programme about 5,419 km length of road has been awarded. MoRTH has entrusted with the responsibility of developing roads in 34 LWE affected districts areas in the States of Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Chhattisgarh,

Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha and Uttar Pradesh for all inclusive growth of these areas.

route- Under the project, development of 600 km (net length 592 km) of State Roads in Odisha (549 km Newly declared NH and 43 km SH), not covered in any Central or State Scheme has been approved by the Government at a cost of Rs 1,200 crore on 4th November, 2010.So far, the detailed estimates for all the 9 packages in an aggregate length of 592 km have been sanctioned at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,347 crore and works were awarded. The development on 577 km has been completed at a cumulative expenditure of Rs. 1,089 crore.

Major Schemes for development of Non-NHDP National Highways

10.6 Externally Aided Projects

1. National Highway Interconnectivity
Improvement Programme (NHIIP) by
World Bank Loan Assistance- About
1,120 km approved length (aggregate
length- 1,087 km at an revised cost of Rs.
6,461 km) of NHs are to be improved to 2lane NH standards following corridor
development approach under the World
Bank Loan Assistance in Phase-I. Loan
Agreement for Phase-I (1,120 km under
first tranches of Loan Assistance of US\$
500 Million) was signed with World Bank
on 1 July, 2014. Till December, 2019, 881
km of length has been completed with total
expenditure of Rs. 4,440crore.

- 2. Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) Loan Assistance - About 7 projects having NH length of about 738 km are to be improved under the Loan Assistance from JICA at the cost of about Rs. 18,172 crore. For the proposed execution of projects the cost of LA and utility shifting are to be borne by the Government of India. Out of these 7 projects, 5 projects are to be executed by NHIDCL, 1 project each is being executed by the Ministry through State PWD (BSRDCL) and by NHAI. The Ministry has awarded 92.935 km, Gaya- Rajgir -Nalanda – Bihar Sharif section of NH 82 in the State of Bihar at cost of Rs. 925.87 crore. About 47 km of length has already been completed of this stretch. The Project is likely to be completed by 2020-21. NHAI awarded 127 km, Patna – Gaya -Dhobi section of NH 22 in the State of Bihar at cost of Rs. 1,231.98 crore.
- 10.7 Char Dham Pariyojana The program envisages improvement /development of 889 km length of NHs at total estimated cost of about Rs. 11,700 crore. The projects include provisions like widening of existing narrow & geometrically deficient NHs to 2-Lane NH standards with paved shoulders, protection of landslide prone zones, construction of bypasses, long bridges, tunnels, bus /truck lay bye /rest area and elevated corridors. Out of total 53 civil works covering the entire length under Chardham project, 40 civil works of total project cost amounting to Rs. 9,474 crore (including cost of pre-

cr.) in a length of 673 km have been sanctioned. 38 works in a length of 647 km amounting to Rs. 8,379 cr. have been awarded out of which 36 works amounting to Rs. 8,238 cr. in length of 646 km are ongoing and 2 works amounting to Rs. 141 cr. in a length of 1.1 km have completed. Balance 2 nos. works amounting to Rs. 604 cr. in a length of 25 km are in tender stage.

10.8 Green National Highways Corridor Project (GNHCP) with the Loan Assistance of World Bank - The project aims at upgradation and rehabilitation to 2-lane/2-lane with paved shoulders/4-lane configuration, and strengthening of stretches of various National Highways covering a total length of 781.38 km in the

States of Himachal Pradesh, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh and Andhra Pradesh, with loan assistance of the World Bank with a total loan amount of US \$ 500 Million and total project cost of Rs.7,662.47 Crore. For the proposed execution of projects, the cost of LA and utility shifting are to be borne by the Government of India as per policy of the World Bank. The loan agreement for the project is yet to be signed.

10.9 The balance length of Highways are covered underNational Highways (Original) [NH(O)] as per availability of fund, inter-se priority, traffic density, committed spill over liabilities of previous years' sanctions and available allocation for the year.

Table 10.1: Balance length of NHs to be covered under NH (O)

S. No.	Scheme	Length in km
1	Total length of NH Network	1,32,500
(i)	Length of NH under various phases of NHDP	48,899
(ii)	Additional length of NHs covered under Bharatmala Phase-I	9,496
(iii)	Length of NH under Special Accelerated Road Development Programme for North- East Region (SARDP-NE) including Arunachal Pradesh Package	7,429
(iv)	Development of road (NH) in Left Wing Extremism (LWE) affected areas	1,177
(v)	Vijayawada Ranchi Corridor (VRC)	592
(vi)	Externally Aided Projects (World Bank, JICA, ADB)	1,893
(vii)	VGF / EPC Scheme under NH(O)	1,680
	Sub Total [from Sr. (i) to Sr. (vii)]	71,236
(viii)	Balance length of NHs covered under NH(O) (completion in last 5 years and current year)	61,334

Major Policy Initiatives

10.10 **Process Streamlining** - The Ministry is now empowered to decide on mode of delivery of projects - weather PPP/EPC. It is also authorized to appraise and approve projects up to Rs. 1,000 crores – both for PPP and EPC mode in place of earlier Rs. 500 crores. Under Bharat Mala Pariyojna, further appraisal and approval limits have been defined. All PPP projects (BOT) projects are to be appraised and approved by NHAI Board and all BOT (Annuity) / Ham projects with project cost up to 2000 crore are to be appraised by an SFC headed by Secretary and approved by Minister, MORTH. Other BOT Annuity projects would be appraised by Secretary, DEA and approved by CCEA.

10.11 Bharatmala Pariyojana Phase-I, delegations have further been enhanced. All PPP BOT (Toll) projects where no grant is to be given and construction, maintenance is to be financed by toll revenues will be appraised and approved by NHAI Board. All BOT (Annuity) / HAM projects upto TPC of Rs. 2,000 crore excluding land cost will be appraised by the SFC chaired by Secretary (RTH) and approved by the Minister (RT&H). Other BOT (Annuity) / HAM projects to be appraised by Secretary (DEA) and approved by CCEA.All EPC projects of NHAI to be approved by NHAI Board within approved budgeted financial resources.

10.12 Enhanced inter-Ministerial coordination: In order to overcome multi stakeholder issues and enhance inter-ministerial coordination, an Infrastructure Group has been created under the Ministry headed by the Hon'ble Minister (RT&H) to resolve multistakeholder issues.

10. 13 **Revival of languishing projects** has been undertaken through

- (i) 100% equity divestment two years from start of operations to enable developers to takeout equity and reinvest the same in the sector.
- (ii) Premium deferment allowing rescheduling of premium committed by concessionaires at the bidding stage.
- (iii) Extension of concession period for languishing to the extent of delay.
- (iv) One time fund infusion by NHAI in languishing projects which are 50% complete.

Innovative project implementation models through risk rebalancing

10.14 **Hybrid Annuity Model (HAM)** has been implemented. As per the model, 40% of Project Cost is to be provided by the Government as 'Construction Support' to the private developer during the construction period and the balance 60% as annuity payments over the operations period along with interest on outstanding amount. The payable interest rate is linked to market rates (Bank Rate +3.00%). There is separate provision for

O&M payments to the concessionaire. The private party does not have to bear the traffic and inflation risks.

- 10.15 Monetisation of Assets through Toll –
 Operate Transfer (TOT) Model, under
 which CCEA allowed monetisation of NH
 stretches where the right of collection of
 Toll fees for a public funded project is
 assigned to a concessionaire for a
 predetermined period against upfront
 payment of a lump sum.
- 10.16 **Land Acquisition process** has been made streamlined through the following steps:
 - 1. NHAI has directed its ROs to engage at least one LA support officer and the recruitment process has been initiated.
 - 2. A proposal to appoint a legal officer in each RO is currently under consideration.
 - 3. A Land Acquisition Manual has been created and shared with all field offices. The manual will be updated every 6 months.
 - 4. NHAI ROs have been empowered to appoint supplementary arbitrators in high case load districts for speedy resolution of disputes.
 - 5. The Ministry has developed a Web Portal (BhoomiRashi) for processing land acquisition notifications and payment of compensation thereof to the rightful owner of the land. Competent Authority for Land Acquisition (CALA) offices have been strengthened with additional manpower and infrastructure.

- 10.17 Further, explicit guidelines have issued in respect of standards for Road construction in hill areas to obviate prospects of hill-slope destabilization. To ameliorate environmental concerns, guidelines have also been issued that to the extent feasible, land for widening of an existing road should be acquired on one side so that tree-felling and utility shifting on the other side is avoided. To do away with sub optimal alignments, instructions have issued for using the concept of "as the crow flies" to design alignments so as to reduce the distance between two connected points the extent possible.
- 10.18 Details of Central Road Sector Outlay at the RE stage and Expenditure incurred are given in Table 9.2. It may be noted that the total budgetary support provided to MORTH, Market Borrowings by NHAI Expenditure incurred has been and increasing consistently over the years with expenditure varying between 94% to 98% of the Budget at the RE stage in the last three years. Private sector Investments have slowed down somewhat due to difficulties in the market conditions i.e. availability of finance from Banks in the face of growing NPAs, uncertainty in returns on account of projected traffic, investors preferring short term investment periods as against roads requiring long term financing etc.
- 10.19 The Expenditure(Actual) incurred in the Development and Maintenance of National Highways by MORTH by source

of financing in the last 6 years is given in table 9.3 Shows that Market Borrowing, Central Road Fund (CRF) cess, and Permanent Bridge Fee Fund (PBFF) constitute important sources of financing for the maintenance and construction of Highways.

10.20 Development and maintenance of NHs of 2-lane and below are primarily assigned to

State Governments viz. State PWDs for which Ministry provide funds from its budget to the respective States. **Table 10.4** provides State-wise allocations and expenditure made by States for the period 2014-15 to 2018-19 and shows an increasing trend in the total allocations and expenditure incurred to States for the construction of NH with the exception of the year 2017-18.

Table 10.2 Central Road Sector Outlay (at RE stage) and Expenditure (At Current Price) for the period 2015-16 to 2018-19

								Amou	nt in Rs. crore
s.	Scheme	201:	5-16	2016	-17	201	7-18	201	8-19
No.	Scheme	RE	Expd	RE	Expd	RE	Expd.	RE	Expd.
Pa	rt A-Major Developn	nent Schemes							
1	EAP- (a) Externally Aided (RW)	250	216.42	290	289.12	1,213.00	1,010.46	1,328.00	1,145.82
	EAP- (b) Counterpart Fund (RW)	550	547	820	819.76	613	548.31	900	794.08
	Total EAP	800	763.42	1,110.00	1,108.88	1,826.00	1,558.77	2,228.00	1,939.90
2	<u>NH (O)</u>	6,491.06	6,335.44	19,860.00	19,326.46	18,049.31	18,034.64	29,526.00	29,309.05
3	Works under BRDB incl. Strategic Roads under BRDB	0	0	0	0				
4	Other Charges & IT	6.5	5.42	8	6.93	7	4.74	7	5.73
5	R&D & Training and Quality Assurance	68.2	40.9	83	16.79	78.32	8.05	39.28	29.52
6	Charged Expd.	10	6.92	10	8.22	10	5.54	10	0
7	NHAI (Investment) (Cess)	21,020.09	21,017.77	7,476.60	7,410.47	15,429.45	15,429.45	16,091.00	15,732.83
8	Remittance of toll receipts (NHDP + non-NHDP)	6,500.00	6,500.00	7,500.00	7,500.00	8,462.14	8,462.14	10,600.00	10,600.00

Contd...

Contd...Table 10.2

								Amou	nt in Rs. crore
s.		201:	5-16	2016	-17	201	7-18	201	8-19
No.	Scheme	RE	Expd	RE	Expd	RE	Expd.	RE	Expd.
9	E&I for States from CRF	355.35	267.09	805	746.35	759.2	677.56	400	399.98
10	Special Packages								
(i)	SARDP-NE	4,900.00	4,845.88	4,520.00	4,464.71	5,265.00	5,237.77	3,680.00	3,592.08
(ii)	LWE (including TSP) incl. Vijayawada- Ranchi Road	1,121.00	996.11	760	739.27	1,050.00	901.86	475	409.05
(A)	Sub Total- Major schemes	41,272.20	40,778.95	42,132.60	41,328.08	50,936.42	50,320.52	73,056.28	67,018.14
Pai	rt B- M&R, CRF(Sta	ite Roads), Trar	isport, Sectt.						
1	Maintenance & Repairs (M&R) incl. Swachhata Activities	2,698.40	2,527.99	2,845.23	2,502.99	2,966.75	2,654.78	2,100.00	1,650.52
2	Central Road Fund(CRF)	2,880.90	2,398.10	7,175.00	5,069.82	6,764.48	6,367.11	7,421.58	6,868.66
3	Permanent Bridge Fee Fund(PBFF)	50	48.29	100	72.29	37.86	21.42	10.46	3.2
4	NH Tribunals, NHs Administration, PIARC	1.57	0	3.57	0	3.57	0.22	0.07	0
5	Transport Wing	150	133.45	143.5	127.23	171	144.36	273	142.49
6	Secretariat Expenses	83.74	80.64	103.03	100.04	119.92	111.08	154.58	136.31
(B)	Sub Total- Part B	5,864.61	5,188.47	10,370.33	7,872.37	10,063.58	9,298.97	9,959.69	8,801.18
Bu	al (Gross dgetary Support- PRTH)	47,136.81	45,967.42	52,502.93	49,200.45	61,000.00	59,619.49	83,015.97	75,819.32
(C)	IEBR / Borrowings by NHAI	42,694.50	23,281.00	59,279.00	33,118.00	59,279.00	50,533.00	75,000.00	74,988.00
(D)	Grand Total (Budget)	89,831.31	69,248.42	1,11,781.93	82,318.45	1,20,279.00	1,10,152.49	158015.97	150807.32
(E)	Total Private Sector Investments		29,770.00	26,850.00	16,028.64	32,400.00	16,500.64	25000	21,926.00
(F)	Grand Total	89,831.31	99,018.42	1,38,631.93	98,347.09	1,52,679.00	1,26,653.13	183015.97	172733.32

Source: Planning Division, MoRTH

65

Table 10.3 Expenditure (Actual) incurred in the Development and Maintenance of National Highways by MORTH by Source of Financing in the last 8 years

(Amount in Rs. Crore)

Year	CRF Cess	Additional	GBS-	Т	oll	Market	Pvt.	Total
Year	CKF Cess	GBS	NER*	тот	PBFF	Borrowing	Investment	Total
2012-13	6,003	9,080.03	1,825.69	-	1,882.95	2,902	20,305	41,998.67
2013-14	6,857.45	7,746.98	3,009.27	-	4,829.81	7,942.00	22,515.00	52,900.51
2014-15	13,944.04	4,678.51	2,843.33	-	5,485.98	3,343.40	19,232.00	49,527.26
2015-16	29,879.06	2,714.91	3,945.88	-	6,548.29	23,281.00	29,770.00	96,139.14
2016-17	29,049.08	2,070.93	4,464.71	-	7,572.29	33,118.00	16,029.00	92,304.01
2017-18	35,910.91	2,687.14	5,237.77	-	8,483.56	50,533.00	16,500.00	1,19,352.38
2018-19	42,523.99	750.39	5,944.08	9,681.50	9,574.22	61,217.00	21,605.00	1,51,296.18
2019-20	45,511.26	1,175.34	5,982.08	5,000.00	10,603.20	74,988.00	21,926.00	1,65,185.88

Source: Planning Division, MoRTH

TOT: Toll Operate Transfer

PBFF: Permanent Bridge Fee Fund

^{*} Exclusively under SARDP-NE, apart from this, NH works in NER is also taken up under NH(0) for which financing is from CRF Cess and additional GBS.

Table 10.4 The State/UT-wise details of Fund Allocation/Utilized for Development of NHs

Amount in Rs. crore

S.	States/UTs/			Allocation					Expenditure		
No.	Schemes/ Agency	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
1	Andhra Pradesh	221.45	1,039.42	2,010.31	1,781.18	2,260.26	221.45	1,000.43	2,014.50	1,780.70	2,054.04
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0.5	2.4	100	62.05	90	0.5	1.83	90.66	62.05	88.96
3	Assam	141.76	78.79	177.44	308.05	413.99	141.76	78.09	137.8	307.75	421.27
4	Bihar	276.65	706.92	1,362.64	1,689.90	1,598.31	276.65	707.86	1,331.61	1,523.88	1,554.30
5	Chhattisgarh	71.25	359.94	1,553.30	1,107.93	1,831.32	71.25	339.8	1,495.68	1,071.58	1,341.81
6	Goa	17.72	120	400	527.48	940	17.72	119.98	434.51	527.48	973.24
7	Gujarat	206.96	228.6	251.87	166.08	391.55	206.96	225.77	213.41	163.29	389.91
8	Haryana	60.48	90	150	105.17	330	60.48	89.85	161.27	105.17	374.8
9	Himachal Pradesh	134.57	140	210.95	307.14	350.8	134.57	139.96	182.14	305.69	327.65
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	25	40.06	35.44	45	0	22.86	23.16	35.44	44.44
11	Jharkhand	63.83	35	200	260.88	320	63.83	38.08	212.5	260.88	319.96
12	Karnataka	269.72	633.43	783.52	1,240.99	1,630.02	269.72	639.55	871.96	1,202.70	1,560.90
13	Kerala	67.18	132.24	259.89	171.74	280.45	67.18	137.65	237.8	171.74	300.76
14	Madhya Pradesh	239.23	937.76	1,760.00	854.79	1,665.00	239.23	928.29	1,558.90	854.79	1,887.28
15	Maharashtra	190.04	431.2	1,371.92	2,966.03	7,050.88	190.04	423.28	1,154.00	2,964.15	7,445.16
16	Manipur	32.6	40	25.25	75.85	260.21	32.6	40	18.65	75.47	259.65
17	Meghalaya	43.3	15	41.27	30.22	70.97	43.3	15	28.44	28.28	57.76
18	Mizoram	39.53	35	40	41	80	39.53	28.5	46.13	41	79.91
19	Nagaland	46.2	50	50	38.27	200	46.2	46.27	38.84	38.27	199.76

Contd ...

...table 10.4 contd

	le 10.4 contd										
S. No.	States/UTs/ Schemes/ Agency			Allocation					Expenditure		
110.	Schemes/Agency	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
20	Odisha	322.99	591.44	925.55	708.4	790.47	322.99	592.24	951.35	717.08	773.93
21	Punjab	2,328.04	1,852.26	2,740.50	746.02	786.18	2,328.04	1,855.24	2,702.48	745.8	808.34
22	Rajasthan	107.16	849.95	964.83	888.27	1,295.87	107.16	849.56	1,012.99	886.08	1,290.32
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	5.09	0.73	0	0	0	5.09	0.09
24	Tamil Nadu	167.13	337.02	575	664.48	870	167.13	336.47	640.11	664.48	883.95
25	Telangana	210.79	661	380	409.93	1,220.00	210.79	657.1	358.43	409.93	1,212.83
26	Tripura	0	5	5	61	50	0	0	2.38	61	50.42
27	Uttar Pradesh	493.81	1,530.34	1,849.02	1,110.79	2,040.05	493.81	1,527.74	1,820.85	1,106.96	1,995.79
28	Uttarakhand	169.51	245.92	332.62	980.67	1,000.49	169.51	245.69	314.48	980.14	1,010.76
29	West Bengal	283.61	808.95	1,333.62	1,229.89	991	283.61	811.98	1,223.19	1,184.69	980.37
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	14.61	2	0.13	0	0	14.61	1.53	0.13	0	0
31	Chandigarh	4.95	1	2	5.3	1.5	4.95	0	0.69	5.3	1.49
32	Delhi	0.02	1	1	36	2	0.02	0	0.62	23.01	0
33	Puducherry	12.73	20	20	13.63	2	12.73	18.1	14.28	13.63	0
A	Sub Total (Sr. 1 to 33)	6,238.32	12,006.58	19,917.68	18,629.66	3	6,238.32	11,918.70	19,293.94	18,323.50	0
34	Other projects under NH(O)*	761.17	515	781.38	214	30	715.68	445.55	779.72	211.92	12.64
35	National Highways Authority of India (NHAI)- Cess*	6,885.89	15,420.00	2,326.50	12,429.45		6,885.89	15,420.00	2,326.50	12,429.45	
36	NHAI- Toll	5,448.00	6,500.00	7,500.00	8,462.14	28,892.05	5,448.00	6,500.00	7,500.00	8,462.14	28,702.49
37	NHAI- NH(O)	600	370.27	5,389.02	3,900.00	2.75	600	370.27	5,389.02	3,900.00	2.36
38	National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd. (NHIDCL) under NH(O)*	1	1.15	72.2	296	11,569.00	-	1.15	72.2	296	11,569.00
39	Border Roads Organization (BRO)*	292	0	0	0	9,570.13	268.79	0	0	0	9,570.13

Contd ...

...table 10.4 contd

S.	States/UTs/			Allocation					Expenditure		
No.	Schemes/ Agency	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
40	Special Accelerated Road Development Programme for North-East Region (SARDP-NE) including Arunachal Package*	3,000.00	4,900.00	4,520.00	4,865.00	0	2,843.33	4,803.07	4,464.71	4,837.77	0
41	Special Programme for development of Roads In Left Wing Extremism affected Area (LWE) including Development of Vijayawada- Ranchi Road	1,174.00	1,121.00	760	1,050.00	9,681.50	1,164.59	996.11	739.27	901.86	9,681.50
42	Externally Aided Projects - Head Quarters#, NHAI, NHIDCL	276	45.83	59.38	316	1,000.00	239.93	9.25	56.72	283.41	1,000.00
В	Sub Total (Sr. 34 to 42)	18,437.06	28,873.25	21,408.48	31,532.59	135	18,166.21	28,545.40	21,328.14	31,322.55	135
	Total (A+B)	24,675.38	40,879.83	41,326.16	50,162.25	5,610.00	24,404.53	40,464.10	40,622.08	49,646.05	5,345.00
43	IEBR / Borrowings by NHAI	7,611.11	42,694.50	59,279.00	59,279.00	905	3,343.40	23,281.00	33,118.00	50,533.00	552.03
						222					219.23
						38,695.38					38,074.25
						67,587.43					66,776.74
						62,000.00					61,217.00

Source: Planning Division MoRTH

69

^{*-} State/UT wise allocations are not made.

ANNEXURES

Total and Surfaced Road Length By Categories in India as on 31.03.2018 (in km)

S. No.	Category	Sub Category	Category wise Road lengh (% s Total Road le	hare of	Category wise Surfaced road length (% age of col. 4)
1	2	3	4		5
1	National	Highways	126,350	2	126,350
2	State Hi	ghways	186,908	3	185,495
3	District	roads	611,268	10	580,064
4	Rural R	oads*	3,509,582	56	2,295,053
		PMGSY Roads	731,234		585,284
		PWD/RWD Roads	775,970		633,340
		Panchayati Raj Roads	2,002,379		1,076,429
5	Urban R	Roads	534,142	9	415,859
		Municipal Roads	502,647		385,460
		MES Roads	16,170		16,132
		Major Port Roads	737		736
		Minor Port Roads	380		347
		Railway Roads	14,207		13,184
6	Project l	Roads	347,547	6	145,471
		Forest Department Roads	179,160		61,037
		BRO Roads	30,492		20,619
		Coal Mine Roads	4,765		4,460
		Electricity Department Roads	7,235		6,733
		Irrigation Department Roads	108,083		38,600
		Sugarcane Authorities Roads	14,947		11,320
		SAIL & NMDC Roads	2,865		2,701
Tot	al* (Exclud	ling JRY Roads)	5,315,797		3,748,292
Tot	al** (Inclu	ding JRY Roads)	6,215,797		3,931,494

Note: (1) Totals may not add up due to rounding off of decmials

^{(2) *} excludes 9 lakh km lentgh of rural roads constructed under Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY) from 1990-1999.

^{(3) **} Includes 9 lakh km lengthof rural roads constructed under Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY) from 1990-1999.

Road Length By Categories and by type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018

(in km)

S.	C 4		T (1 (6 1 5)		Surfaced		(III KIII)
No.	Category	Sub Category	Total (6+7)	WBM/WMM	BT/CC	Total (4+5)	Un-surfaced
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1	National	Highways	126,350	0	126,350	126,350	0
2	State Hi	ghways	186,908	1,235	184,260	185,495	1,413
3	District	roads	611,268	32,272	547,793	580,064	31,204
4	Rural R	oads* (excluding JRY)	3,509,582	465,675	1,829,378	2,295,053	1,214,529
		PMGSY Roads	731,234	34,641	550,644	585,284	145,950
		PWD/RWD Roads	775,970	70,241	563,099	633,340	142,630
		Panchayati Raj Roads	2,002,379	360,794	715,635	1,076,429	925,949
5	Urban R	toads	534,142	41,172	374,687	415,859	118,283
		Municipal Roads	502,647	39,118	346,343	385,460	117,187
		MES Roads	16,170	407	15,725	16,132	38
		Major Port Roads	737	55	681	736	0
		Minor Port Roads	380	24	323	347	34
		Railway Roads	14,207	1,569	11,615	13,184	1,023
6	Project l	Roads	347,547	45,886	99,584	145,471	202,077
		Forest Department Roads	179,160	23,751	37,285	61,037	118,123
		BRO Roads	30,492	867	19,752	20,619	9,873
		Coal Mine Roads	4,765	629	3,831	4,460	305
		Electricity Department Roads	7,235	1,484	5,248	6,733	502
		Irrigation Department Roads	108,083	18,314	20,286	38,600	69,483
		Sugarcane Authorities Roads	14,947	5	11,315	11,320	3,626
		SAIL & NMDC Roads	2,865	835	1,866	2,701	164
Tota	l* (Exclud	ing JRY Roads)	5,315,797	586,240	3,162,052	3,748,292	1,567,506
Tota	l** (Includ	ling JRY Roads)	6,215,797	769,442	3,162,052	3,931,494	2,284,304

Note: (1) Totals may not add up due to rounding off of decmials

^{(2) *} excludes 9 lakh km lentgh of rural roads constructed under Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY) from 1990-1999.

^{(3) **}Includes 9 lakh km lengthof rural roads constructed under Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY) from 1990-1999.

Total & Surfaced Length of Roads in India As on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)

(in km)

S.No.	Name of State/UT	Total	Surfaced
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	218,190	130,102
2	Arunachal Pradesh	50,555	33,476
3	Assam	343,609	68,718
4	Bihar	290,571	163,846
5	Chhattisgarh	102,578	80,655
6	Goa	18,607	13,944
7	Gujarat	201,742	179,429
8	Haryana	50,021	43,205
9	Himachal Pradesh	61,899	42,515
10	Jammu And Kashmir	108,677	76,583
11	Jharkhand	79,062	60,999
12	Karnataka	354,505	213,619
13	Kerala	257,085	178,223
14	Madhya Pradesh	363,972	289,159
15	Maharashtra	626,521	494,359
16	Manipur	29,180	16,899
17	Meghalaya	43,836	15,790
18	Mizoram	13,374	8,142
19	Nagaland	36,703	17,403
20	Odisha	307,976	277,642
21	Punjab	142,635	131,810
22	Rajasthan	313,390	286,745
23	Sikkim	13,510	9,094
24	Tamilnadu	270,007	225,038
25	Telangana	128,071	89,221
26	Tripura	43,215	26,394
27	Uttarakhand	52,848	37,930
28	Uttar Pradesh	436,333	370,127
29	West Bengal	329,126	140,057
30	A & N Islands	1,794	1,648
31	Chandigarh	2,539	2,539
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1,187	1,187
33	Daman & Diu	366	366
34	Delhi	17,596	17,596
35	Lakshadweep	224	224
36	Puducherry	4,293	3,607
Total '	k	5,315,797	3,748,292

^{*} Excluding JRY Roads

Total Road Length and Percentage Share of Each Category of Road to total road length (1951-2018) (in km)

											(III KIII)
Year (as on 31st March)	National Highways	State Highways	Other PWD Roads	District Roads	Panchayat Raj Roads	JRY & PMGSY Roads*	Rural Roads built by State PWD / RWD	Urban Roads	Project Roads	Surfaced	Total (Col. 2+3+4+5+6 +7+8+9+10)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1951	19,811		173,723		206,408	0		0	0	157,019	399,942
	5	0	43		52	0		0	0	39	100
1961	23,798		257,125		197,194	0		46,361	0	263,052	524,478
	5	0	49		38	0		9	0	50	100
1971	23,838	56,765	276,833		354,530	0		72,120	130,893	397,948	914,979
	3	6	30		39	0		8	14	43	100
1981	31,671	94,359	421,895		628,865	0		123,120	185,511	683,676	1,485,421
	2	6	28		42	0		8	12	46	100
1991	33,650	127,311	509,435		931,288	329,142		186,799	209,737	1,090,167	2,327,362
	1	5	22		40	14		8	9	47	100
2001	57,737	132,100	736,001		1,068,020	903,996		252,001	223,665	1,601,745	3,373,520
	2	4	22		32	27		7	7	47	100
2002	58,112	137,711	695,335		1,134,326	926,697		250,295	224,124	1,661,555	3,426,600
2002	2	4	20		33	27		7	7	1,001,333	
2003			696,960			926.697		297,259			100
2003	58,112	134,807	20		1,155,491	,		8	259,328	1,701,258	3,528,654
2004	2	122 177	719,257		33 1,189,058	26			7	48 1,760,768	100
2004	65,569	133,177	119,237		1,189,038	951,511 26		301,310	261,625		3,621,507 100
2005	65,569	144,396	786,230		1,299,463	966,976		286,707	259,815	49 1,795,298	3,809,156
2003	2	4	21		34	25		8	7	47	100
2006	66,590	148,090	803,669		1,318,258	989,867		291,991	262,186	1,858,684	3,880,651
2000	2	4	21		34	26		8	7	48	100
2007	66,590	152,235	835,003		1,372,867	1,020,621		300,580	268,505	1,944,758	4,016,401
2007	2	4	21		34	25		7	7	48	100
2008	66,754	154,522	863,241		1,388,750	1,061,809		304,327	270,189	2,036,063	4,109,592
	2	4	21		34	26		7	7	50	100
2009	70,548	158,497	962,880		1,514,952	1,114,213		373,802	276,617	2,324,504	4,471,510
	2	4	22		34	25		8	6	52	100
2010	70,934	160,177	977,414		1,518,205	1,174,330		402,448	278,931	2,432,813	4,582,439
	2	3	21		33	26		9	6	53	100
2011	70,934	163,898	998,895		1,530,366	1,219,438		411,679	281,628	2,524,682	4,676,838
2012	76.919	164.260	21		33	1 250 422		9	200.415	2 (09 500	100
2012	76,818	164,360	1,022,287		1,587,787	1,250,433		464,294	299,415	2,698,590	4,865,394
2012	70.116	160 227	21		33	26		10	6	2 171 002	100
2013	79,116	169,227	1,066,747		1,725,318	1,434,321		446,238	310,955	3,171,002	5,231,922
2014	91,287	3 170,818	1,082,267		1,800,747	27 1,503,581		457,467	296,319	25,335	100 5,402,486
2014			, ,		, ,				· ·		
2015	97,991	3 167,109	20 1,101,178		1,831,043	28 1,506,212		467,106	301.505	3,341,008	100 5,472,144
2013	2	3	1,101,178		1,831,043	1,300,212		407,100	501,505	5,341,008	100
2016	101,011	176,166	20	561,940	1,860,573	1,526,377	548,387	509,730	319,109	3,501,906	5,603,293
2010	2	3		10	33	27	10	9	6	62	100
2017	114,158	175,036		586,181	1,935,693	1,584,343	646,880	526,483	328,897	3,729,781	5,897,671
2317	2	3		10	33	27	11	9	6	64	100
2018	126,350	186,908		611,268	2,002,379	1,631,234	775,970	534,142	347,547	3,748,291	6,215,797
	2	3		10	32	26	13	9	6	63	100
	-										

[#] Included in Other PWD Roads. Totals may not add up because of rounding off of decimals.

Note: The second row of each year indicates the percentage share of each category of roads to the total road length.

^{*} Includes roads constructed under PMGSY launched in December 2000 and JRY launched in 1989-90.

JRY road lengths for years since 1996-97 are the same as on 31.3.1996.

Length of National Highways in India as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-Wise) (in km)

		(III KIII)
S. No.	Name of State/ UT	Length of NH
1	Andhra Pradesh	6,412
2	Arunachal Pradesh	2,537
3	Assam	3,909
4	Bihar	4,877
5	Chhattisgarh	3,592
6	Goa	293
7	Gujarat	6,050
8	Haryana	2,788
9	Himachal Pradesh	2,607
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2,327
11	Jharkhand	2,686
12	Karnataka	7,266
13	Kerala	1,781
14	Madhya Pradesh	8,219
15	Maharashtra	17,728
16	Manipur	1,751
17	Meghalaya	1,155
18	Mizoram	1,423
19	Nagaland	1,548
20	Odisha	5,430
21	Punjab	3,269
22	Rajasthan	8,916
23	Sikkim	463
24	Tamil Nadu	6,741
25	Telangana	3,795
26	Tripura	854
27	Uttarakhand	2,949
28	Uttar Pradesh	11,376
29	West Bengal	3,074
30	Andaman & Nicobar Island	332
31	Chandigarh	15
32	Dadar & Nagar Haveli	31
33	Daman & Diu	22
34	Delhi	70
35	Lakshadweep	0
36	Puducherry	64
Total		126,350

Source: Roads Wing: Ministry of Road Transport & Highways

Note: All National Highways are surfaced

Lane wise Length of National Highways in India as on 31.03.2018

(in km)

S. No.	Name of State/ UT	Total Length	Less than Two-Lane	Two-Lane	Four-Lane and above
1	Andhra Pradesh	6,412	848	3,590	1,974
2	Arunachal Pradesh	2,537	1,757	758	22
3	Assam	3,909	1,196	2,598	115
4	Bihar	4,877	417	3,631	829
5	Chhattisgarh	3,592	257	2,850	485
6	Goa	293	62	174	57
7	Gujarat	6,050	1,532	2,100	2,418
8	Haryana	2,788	180	1,191	1,417
9	Himachal Pradesh	2,607	979	1,591	37
10	Jammu & Kashmir	2,327	411	1,694	222
11	Jharkhand	2,686	116	2,192	378
12	Karnataka	7,266	1,425	3,748	2,093
13	Kerala	1,781	294	1,350	137
14	Madhya Pradesh	8,219	3,101	3,438	1,680
15	Maharashtra	17,728	10,170	3,779	3,779
16	Manipur	1,751	277	1,442	32
17	Meghalaya	1,155	564	534	57
18	Mizoram	1,423	1,115	308	0
19	Nagaland	1,548	1,460	88	0
20	Odisha	5,430	141	4,387	902
21	Punjab	3,269	527	1,417	1,325
22	Rajasthan	8,916	438	5,770	2,708
23	Sikkim	463	171	292	0
24	Tamil Nadu	6,741	1,760	2,746	2,235
25	Telangana	3,795	1,222	1,608	965
26	Tripura	854	556	298	0
27	Uttarakhand	2,949	2,183	664	102
28	Uttar Pradesh	11,376	3,017	5,606	2,753
29	West Bengal	3,074	279	1,698	1,097
30	Andaman & Nicobar Island	332	299	32	1
31	Chandigarh	15	0	0	15
32	Dadar & Nagar Haveli	31	31	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	22	22	0	0
34	Delhi	70	1	-7	76
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	64	0	40	24
Total		126,350	36,808	61,607	27,935

Source: Roads Wing Ministry of Road Transport & Highways

Note: All National Highways are surfaced.

Total and Surfaced Length of State Highways in India as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)

(in km)

S.No.	Name of State/UT	Total	Surfaced
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	13,604	13,604
2	Arunachal Pradesh \$	13,500	13,500
3	Assam	2,530	2,459
4	Bihar	4,006	4,006
5	Chhattisgarh	4,176	4,076
6	Goa	280	280
7	Gujarat	17,201	16,983
8	Haryana	1,801	1,801
9	Himachal Pradesh	827	782
10	Jammu & Kashmir	310	310
11	Jharkhand	1,232	1,232
12	Karnataka	19,521	19,497
13	Kerala	4,342	4,342
14	Madhya Pradesh	11,389	11,389
15	Maharashtra	38,999	38,134
16	Manipur	715	715
17	Meghalaya	781	781
18	Mizoram	170	170
19	Nagaland	722	722
20	Odisha	4,138	4,138
21	Punjab	1,103	1,103
22	Rajasthan	15,085	15,012
23	Sikkim	663	663
24	Tamil Nadu	11,830	11,830
25	Telangana	2,149	2,147
26	Tripura	1,057	1,057
27	Uttarakhand	4,387	4,373
28	Uttar Pradesh	6,810	6,810
29	West Bengal	3,262	3,262
30	Andaman & Nicobar Island	257	257
31	Chandigarh	9	9
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	30	30
33	Daman & Diu	22	22
34	Delhi	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0
36	Puducherry	0	0
Total		186,908	185,495

State Highways are constructed by State PWD/Roads & Bridges Depts.

Note: \$ Figure for Arunachal Pradesh pertain to roads under State PWD. Arunachal Pradesh has not yet made official classification of State Roads into State Highways, Major District Roads (MDR) and Other District Roads (ODR).

Length of State Highways in India - By Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise) (in km)

		Total Length		(III KIII)		
S.No.	Name of State/UT	(6+7)		Surfaced		Un-surfaced
			WBM/WMM	BT/CC	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	13,604	0	13,604	13,604	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh *	13,500	0	13,500	13,500	0
3	Assam	2,530	0	2,459	2,459	71
4	Bihar	4,006	0	4,006	4,006	0
5	Chhattisgarh	4,176	158	3,918	4,076	100
6	Goa	280	6	274	280	0
7	Gujarat*	17,201	29	16,954	16,983	218
8	Haryana	1,801	3	1,798	1,801	0
9	Himachal Pradesh *	827	0	782	782	45
10	Jammu & Kashmir	310	0	310	310	0
11	Jharkhand	1,232	0	1,232	1,232	0
12	Karnataka	19,521	196	19,301	19,497	24
13	Kerala	4,342	0	4,342	4,342	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	11,389	0	11,389	11,389	0
15	Maharashtra \$	38,999	517	37,617	38,134	865
16	Manipur*	715	60	655	715	0
17	Meghalaya	781	26	755	781	0
18	Mizoram	170	0	170	170	0
19	Nagaland	722	199	524	722	0
20	Odisha	4,138	9	4,128	4,138	0
21	Punjab*	1,103	0	1,103	1,103	0
22	Rajasthan	15,085	4	15,008	15,012	73
23	Sikkim	663	0	663	663	0
24	Tamil Nadu	11,830	0	11,830	11,830	0
25	Telangana	2,149	0	2,147	2,147	2
26	Tripura	1,057	0	1,057	1,057	0
27	Uttarakhand	4,387	27	4,345	4,373	14
28	Uttar Pradesh	6,810	0	6,810	6,810	0
29	West Bengal	3,262	0	3,262	3,262	0
30	A & N Island	257	0	257	257	0
31	Chandigarh	9	0	9	9	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli *	30		30	30	0
33	Daman & Diu *	22	0	22	22	0
34	Delhi	0			0	
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	186,908	1,235	184,260	185,495	1,413

State Highways are constructed by State PWD/Roads & Bridges Depts.

Note: \$ Figure for Arunachal Pradesh pertain to roads under State PWD. Arunachal Pradesh has not yet made official classification of State Roads into State Highways, Major District Roads (MDR) and Other District Roads (ODR).

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data not received.

^{\$} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data partially received.

Total & Surfaced Length of District Roads as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-Wise) (in km)

S.No.	Name of State/UT	Total	Surfaced
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	32,711	31,096
2	Arunachal Pradesh @	8,731	4,659
3	Assam	6,093	4,755
4	Bihar	11,145	11,145
5	Chhattisgarh	11,965	11,648
6	Goa	1,191	1,191
7	Gujarat*	30,809	30,228
8	Haryana	21,897	21,897
9	Himachal Pradesh	3,647	3,555
10	Jammu & Kashmir	19,695	18,990
11	Jharkhand	10,476	10,476
12	Karnataka	49,952	49,121
13	Kerala	27,470	27,470
14	Madhya Pradesh	45,524	45,524
15	Maharashtra	109,530	99,617
16	Manipur*	9,467	4,844
17	Meghalaya	5,023	4,204
18	Mizoram	1,714	1,610
19	Nagaland	6,467	3,691
20	Odisha	17,877	17,877
21	Punjab*	6,980	6,980
22	Rajasthan	23,670	23,057
23	Sikkim	1,469	732
24	Tamil Nadu	46,496	46,496
25	Telangana	25,372	24,069
26	Tripura	461	461
27	Uttarakhand	4,906	4,562
28	Uttar Pradesh	56,314	56,314
29	West Bengal	10,449	10,424
30	Andaman & Nicobar Island	180	180
31	Chandigarh*	83	83
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	190	190
33	Daman & Diu	59	59
34	Delhi	2,462	2,462
35	Lakshadweep	0	0
36	Puducherry	793	397
Total		611,268	580,064

Notes: The District Roads comprise Major District Roads & Other District Roads constructed and maintained by State PWD/Roads & Bridges Depts.

Differences in sum on account of rounding off of decimals.

[@] Arunachal Pradesh has not yet made official classification of State Roads into State Highways, Major District Roads (MDR) and Other District Roads (ODR).

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data not received.

Length of District Roads - By Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)

(in km)

S.No.	Name of State/UT	Total Length		Surfaced		Un-Surfaced
		<u> </u>	WBM/WMM	BT/CC	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	32,711	297	30,799	31,096	1,615
2	Arunachal Pradesh	8,731	1,633	3,025	4,659	4,072
3	Assam	6,093	0	4,755	4,755	1,338
4	Bihar	11,145	0	11,145	11,145	0
5	Chhattisgarh	11,965	350	11,298	11,648	317
6	Goa	1,191	1	1,190	1,191	1
7	Gujarat*	30,809	293	29,935	30,228	581
8	Haryana	21,897	4	21,893	21,897	0
9	Himachal Pradesh	3,647	27	3,528	3,555	91
10	Jammu & Kashmir	19,695	8,141	10,849	18,990	705
11	Jharkhand	10,476	0	10,476	10,476	0
12	Karnataka	49,952	1,501	47,619	49,121	831
13	Kerala	27,470	0	27,470	27,470	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	45,524	0	45,524	45,524	0
15	Maharashtra \$	109,530	15,764	83,853	99,617	9,913
16	Manipur*	9,467	904	3,940	4,844	4,623
17	Meghalaya	5,023	278	3,926	4,204	819
18	Mizoram	1,714	0	1,610	1,610	104
19	Nagaland	6,467	1,780	1,911	3,691	2,776
20	Odisha	17,877	963	16,914	17,877	0
21	Punjab*	6,980	0	6,980	6,980	0
22	Rajasthan	23,670	17	23,040	23,057	613
23	Sikkim	1,469	38	694	732	736
24	Tamil Nadu	46,496	0	46,496	46,496	0
25	Telangana	25,372	181	23,888	24,069	1,303
26	Tripura	461	0	461	461	0
27	Uttarakhand	4,906	40	4,522	4,562	343
28	Uttar Pradesh	56,314	0	56,314	56,314	0
29	West Bengal	10,449	59	10,365	10,424	25
30	A & N Island	180	0	180	180	0
31	Chandigarh*	83	0	83	83	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli*	190	0	190	190	0
33	Daman & Diu	59	0	59	59	0
34	Delhi \$	2,462	0	2,462	2,462	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	793	1	396	397	397
	Total	611,268	32,272	547,793	580,064	31,204

Notes: The District Roads comprise Major District Roads & Other District Roads constructed and maintained by State PWD/Roads & Bridges Depts.

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data not received.

^{\$} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data partially received.

Total & Surfaced Length of Rural Roads As on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise) (in km)

S.No.	Name of State/UT	Total	(in km) Surfaced
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	135,938	57,142
2	Arunachal Pradesh	20,807	9,466
3	Assam	303,672	52,700
4	Bihar	258,800	139,219
5	Chhattisgarh	54,308	42,955
6	Goa	15,618	11,218
7	Gujarat	86,030	76,520
8	Haryana	7,027	5,614
9	Himachal Pradesh	43,490	29,174
10	Jammu And Kashmir	65,848	45,787
11	Jharkhand	43,564	34,918
12	Karnataka	215,928	100,711
13	Kerala	181,335	114,325
14	Madhya Pradesh	232,331	188,887
15	Maharashtra	414,728	310,630
16	Manipur	15,817	8,310
17	Meghalaya	36,348	9,365
18	Mizoram	6,124	3,705
19	Nagaland	26,895	10,613
20	Odisha	233,790	223,313
21	Punjab	102,267	101,621
22	Rajasthan	213,572	202,598
23	Sikkim	10,180	6,538
24	Tamilnadu	169,853	130,178
25	Telangana	81,954	47,172
26	Tripura	38,823	23,578
27	Uttarakhand	29,809	20,465
28	Uttar Pradesh	255,942	232,337
29	West Bengal	204,688	52,193
30	A & N Islands	557	488
31	Chandigarh	0	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	853	853
33	Daman & Diu	116	116
34	Delhi	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	217	217
36	Puducherry	2,354	2,126
Total (Excluding JRY Roads)	3,509,582	2,295,053
Total (1	Including JRY Roads)	4,409,582	2,478,255

Notes: The Rural Roads comprise of PMGSY, rural roads built by State PWD/RWD & those constructed by Panchayati Raj Roads

Length of PMGSY Roads - By type of Surface as on 31st March 2018(State/UT-wise) (in km)

1	Name of State/UT	Total Length (6+7)		Unsurfaced		
		, , ,	W.B.M	BT/CC	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	20,221	349	13,882	14,232	5,989
2	Arunachal Pradesh	8,938	8	6,624	6,632	2,306
3	Assam	25,544	0	17,725	17,725	7,819
4	Bihar	61,345	622	47,835	48,457	12,889
5	Chhattisgarh	40,542	2,293	28,750	31,044	9,499
6	Goa	207	2	155	157	50
7	Gujarat	18,482	79	12,553	12,632	5,850
8	Haryana	7,027	38	5,576	5,614	1,412
9	Himachal Pradesh	19,893	953	13,664	14,616	5,276
10	Jammu And Kashmir	15,230	730	8,633	9,363	5,867
11	Jharkhand	28,638	574	19,418	19,992	8,646
12	Karnataka	22,847	36	18,563	18,599	4,248
13	Kerala	7,326	556	3,179	3,734	3,592
14	Madhya Pradesh	82,994	6,518	70,811	77,330	5,664
15	Maharashtra	31,703	641	26,053	26,694	5,009
16	Manipur	10,330	222	6,249	6,471	3,860
17	Meghalaya	2,495	25	1,695	1,720	774
18	Mizoram	3,840	0	2,859	2,859	981
19	Nagaland	3,902	93	3,488	3,580	322
20	Odisha	62,720	5,270	46,973	52,243	10,477
21	Punjab	8,926	314	7,966	8,280	646
22	Rajasthan	71,630	3,190	64,606	67,795	3,835
23	Sikkim	5,385	8	3,607	3,615	1,771
24	Tamilnadu	20,407	2,542	15,398	17,940	2,467
25	Telangana	12,454	206	10,126	10,332	2,121
26	Tripura	6,660	239	4,170	4,410	2,250
27	Uttarakhand	12,654	91	9,368	9,459	3,195
28	Uttar Pradesh	79,219	2,239	54,315	56,553	22,666
29	West Bengal	39,295	6,561	26,335	32,895	6,399
30	A & N Islands	93	40	0	40	53
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	182	182	0	182	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	107	19	69	88	19
Tota	l	731,234	34,641	550,644	585,284	145,950

Length of Rural Roads built by State PWD/RWD - By Type of Surface As on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)

(in km)

S.No.	Name of State/UT	Total Length (6+7)		Surfaced		Un-surfaced
			WBM/ WMM	BT/CC	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	6,624	0	1,615	1,615	5,009
3	Assam	40,367	0	22,859	22,859	17,508
4	Bihar	74,857	7,599	33,723	41,322	33,534
5	Chhattisgarh	13,182	1,350	9,978	11,328	1,854
6	Goa	4,830	0	4,826	4,826	4
7	Gujarat*	23,114	499	21,622	22,121	993
8	Haryana	0	0	0	0	0
9	Himachal Pradesh	21,902	1,048	13,247	14,295	7,607
10	Jammu & Kashmir	47,878	6,348	28,383	34,731	13,147
11	Jharkhand *	14,926	0	14,926	14,926	0
12	Karnataka	0	0	0	0	0
13	Kerala	0	0	0	0	0
14	Madhya Pradesh*	26,482	4,980	18,762	23,742	2,740
15	Maharashtra \$	146,135	47,151	53,830	100,981	45,154
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	2,824	160	1,557	1,718	1,107
18	Mizoram	2,284	0	846	846	1,438
19	Nagaland	3,538	431	0	431	3,107
20	Odisha	0	0	0	0	0
21	Punjab *	30,761	0	30,761	30,761	0
22	Rajasthan	112,672	142	110,201	110,344	2,329
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	0	0	0	0	0
25	Telangana	0	0	0	0	0
26	Tripura	10,665	0	9,915	9,915	750
27	Uttarakhand	17,155	502	10,504	11,006	6,149
28	Uttar Pradesh	168,714	0	168,694	168,694	20
29	West Bengal	4,778	26	4,588	4,614	164
30	A & N Island	464	2	446	448	16
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	671	2	668	671	0
33	Daman & Diu	24	0	24	24	0
34	Delhi					
35	Lakshadweep	217	0	217	217	0
36	Puducherry	906	1	905	906	0
Total		775,970	70,241	563,099	633,340	142,630

Note: This category of roads are built by State PWD/Rural Works Department of States/Uts.

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data not received.

Length of Panchayati Raj Roads - By Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise) (in km)

						(in km)
S. No.	Name of State/UT	Total Length (6+7)		Surfaced		Unsurfaced
			W.B.M.	BT/CC	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	115,717	10,129	32,781	42,910	72,807
2	Arunachal Pradesh*	5,245	0	1,219	1,219	4,026
3	Assam*	237,761	8,378	3,738	12,116	225,645
4	Bihar *	122,598	7,240	42,200	49,440	73,158
5	Chhatisgarh	583	0	583	583	0
6	Goa	10,580	1,071	5,165	6,235	4,345
7	Gujarat *	44,434	5,640	36,127	41,767	2,667
8	Haryana	0	0	0	0	0
9	Himachal Pradesh *	1,695	72	191	263	1,432
10	Jammu & Kashmir*	2,740	1,693	0	1,693	1,047
11	Jharkhand	0	0	0	0	0
12	Karnataka	193,081	24,053	58,059	82,112	110,969
13	Kerala	174,009	17,246	93,345	110,591	63,418
14	Madhya Pradesh *	122,855	0	87,815	87,815	35,040
15	Maharashtra*	236,890	78,635	104,320	182,955	53,935
16	Manipur	5,487	0	1,839	1,839	3,648
17	Meghalaya	31,029	1,179	4,747	5,926	25,103
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland *	19,455	3,141	3,461	6,602	12,853
20	Odisha*	171,070	171,070	0	171,070	0
21	Punjab	62,580	0	62,580	62,580	0
22	Rajasthan*	29,270	2,818	21,641	24,459	4,811
23	Sikkim	4,795	1,536	1,387	2,923	1,871
24	Tamil Nadu	149,446	10,081	102,157	112,238	37,208
25	Telangana\$	69,500	11,751	25,089	36,840	32,660
26	Tripura	21,499	2,003	7,251	9,254	12,245
27	Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0
28	Uttar Pradesh*	8,009	908	6,182	7,090	919
29	West Bengal *	160,616	1,910	12,774	14,684	145,932
30	A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	0
31	Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu*	92	1	91	92	0
34	Delhi	0			0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	1,342	239	894	1,132	210
Tota	nl	2,002,379	360,794	715,635	1,076,429	925,949

Note: Panchayati Raj Roads include Gram Panchayat, Panchayat Samiti & Zilla Parishad Roads * Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data not received.

^{\$} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data partially received.

Total & Surfaced Length of Urban Roads as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)

(in km)

S.No.	Name of State/UT	Total	Surfaced
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	24,504	19,846
2	Arunachal Pradesh	56	54
3	Assam	5,603	3,345
4	Bihar	9,184	4,091
5	Chhattisgarh	12,765	11,106
6	Goa	902	807
7	Gujarat	30,305	24,922
8	Haryana	14,914	10,836
9	Himachal Pradesh	3,536	2,977
10	Jammu And Kashmir	1,939	1,922
11	Jharkhand	6,998	4,890
12	Karnataka	41,403	28,324
13	Kerala	33,174	26,296
14	Madhya Pradesh	30,691	24,810
15	Maharashtra	23,543	18,900
16	Manipur	132	77
17	Meghalaya	69	65
18	Mizoram	2,860	505
19	Nagaland	36	34
20	Odisha	21,010	15,936
21	Punjab	18,822	16,440
22	Rajasthan	32,448	27,617
23	Sikkim	69	67
24	Tamilnadu	25,050	23,656
25	Telangana	10,374	9,629
26	Tripura	581	424
27	Uttarakhand	5,514	3,926
28	Uttar Pradesh	63,803	48,830
29	West Bengal	94,948	66,672
30	A & N Islands	187	186
31	Chandigarh	2,432	2,432
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	83	83
33	Daman & Diu	146	146
34	Delhi	15,012	15,012
35	Lakshadweep	8	8
36	Puducherry	1,040	988
	Total	534,142	415,859

Notes: The Urban Roads comprise of Municipal Roads; (coming under purview of Municipal Corporation under the Urban Development Department of States/Uts), Military Engineering Service Roads; Major & Minor Port roads and roads in Railways Zones.

Length of Municipal Roads - By Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)

S. No.	Name of Ctate/UT	Total Length		Surfaced		(KIII)
S. No.	Name of State/UT	(6+7)	S.	Surfaceu	T	Unsurfaced
			WBM/WMM	BT/CC	Total (4+5)	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	23,297	2,202	16,458	18,660	4,636
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0
3	Assam*	4,729	620	1,890	2,510	2,219
4	Bihar*	8,537	1,112	2,375	3,487	5,050
5	Chhattisgarh	12,355	1,123	9,600	10,722	1,633
6	Goa	682	79	508	587	95
7	Gujarat	29,264	2,933	20,960	23,893	5,371
8	Haryana*	13,747	594	9,114	9,708	4,039
9	Himachal Pradesh	1,846	115	1,208	1,323	523
10	Jammu & Kashmir*	441	2	439	441	0
11	Jharkhand	6,432	0	4,374	4,374	2,058
12	Karnataka	40,482	5,419	22,017	27,436	13,046
13	Kerala*	32,745	3,129	22,745	25,874	6,871
14	Madhya Pradesh	29,368	4,623	18,901	23,524	5,844
15	Maharashtra*	20,958	4,095	12,382	16,477	4,481
16	Manipur*	122	22	46	68	54
17	Meghalaya*	30		26	26	4
18	Mizoram	2,852	0	500	500	2,352
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	20,245	3,636	11,575	15,211	5,034
21	Punjab	16,320	519	13,458	13,978	2,343
22	Rajasthan	29,270	2,818	21,641	24,459	4,811
23	Sikkim	49	0	47	47	2
24	Tamil Nadu	23,355	607	21,487	22,094	1,261
25	Telangana	9,103	0	8,360	8,360	743
26	Tripura*	518	115	257	372	146
27	Uttarakhand	5,082	374	3,130	3,504	1,578
28	Uttar Pradesh*	59,960	0	45,220	45,220	14,740
29	West Bengal*	92,963	4,831	59,928	64,759	28,204
30	A & N Islands	72	0	72	72	0
31	Chandigarh	2,334	0	2,334	2,334	0
32	D & N Haveli	83	0	83	83	0
33	Daman & Diu*	46		46	46	0
34	Delhi*	14,336	0	14,336	14,336	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	1,021	150	824	974	47
	Total	502,647	39,118	346,343	385,460	117,187

Source: State & UT Urban Departments.

* Figure is as on 31/03/2017- Data not received.

\$ Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data partially received.

Length of Military Engineering Service Roads - By Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise) (in km)

						(in km)
S. No.	Name of State/UT	Total Length (6+7)	Surfaced			Unsurfaced
			W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	385	0	385	385	0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	52	0	52	52	0
3	Assam	259	17	241	259	0
4	Bihar	27	0	27	27	0
5	Chhattisgarh	2	0	2	2	0
6	Goa	110	0	110	110	0
7	Gujarat	787	0	787	787	0
8	Haryana	817	4	797	802	15
9	Himachal Pradesh	233	4	229	233	0
10	Jammu & Kashmir	1,353	72	1,277	1,349	4
11	Jharkhand	1	0	1	1	0
12	Karnataka	544	17	519	536	8
13	Kerala	182	0	182	182	0
14	Madhya Pradesh	759	0	759	759	0
15	Maharashtra	1,484	0	1,483	1,483	1
16	Manipur	7	7	0	7	0
17	Meghalaya	37	22	15	37	0
18	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0
19	Nagaland	23	23	0	23	0
20	Odisha	56	0	56	56	0
21	Punjab	2,176	205	1,964	2,169	7
22	Rajasthan	2,538	0	2,538	2,538	0
23	Sikkim	20	0	20	20	0
24	Tamil Nadu	486	2	484	486	0
25	Telangana	551	0	551	551	0
26	Tripura	0	0	0	0	0
27	Uttarakhand	398	14	380	395	3
28	Uttar Pradesh	1,501	0	1,501	1,501	0
29	West Bengal	640	20	621	640	0
30	A & N Islands	104	0	104	104	0
31	Chandigarh	90	0	90	90	0
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	92	0	92	92	0
34	Delhi	451	0	451	451	0
35	Lakshadweep	8	0	8	8	0
36	Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	16,170	407	15,725	16,132	38

Source: Directorate of Works, Engineering in Chief's Branch, Integrated HQ of MoD (Army).

Length of Roads in Major Ports - By Type of Surface as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise) (in km)

S. No.	States/UTs	Major Port Trusts	Tota	ıl Length ((6+7)		Unsurfaced
				W.B.M.	B.T./ C.C	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Andhra Pradesh	Visakhapatanam	73	0	73	73	0
2	Goa	Mormugoa	25	0	25	25	0
3	Gujarat	Kandla *	97	0	97	97	0
4	Karnataka	New Mangalore	47	3	44	47	0
5	Kerala	Cochin	37	4	33	37	0
6	Maharashtra	Total	107	0	107	107	0
		Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust*	40	0	40	40	0
		Mumbai Port Trust	67	0	67	67	0
7	Odisha	Paradeep	73	0	73	73	0
8	Tamil Nadu	Total	124	0	123	124	0
		Chennai Port	31	0	31	31	0
		Kamrajar Port (Ennore Port Trust)	14	0	14	14	0
		Tuticorin	78	0	78	78	0
9	West Bengal	Total	154	47	106	154	0
		Kolkata Port	50	47	3	50	0
		Haldia Dock	104	0	104	104	0
		Total	737	55	681	736	0

Source: Individual Port Trusts

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data not received.

Length of Roads in Minor Ports - By Type of surface as on 31/03/2018 (State/UT-wise)

(in km)

S. No.	Name of State/UT	Name of the Ports	Т	otal Lengtl	ı (6+7)		Unsurfaced
5.110.	Traine of State of	Traine of the Lores		W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	Clisuriuccu
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Andhra Pradesh	Bhavanapadu	17	0	17	17	0
		Kakinada				_ ,	
		Machilipatnam					
		Nizampatnam					
2	Goa*	Tiracol	80	0	80	80	0
		Chapora					
		Panajim					
		Betul					
		Talpona					
3	Gujarat	Jakhau	144	5.24	131	136	8
	J	Mandavi					
		Mundra					
		Navalakhi					
		Okha					
		Bedi					
		Rozi					
		Porbandar					
		Veraval					
		Jafrabad					
		Victor					
		Alang Ship Breaking Yard					
		Bhavnagar					
		Dahej					
		Surat					
		Madalla					
		Dumas					
		Dholai					
		Onjal					
		Kosamba					
4	Kerala	Vizhinjam	11	1	10	11	0
		Valiyathura					
		Kollam					
		Kochupilamooodu					
		Neendakara					
		Sakthikulangara					
		Pullikkada					
		Alappuzha					
		Kodungallur					
		Kayamkulam					
		Ponnani					
		Thalassery					
		Azhikkal					
		Kasaragod					
		Beypore					
		Kannur					

Contd...

Length of Roads in Minor Ports - By Type of surface as on 31/03/2018 (State/UT-wise) (in km)

S. No.	Name of State/UT	Name of the Ports	To	otal Length	ı (6+7)		Unsurfaced
				W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
5	Karnataka	Karwar	15	0	15	15	0
		Old Mangalore					
		Belekeri					
		Honnavar					
		Bhatkal					
		Hangarakatta					
		Malpe					
		Tadadi					
		Padubidri					
		Kundapura					
6	Odisha*						
		Gopalpur	46	13	18	31	15
		Dhamara					
7	Maharashtra		30	1	24	25	5
8	A&N Islands	Port Blair	11	3	7	10	1
		Campbell Bay					
		Hut Bay					
		Rangat Bay					
		Car nicobar					
9	Daman & Diu	Daman	8	0	8	8	0
		Diu					
10	Puducherry	Puducherry	17	1	13	13	4
		Karaikal					
11	Tamil Nadu *	Cuddalore	0	0	0	0	0
		Nagapattinam					
		Rameswaram					
		Colachel					
Total			380	24	323	347	34

Source: State Maritime Boards incharge of Minor Ports

The roads under minor ports in Tamil Nadu are not under the purview of the state maritime bords but are under National Highways and State Highways.

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2016- Data not received.

Length of Roads in Railway Zones - By Type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise) (in km)

S. No.	Name of State/UT	Total Length (6+7)		Surfaced		Unsurfaced
			W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	732	46	664	711	21
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4	0	2	2	2
3	Assam	615	36	540	576	39
4	Bihar	620	23	554	577	43
5	Chhattisgarh	408	38	343	381	27
6	Goa	5	0	5	5	0
7	Gujarat	13	1	8	9	3
8	Haryana	350	12	315	327	24
9	Himachal Pradesh	1,457	8	1,413	1,421	36
10	Jammu & Kashmir	145	0	132	132	12
11	Jharkhand	565	78	436	514	50
12	Karnataka	315	50	240	290	26
13	Kerala	199	22	170	192	7
14	Madhya Pradesh	565	82	445	527	37
15	Maharashtra	963	204	604	808	155
16	Manipur	4	1	1	2	1
17	Meghalya	2	0	2	2	0
18	Mizoram	8	3	3	5	3
19	Nagaland	12	1	9	10	2
20	Odisha	591	44	523	566	25
21	Punjab	325	22	271	293	32
22	Rajasthan	640	72	548	620	20
23	Sikkim	0			0	
24	Tamil Nadu	1,085	148	805	952	133
25	Telangana	720	52	666	719	2
26	Tripura	63	22	30	52	12
27	Uttarakhand	34	27	1	28	6
28	Uttar Pradesh	2,341	339	1,770	2,109	233
29	West Bengal	1,191	176	943	1,119	72
30	A & N Islands	0			0	
31	UT Chandigarh	9	0	9	9	0
32	D & N Haveli	0			0	
33	Daman & Diu	0			0	
34	Delhi	225	63	162	225	0
35	Lakshadweep	0			0	
36	Puducherry	1	0	1	1	0
Tota	l	14,207	1,569	11,615	13,184	1,023

Source: Data based on Railway Zones which had reported.

Total & Surfaced Length of Project Roads on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)

(in km)

S.No.	Name of State/UT	Total	Surfaced
1	2	3	4
1	Andhra Pradesh	5,021	2,002
2	Arunachal Pradesh	4,924	3,260
3	Assam	21,803	1,550
4	Bihar	2,559	508
5	Chhattisgarh	15,772	7,270
6	Goa	323	155
7	Gujarat	31,347	24,725
8	Haryana	1,594	268
9	Himachal Pradesh	7,792	3,419
10	Jammu And Kashmir	18,557	7,247
11	Jharkhand	14,106	6,797
12	Karnataka	20,435	8,700
13	Kerala	8,983	4,009
14	Madhya Pradesh	35,818	10,331
15	Maharashtra	21,993	9,349
16	Manipur	1,298	1,202
17	Meghalaya	460	221
18	Mizoram	187	45
19	Nagaland	1,035	796
20	Odisha	25,731	10,948
21	Punjab	10,195	2,397
22	Rajasthan	19,699	9,546
23	Sikkim	666	630
24	Tamilnadu	10,038	6,138
25	Telangana	4,426	2,408
26	Tripura	1,439	20
27	Uttarakhand	5,284	1,655
28	Uttar Pradesh	42,088	14,460
29	West Bengal	12,703	4,440
30	A & N Islands	282	206
31	Chandigarh	0	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	1	1
34	Delhi	52	52
35	Lakshadweep	0	0
36	Puducherry	41	33
	Total	346,651	144,787

Notes: The Project Roads comprise of Forest Roads, roads of Border Roads Organisation, Coal Departments, Electricity, Irrigation, Sugarcane Department and of Steel Authority of India Limited and National Mineral Development Corporation.

Length of Roads under Forest Departments - By Type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)

(in km)

S.No	Name of State/UT	Total Length (6+7)		Surfaced	l	Unsurfaced
		, , ,	W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	4,047	1,133	64	1,197	2,849
2	Arunachal Pradesh*	1,213	232	45	276	936
3	Assam	19,970	439	734	1,173	18,797
4	Bihar*	2,030	0	0	0	2,030
5	Chhattisgarh	10,868	5,055	0	5,055	5,813
6	Goa	164	0	49	49	115
7	Gujarat	22,112	0	22,112	22,112	0
8	Haryana	26	23	3	26	0
9	Himachal Pradesh*	2,254	0	26	26	2,228
10	Jammu & Kashmir	11,540	1,308	35	1,342	10,197
11	Jharkhand*	9,442	1,729	2,470	4,199	5,243
12	Karnataka	8,999	503	391	894	8,105
13	Kerala	4,792	896	480	1,377	3,415
14	Madhya Pradesh *	29,798	2,208	4,946	7,154	22,644
15	Maharashtra	13,575	4,669	913	5,582	7,993
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya	148	72	18	90	58
18	Mizoram	53	11	10	21	32
19	Nagaland	288	0	102	102	187
20	Odisha	7,475	1,965	611	2,576	4,899
21	Punjab	707	0	0	0	707
22	Rajasthan	5,343	512	1,600	2,113	3,231
23	Sikkim	6	0	4	4	3
24	Tamil Nadu *	3,351	833	799	1,632	1,719
25	Telangana	1,660	497	90	587	1,073
26	Tripura *	1,345	0	11	11	1,334
27	Uttarakhand	3,731	0	468	468	3,264
28	Uttar Pradesh	8,502	1,048	788	1,836	6,666
29	West Bengal	5,463	505	429	934	4,529
30	A & N Islands*	257	112	87	199	58
31	UT Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	D & N Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu*	1	1	0	1	0
34	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0
35	Lakshadweep	0			0	
36	Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	179,160	23,751	37,285	61,037	118,123

Source: State Departments of Forests

Blank cells refer to States and UTs who have not furnished data or have insigificant or nil forest roads

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data not received.

Length of Roads under Border Roads Organisation - By Type of Surface in India As on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise)

(in km)

S.No	Name of State/UT	Total Length (6+7)		Surfaced		(In Km) Unsurfaced
		(, , ,	W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	0			0	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	3,711	192	2,791	2,984	727
3	Assam	187	0	187	187	0
4	Bihar	0			0	
5	Chhattisgarh	0			0	
6	Goa	0			0	
7	Gujarat	4	0	0	0	4
8	Haryana	0			0	
9	Himachal Pradesh	987	5	681	686	301
10	Jammu & Kashmir	6,596	514	5,257	5,771	824
11	Jharkhand	0			0	
12	Karnataka	0			0	
13	Kerala	0			0	
14	Madhya Pradesh	0			0	
15	Maharashtra	0			0	
16	Manipur	1,298	20	1,182	1,202	96
17	Meghalaya	0			0	
18	Mizoram	669	15			669
19	Nagaland	747	54	639	694	53
20	Odisha	0			0	
21	Punjab	797	0	441	441	355
22	Rajasthan	13,128	5	6,519	6,525	6,603
23	Sikkim	660	29	598	627	34
24	Tamil Nadu	0			0	
25	Telangana	0			0	
26	Tripura*	12	0	0	0	12
27	Uttarakhand	978	30	661	691	287
28	Uttar Pradesh	0			0	
29	West Bengal	467	0	122	122	345
30	A & N Islands	25	2	5	7	18
31	UT Chandigarh	0			0	
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0			0	
33	Daman & Diu	0			0	
34	Delhi	0			0	
35	Lakshadweep	0			0	
36	Puducherry	0			0	
	Total	30,265	867	19,084	19,936	10,329

Source: DG Border Roads

Blank Cells refer to States and UTs who have nil BRO roads

Length of Roads under Forest Departments - By Type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018 (State/UT-wise) (in km)

						(in km)
S. No.	Name of States/UTs	Total Length (6+7)				Unsurfaced
	(Names of Coal Fields)		W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	0			0	
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0			0	
3	Assam	0			0	
	i. North Eastern Coalfields, Margherita- Tinsukia*	51	2	42	44	7
4	Bihar	0			0	
5	Chhattisgarh	0			0	
	i. South Eastern Coal Fields, Bilaspur	793	78	681	759	34
6	Goa	0			0	
7	Gujarat	0			0	
8	Haryana	0			0	
9	Himachal Pradesh	0			0	
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0			0	
11	Jharkhand	0			0	
	i. Bharat Coking Coal Ltd., Dhanbad*	545	48	415	463	82
	ii. Eastern Coal Fields Ltd.	104	29	57	85	19
	iii. Central Coal Fields, Ranchi	678	41	627	668	10
12	Karnataka	0	- '1	027	0	10
13	Kerala	0			0	
14	Madhya Pradesh	0			0	
17	i. Western Coal Fields	211	13	198	211	0
	ii. Northern Coal fields Ltd. Singarauli*	302	26	212	238	64
15	Maharashtra	0	0	0	0	04
13	i. Western Coal Fields Ltd, Nagpur	560	184	334	518	41
16	Manipur	0	104	334	0	41
17	Meghalaya	0			0	
18	Mizoram	0			0	
19	Nagaland	0			0	
20	Odisha	0			0	
20		314	96	200	_	18
21	i. Mahanadi Coal Fields. Sambalpur*		90	200	296	10
22	Punjab	0			0	
	Rajasthan Sikkim					
23	Tamil Nadu	0			0	
25	Telangana i. Singareni Coal field, Kothagudem, Bhadradri Dist.*	906	70	833	903	3
26		906	/0	833		3
26	Tripura				0	
27	Uttarakhand	0				
28	Uttar Pradesh	0			0	
29	West Bengal	201	42	222	274	27
20	i. Eastern Coalfields Limited, Burdwan	301	42	232	274	21
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0			0	
31	UT Chandigarh	0			0	
32	Dadra & Nagar Havelli	0			0	
33	Daman & Diu	0			0	
34	Delhi	0			0	
35	Lakshadweep	0			0	
36	Puducherry		(20	2.021		205
	Total	4,765	629	3,831	4,460	305

Note: Western Coal fields are located in Maharashtra and in Madhya Pradesh. Eastern Coal Fields are located in Jharkhand & in West Bengal.

Length of Roads under Electricity Departments of States/UTs - By Type of Surface in India as on 31.03.2018

(in km)

S.No	Name of State/UT	Total Length		(III KIII) Unsurfaced		
5.NO	Name of State/U1	Total Length	W.B.M.	Surfaced B.T./C.C	Total (415)	Unsurfaced
1	2	3			Total (4+5)	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	118	34	5 81	6 115	3
2	Arunachal Pradesh	116	34	81	113	3
3	Assam*	112	21	77	0.0	1.5
		113		77	98	15
4	Bihar*	529	148	360	508	21
5	Chhattisgarh*	169	27	140	167	2
6	Goa	0	225	0	0	0
7	Gujarat	462	235	213	448	14
8	Haryana	131	9	122	131	0
9	Himachal Pradesh*	99	35	40	75	24
10	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	1.52	170	0
11	Jharkhand*	181	26	153	179	2
12	Karnataka*	1,441	132	1,284	1,416	24
13	Kerala*	252	47	186	233	19
14	Madhya Pradesh	797	302	440	742	55
15	Maharashtra*	343	183	124	307	36
16	Manipur	0	0	0	0	0
17	Meghalaya*	132	6	111	117	15
18	Mizoram *	134	3	21	24	110
19	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha*	70	37	31	68	2
21	Punjab*	449	28	393	421	28
22	Rajasthan*	388	11	375	386	2
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	844	165	616	781	63
25	Telangana*	126	22	104	126	0
26	Tripura	0	0	0	0	0
27	Uttarakhand*	165	4	145	149	15
28	Uttar Pradesh	24	0	19	19	5
29	West Bengal*	216	8	161	169	47
30	A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	0
31	UT Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0
34	Delhi*	52	1	51	52	0
35	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
36	Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	7,235	1,484	5,248	6,733	502

Source: State Departments of Electricity

Blank cells refer to States and UTs who have not furnished data or have insigificant or nil electricity roads

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2017-Data not received.

Length of Roads under Irrigation Departments of States/Uts - By Type of Surface in India As on 31.03.2018

(in km)

S.No	Name of State/UT	(6+7)		Surfaced		Unsurfaced
		()	W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh*	848	434	249	683	165
2	Arunachal Pradesh					
3	Assam	1,483	35	14	49	1,433
4	Bihar					
5	Chhattisgarh*	3,023	111	296	407	2,616
6	Goa	159	22	84	106	53
7	Gujarat	8,768	1,340	825	2,165	6,603
8	Haryana	1,437	6	105	111	1,326
9	Himachal Pradesh	4,452	764	1,868	2,632	1,820
10	Jammu & Kashmir *	422	133	0	133	289
11	Jharkhand	2,604	566	133	700	1,904
12	Karnataka*	9,731	4,425	1,825	6,250	3,481
13	Kerala	3,939	615	1,784	2,399	1,540
14	Madhya Pradesh*	4,670	1,243	715	1,958	2,712
15	Maharashtra	7,497	1,871	1,059	2,931	4,567
16	Manipur					
17	Meghalaya	180	6	7	14	166
18	Mizoram					
19	Nagaland *	0	0	0	0	0
20	Odisha	17,388	4,430	3,113	7,542	9,845
21	Punjab*	8,243	66	1,469	1,535	6,708
22	Rajasthan*	839	136	387	523	316
23	Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0
24	Tamil Nadu	4,070	281	1,671	1,952	2,118
25	Telangana *	1,726	203	582	785	941
26	Tripura	82	0	9	9	72
27	Uttarakhand *	406	18	325	343	63
28	Uttar Pradesh*	20,492	0	3,049	3,049	17,443
29	West Bengal *	5,625	1,608	716	2,325	3,301
30	A & N Islands					
31	UT Chandigarh					
32	D & N Haveli					
33	Daman & Diu					
34	Delhi					
35	Lakshadweep					
36	Puducherry					
	Total	108,083	18,314	20,286	38,600	69,483

Source: State Departments of Irrigation

Blank cells refer to States and UTs who have not furnished data or have insigificant or nil irrigation roads

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2016-Data not received.

Length of Roads under Sugarcane Departments of States/Uts - By Type of Surface in India As on 31.03.2017

(in km)

S.No	Name of State/UT	Total Length		Surfaced		Unsurfaced
		J	W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh					
2	Arunachal Pradesh					
3	Assam					
4	Bihar					
5	Chhattisgarh					
6	Goa					
7	Gujarat					
8	Haryana					
9	Himachal Pradesh					
10	Jammu & Kashmir					
11	Jharkhand					
12	Karnataka	156	0	52	52	104
13	Kerala					
14	Madhya Pradesh					
15	Maharashtra					
16	Manipur					
17	Meghalaya					
18	Mizoram			•		
19	Nagaland					
20	Odisha					
21	Punjab					
22	Rajasthan					
23	Sikkim					
24	Tamil Nadu*	1,676	0	1,676	1,676	0
25	Telangana					
26	Tripura					
27	Uttarakhand*	4	0	4	4	0
28	Uttar Pradesh	13,069	0	9,555	9,555	3,514
29	West Bengal					
30	Andaman & Nicobar					
31	UT Chandigarh					
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli					
33	Daman & Diu					
34	Delhi					
35	Lakshadweep					
36	Puducherry	41	5	28	33	8
	Total	14,947	5	11,315	11,320	3,626

Source: State Sugarcane Departments

Blank cells refer to States and UTs who have not furnished data or have insigificant or nil Sugarcane authority roads

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2016-Data not received.

Length of Roads under SAIL & NMDC - By Type of Surface in India As on 31.03.2018

(in km)

		Total Length				(in km)
S.No	Name of State/UT	(6+7)		Surfaced		Unsurfaced
			W.B.M.	B.T./C.C	Total (4+5)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Andhra Pradesh	8	0.935	5.675	6.61	2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	
3	Assam					
4	Bihar					
5	Chhattisgarh	919	757	126	882	37
6	Goa					
7	Gujarat					
8	Haryana					
9	Himachal Pradesh					
10	Jammu & Kashmir					
11	Jharkhand	552	12	491	503	50
12	Karnataka	109	10	78	88	21
13	Kerala					
14	Madhya Pradesh	40	11	16	27	13
15	Maharashtra	18	3	8	11	7
16	Manipur					
17	Meghalaya					
18	Mizoram					
19	Nagaland					
20			19			
21	Punjab					
22	Rajasthan					
23	Sikkim					
		96	0	96	96	0
25	Telangana	8	1	6	7	2
26	Tripura					
27	Uttarakhand					
28	Uttar Pradesh					
29	West Bengal	631	28	588	616	14
30	A & N Islands					
31	UT Chandigarh					
32	D & N Haveli					
33	Daman & Diu					
34	Delhi					
35	Lakshadweep					
36	Puducherry					
	Total	2,865	835	1,866	2,701	164

Sources: 1. Steel Authority of India Limited

Blank cells refer to States and UTs who have not furnished data or have insigificant or nil SAIL/NMDC roads

^{2.} National Mineral Development Corporation

^{*} Figures is as on 31/03/2016-Data not received.

Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km of Roads in Rural and Urban area

Name of the States	Area	Rural Area (2011 census)	Urban Area (2011 census)	Rural Pop (2011 census)	Urban Pop (2011 census)	Total Population	Rural Road length (as on 31/3/ 2018)	Urban Road length(as on 31/3/2018)	Total Road Length(as on31/3/2018)	Road Density for Entire Road length States per 1000 sq km	for Entire es	Entire State Road length per 1000 sq km	Urban Road Ingth per 1000 sq	Rural Road Ingth per 1000 sq km	Entire State Road length per 1000 pop
Andhra Pradesh	275,045	267,191	7,855	56,361,702	28,219,075	84,580,777	217,892	34,878	355,204	4,440	815	1,291	1.24	3.87	4.20
Arunachal Pradesh	83,743			1,066,358	317,369	1,383,727	20,807	56	59,394			602	0.18	19.51	42.92
Assam	78,438	77,178	1,260	26,807,034	4,398,542	31,205,576	303,672	5,603	348,616	4,447	3,935	4,444	1.27	11.33	11.17
Bihar	94,163	88,16	2,325	92,341,436	11,758,016	104,099,452	258,800	9,184	293,913	3,951	2,818	3,121	82.0	2.80	2.82
Chhattisgarh	135,192	131,940	3,252	19,607,961	5,937,237	25,545,198	54,308	12,765	106,252	3,926	412	982	2.15	2.77	4.16
Goa	3,702	2,937	765	551,731	906,814	1,458,545	15,618	905	25,055	1,180	5,317	892'9	66.0	28.31	17.18
Gujarat	196,244	188,839	7,405	34,694,609	25,745,083	60,439,692	86,030	30,305	202,104	4,092	456	1,030	1.18	2.48	3.34
Haryana	44,212	42,236	1,976	16,509,359	8,842,103	25,351,462	7,027	14,914	53,283	7,547	166	1,205	1.69	0.43	2.10
Himachal Pradesh	55,673	55,402	271	6,176,050	688,552	6,864,602	43,490	3,536	64,722	13,058	785	1,163	5.14	7.04	9.43
Jammu & Kashmir (1) ++	222,236	220,990	1,246	9,108,060	3,433,242	12,541,302	65,848	1,939	111,227	1,556	298	200	0.56	7.23	8.87
Jharkhand	79,716	77,292	2,424	25,055,073	7,933,061	32,988,134	43,564	866'9	80,285	2,887	564	1,007	0.88	1.74	2.43
Kamataka	191,791	185,777	6,014	37,469,335	23,625,962	61,095,297	215,928	41,403	351,034	6,884	1,162	1,830	1.75	5.76	5.75
Kerala	38,852	31,253	665,7	17,471,135	15,934,926	33,406,061	181,335	33,174	258,896	4,366	5,802	6,664	2.08	10.38	7.75
Madhya Pradesh	308,252	300,506	7,746	52,557,404	20,069,405	72,626,809	232,331	30,691	359,022	3,962	773	1,165	1.53	4.42	4.94
Maharashtra	307,713	298,619	9,094	61,556,074	50,818,259	112,374,333	414,728	23,543	611,867	2,589	1,389	1,988	0.46	6.74	5.44
Manipur	22,327	22,148	180	2,021,640	834,154	2,855,794	15,817	132	30,378	738	714	1,361	0.16	7.82	10.64
Meghalaya	22,429	22,146	283	2,371,439	595,450	2,966,889	36,348	69	45,469	242	1,641	2,027	0.12	15.33	15.33
Mizoram	21,081	20,494	287	525,435	571,771	1,097,206	6,124	2,860	14,637	4,871	299	694	5.00	11.66	13.34
Nagaland	16,579	16,336	243	1,407,536	996'029	1,978,502	26,895	36	37,762	147	1,646	2,278	90.0	11.61	19.09
Odisha	155,707	152,355	3,352	34,970,562	7,003,656	41,974,218	233,790	21,010	305,083	6,269	1,535	1,959	3.00	69.9	7.27
Punjab	50,362	47,847	2,515	17,344,192	10,399,146	27,743,338	102,267	18,822	141,693	7,485	2,137	2,813	1.81	5.90	5.11
Rajasthan	342,239	335,606	6,633	51,500,352	17,048,085	68,548,437	213,572	32,448	306,255	4,892	989	895	1.90	4.15	4.47
Sikkim	7,096	7,058	38	456,999	153,578	610,577	10,180	69	14,798	1,802	1,442	2,085	0.45	22.28	24.24
Tamil Nadu	130,060	116,424	13,636	37,229,590	34,917,440	72,147,030	169,853	25,050	264,814	1,837	1,459	2,036	0.72	4.56	3.67
Tripura	10,486	10,094	392	2,712,464	961,453	3,673,917	38,823	581	43,516	1,483	3,846	4,150	09.0	14.31	11.84
Uttar Pradesh	240,928	233,366	7,562	155,317,278	44,495,063	199,812,341	255,942	63,803	50,753	8,437	1,097	211	1.43	1.65	0.25
Uttarakhand	53,483	52,581	902	7,036,954	3,049,338	10,086,292	29,809	5,514	425,420	6,113	267	7,954	1.81	4.24	42.18
West Bengal	88,752	83,626	5,126	62,183,113	29,093,002	91,276,115	204,688	94,948	326,384	18,524	2,448	3,677	3.26	3.29	3.58
A.& N.Islands	8,249	8,211	38	237,093	143,488	380,581	155	187	1,755	4,933	89	213	1.30	2.35	4.61
Chandigarh	114	7	110	28,991	1,026,459	1,055,450	0	2,432	2,594	22,208	0	22,757	2.37	0.00	2.46
D.& N.Haveli	491	445	46	183,114	160,595	343,709	823	83	1,220	1,825	1,915	2,485	0.52	4.66	3.55
Daman & Diu	111	62	49	60,396	182,851	243,247	116	146	375	3,017	1,863	3,381	0.80	1.93	1.54
Delhi	1,483	326	1,157	419,042	16,368,899	16,787,941	0	15,012	17,548	12,980	0	11,833	0.92	0.00	1.05
Lakshadweep	30	6	21	14,141	50,332	64,473	217	8	239	368	23,640	7,981	0.15	15.33	3.71
Puducherry	490	335	155	395,200	852,753	1,247,953	2,354	1,040	4,229	6,731	7,018	8,630	1.22	96.5	3.39
INDIA(I) ++	3,287,469	3,101,474	102,252	833,748,852	377,106,125	1,210,854,977	3,509,582	534,142	5,315,797	5,224	1,132	1,617	1.42	4.21	4.39

Note: Andhra prdesh includes the road length of Telengana

Total length excludes JRY roads

Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km for different Categories of Roads

	National	Ctato	District	Dural	Hrhan	Droinet	Total road				Ř	Road Density per 1000 Sq. Km	r 1000 Sq. Kr	u	
Name of the States	Highways	Highways	Roads	Roads	roads	Roads	Length	Total Area	Road Density	National Highways	State	District Roads	Rural Roads	Urban roads	Project Roads
1	2	3	4	S	9	7	æ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Andhra Pradesh(*)	10,207	15,753	58,083	217,892	34,878	9,447	346,260	275,045	1,258.92	37.11	57.28	211.18	792.20	126.81	34.35
Arunachal Pradesh	2,537	13,500	8,731	20,807	99	4,924	50,555	83,743	69'809	30.30	161.21	104.26	248.46	0.67	58.80
Assam	3,909	2,530	6,093	303,672	5,603	21,803	343,609	78,438	4,380.65	49.84	32.25	27.68	3,871.49	71.43	277.96
Bihar	4,877	4,006	11,145	258,800	9,184	2,559	290,571	94,163	3,085.83	51.79	42.54	118.36	2,748.43	97.53	27.18
Chhattisgarh	3,592	4,176	11,965	54,308	12,765	15,772	102,578	135,192	758.76	26.57	30.89	88.50	401.71	94.42	116.66
Goa	293	280	1,191	15,618	905	323	18,607	3,702	5,026.19	79.15	75.63	321.80	4,218.72	243.71	87.19
Gujarat	6,050	17,201	30,809	86,030	30,305	31,347	201,742	196,244	1,028.02	30.83	87.65	156.99	438.38	154.43	159.73
Haryana	2,788	1,801	21,897	7,027	14,914	1,594	50,021	44,212	1,131.39	63.06	40.74	495.27	158.93	337.33	36.06
Himachal Pradesh	2,607	827	3,647	43,490	3,536	7,792	61,899	55,673	1,111.83	46.83	14.85	65.50	781.16	63.52	139.96
Jammu & Kashmir	2,327	310	19,695	65,848	1,939	18,557	108,677	222,236	489.01	10.47	1.40	88.62	296.30	8.73	83.50
Jharkhand	2,686	1,232	10,476	43,564	866'9	14,106	79,062	79,716	991.80	33.69	15.45	131.42	546.49	87.79	176.96
Karnataka	7,266	19,521	49,952	215,928	41,403	20,435	354,505	191,791	1,848.39	37.88	101.78	260.45	1,125.85	215.87	106.55
Kerala	1,781	4,342	27,470	181,335	33,174	8,983	257,085	38,852	6,617.03	45.84	111.75	707.05	4,667.33	853.85	231.20
Madhya Pradesh	8,219	11,389	45,524	232,331	30,691	35,818	363,972	308,252	1,180.76	26.66	36.95	147.68	753.70	99.57	116.20
Maharashtra	17,728	38,999	109,530	414,728	23,543	21,993	626,521	307,713	2,036.06	57.61	126.74	355.95	1,347.78	76.51	71.47
Manipur	1,751	715	9,467	15,817	132	1,298	29,180	22,327	1,306.96	78.43	32.02	424.02	708.43	5.93	58.13
Meghalaya	1,155	781	5,023	36,348	69	460	43,836	22,429	1,954.42	51.50	34.82	223.95	1,620.59	3.05	20.51
Mizoram	1,423	170	1,714	6,124	2,860	1,083	13,374	21,081	634.43	05.79	8.07	81.31	290.52	135.64	51.39
Nagaland	1,548	722	6,467	26,895	36	1,035	36,703	16,579	2,213.83	93.37	43.55	390.09	1,622.22	2.16	62.44
Odisha	5,430	4,138	17,877	233,790	21,010	25,731	307,976	155,707	1,977.92	34.87	26.57	114.81	1,501.47	134.94	165.25
Punjab	3,269	1,103	6,980	102,267	18,822	10,195	142,635	50,362	2,832.20	64.91	21.90	138.60	2,030.63	373.72	202.44
Rajasthan	8,916	15,085	23,670	213,572	32,448	19,699	313,390	342,239	915.70	26.05	44.08	69.16	624.04	94.81	57.56
Sikkim	463	693	1,469	10,180	69	999	13,510	7,096	1,903.86	65.25	93.45	206.97	1,434.56	9.71	93.91
Tamil Nadu	6,741	11,830	46,496	169,853	25,050	10,038	270,007	130,060	2,076.02	51.83	96.06	357.50	1,305.96	192.60	77.18
Tripura	854	1,057	461	38,823	581	1,439	43,215	10,486	4,121.21	81.44	100.80	43.96	3,702.40	55.41	137.20
Uttar Pradesh	2,949	4,387	4,906	29,809	5,514	5,284	52,848	240,928	219.35	12.24	18.21	20.36	123.72	22.89	21.93
Uttarakhand	11,376	6,810	56,314	255,942	63,803	42,088	436,333	53,483	8,158.34	212.70	127.33	1,052.93	4,785.49	1,192.95	786.94
West Bengal	3,074	3,262	10,449	204,688	94,948	12,703	329,126	88,752	3,708.38	34.64	36.76	117.74	2,306.30	1,069.82	143.13
A.& N.Islands	332	257	180	557	187	282	1,794	8,249	217.50	40.25	31.14	21.77	67.51	22.68	34.16
Chandigarh	15	6	83	0	2,432	0	2,539	114	22,274.56	131.58	77.98	728.07	0.00	21,336.93	0.00
D.& N.Haveli	31	30	190	853	83	0	1,187	491	2,417.57	63.14	61.10	386.97	1,736.55	169.83	0.00
Daman & Diu	22	22	59	116	146	1	366	111	3,299.82	198.20	198.20	527.03	1,048.65	1,318.74	9.01
Delhi	02	0	2,462	0	15,012	52	17,596	1,483	11,865.37	47.20	0.00	1,660.15	00.00	10,122.96	35.06
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	217	8	0	224	30	7,481.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,226.00	255.33	0.00
Puducherry	64	0	793	2,354	1,040	41	4,293	490	8,760.93	130.61	0.00	1,618.74	4,804.63	2,123.26	83.67
INDIA (1) ++	126,350	186,908	611,268	3,509,582	534,142	347,547	5,315,797	3,287,469	1,616.99	38.43	56.85	185.94	1,067.56	162.48	105.72
				1	1	Ì	1								1

Note: Andhra prdesh includes the road length of Telengana

Total length excludes JRY roads

Road length per 1000 population

Name of the States	National Highways	State Highways	District Roads	Rural Roads	Urban Roads	Project Roads	Total road Length	Total Population	Road length per '000		Road len	Road length per '000 Population	0 Populat	ion	
										National Highways	State Highways	District Roads	Rural Roads	Urban roads	Project Roads
1	2	3	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Andhra Pradesh(*)	10,207	15,753	58,083	217,892	34,878	9,447	346,260	84,581	4.09	0.12	0.19	69'0	2.58	0.41	0.11
Arunachal Pradesh	2,537	13,500	8,731	20,807	99	4,924	50,555	1,384	36.54	1.83	92.6	6.31	15.04	0.04	3.56
Assam	3,909	2,530	6,093	303,672	5,603	21,803	343,609	31,206	11.01	0.13	80.0	0.20	9.73	0.18	0.70
Bihar	4,877	4,006	11,145	258,800	9,184	2,559	290,571	104,099	2.79	0.05	0.04	0.11	2.49	60.0	0.02
Chhattisgarh	3,592	4,176	11,965	54,308	12,765	15,772	102,578	25,545	4.02	0.14	0.16	0.47	2.13	0.50	0.62
Goa	293	280	1,191	15,618	905	323	18,607	1,459	12.76	0.20	0.19	0.82	10.71	0.62	0.22
Gujarat	6,050	17,201	30,809	86,030	30,305	31,347	201,742	60,440	3.34	0.10	0.28	0.51	1.42	0.50	0.52
Haryana	2,788	1,801	21,897	7,027	14,914	1,594	50,021	25,351	1.97	0.11	0.07	98.0	0.28	0.59	90.0
Himachal Pradesh	2,607	827	3,647	43,490	3,536	7,792	61,899	598'9	9.02	0.38	0.12	0.53	6.34	0.52	1.14
Jammu & Kashmir	2,327	310	19,695	65,848	1,939	18,557	108,677	12,541	8.67	0.19	0.02	1.57	5.25	0.15	1.48
Jharkhand	2,686	1,232	10,476	43,564	866'9	14,106	79,062	32,988	2.40	80.0	0.04	0.32	1.32	0.21	0.43
Karnataka	7,266	19,521	49,952	215,928	41,403	20,435	354,505	61,095	5.80	0.12	0.32	0.82	3.53	89.0	0.33
Kerala	1,781	4,342	27,470	181,335	33,174	8,983	257,085	33,406	7.70	0.05	0.13	0.82	5.43	66.0	0.27
Madhya Pradesh	8,219	11,389	45,524	232,331	30,691	35,818	363,972	72,627	5.01	0.11	0.16	0.63	3.20	0.42	0.49
Maharashtra	17,728	38,999	109,530	414,728	23,543	21,993	626,521	112,374	5.58	0.16	0.35	26.0	3.69	0.21	0.20
Manipur	1,751	715	9,467	15,817	132	1,298	29,180	2,856	10.22	0.61	0.25	3.32	5.54	0.05	0.45
Meghalaya	1,155	781	5,023	36,348	69	460	43,836	2,967	14.77	0.39	0.26	1.69	12.25	0.02	0.16
Mizoram	1,423	170	1,714	6,124	2,860	1,083	13,374	1,097	12.19	1.30	0.16	1.56	5.58	2.61	66.0
Nagaland	1,548	722	6,467	26,895	36	1,035	36,703	1,979	18.55	0.78	0.36	3.27	13.59	0.02	0.52
Odisha	5,430	4,138	17,877	233,790	21,010	25,731	307,976	41,974	7.34	0.13	0.10	0.43	5.57	0.50	0.61
Punjab	3,269	1,103	6,980	102,267	18,822	10,195	142,635	27,743	5.14	0.12	0.04	0.25	3.69	89.0	0.37
Rajasthan	8,916	15,085	23,670	213,572	32,448	19,699	313,390	68,548	4.57	0.13	0.22	0.35	3.12	0.47	0.29
Sikkim	463	693	1,469	10,180	69	999	13,510	611	22.13	0.76	1.09	2.41	16.67	0.11	1.09
Tamil Nadu	6,741	11,830	46,496	169,853	25,050	10,038	270,007	72,147	3.74	0.09	0.16	0.64	2.35	0.35	0.14
Tripura	854	1,057	461	38,823	581	1,439	43,215	3,674	11.76	0.23	0.29	0.13	10.57	0.16	0.39
Uttar Pradesh	2,949	4,387	4,906	29,809	5,514	5,284	52,848	199,812	0.26	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.15	0.03	0.03
Uttarakhand	11,376	6,810	56,314	255,942	63,803	42,088	436,333	10,086	43.26	1.13	0.68	5.58	25.38	6.33	4.17
West Bengal	3,074	3,262	10,449	204,688	94,948	12,703	329,126	91,276	3.61	0.03	0.04	0.11	2.24	1.04	0.14
A.& N.Islands	332	257	180	557	187	282	1,794	381	4.71	0.87	0.67	0.47	1.46	0.49	0.74
Chandigarh	15	6	83	0	2,432	0	2,539	1,055	2.41	0.01	0.01	80.0	0.00	2.30	0.00
D.& N.Haveli	31	30	190	853	83	0	1,187	344	3.45	0.09	0.09	0.55	2.48	0.24	0.00
Daman & Diu	22	22	59	116	146	1	366	243	1.51	0.09	0.00	0.24	0.48	09.0	0.00
Delhi	70	0	2,462	0	15,012	52	17,596	16,788	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.89	0.00
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	217	8	0	224	64	3.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.36	0.12	0.00
Puducherry	64	0	793	2,354	1,040	41	4,293	1,248	3.44	0.05	0.00	0.64	1.89	0.83	0.03
INDIA (1) ++	126,350	186,908	611,268	3,509,582	534,142	347,547	5,315,797	1,210,855	4.39	0.10	0.15	0.50	2.90	0.44	0.29

Note: Andhra prdesh includes the road length of Telengana Total length excludes JRY roads

State/UT-wise details of NHs in country

As on 31.03.2018

S. No.	State	National Highway No.	Total Length (in km)
1	Andhra Pradesh	16, 216, 216A, 516D, 516 E, 716, 716A, 716B, 26, 326, 326A, 30, 40, 140, 340, 340C, 42, 44 N.S., 544D, 544DD, 544E, 65, 65&5, 165, 365 BB, 565, 765, 67, 167, 167A, 167B, 69, 71, 75	6,412.4
2	Arunachal Pradesh	13, 15, 115, 215, 315, 415, 515, 315A, 113, 313, 513, 713, 713A	2,537.4
3	Assam	2, 702, 702C, 702D, 6, 306, 8, 208A, 15, 115, 215, 315, 315A, 415, 515, 715, 715A, 17, 117, 117A, 217, 27 E.W., 127, 127A, 127B, 127C, 127D, 127E, 427, 627, 29, 129, 329, 329A, 37	3,908.5
4	Bihar	19 G.Q., 119, 219, 319, 20, 120, 22, 122, 122A, 322, 722, 922, 27 E.W., 227, 227A, 327 Ext., 327A, 527, 527A, 527C, 527D, 527B, 727, 727A, 31, 131, 131A, 231, 331, 431, 531, 33, 133B, 333, 333A, 333B, 139	4,877.0
5	Chandigarh	5	15.3
6	Chhattisgarh	30, 130, 130A, 130B, 130C, 130D, 130CD, 930, 43, 343, 49, 149B, 45, 53, 153, 353, 63, 163, 163A	3,590.8
7	Delhi	9, 19, 44, 48, 148A	70.0
8	Goa	748, 748AA, 66, 366, 566	292.9
9	Gujarat	NE-1, 27, 927D, 341, 47, 147, 147D, 48, 148M, 848, 848A, 848B, 51, 151, 151A, 251, 351, 351F, 751, 751DD, 53, 753B, 953, 56, 756, 58, 64, 68 Ext, 168, 168A	6,050.0
10	Haryana	NE2, 703, 5, 105, 7, 907, 907G, 9, 709, 709 Ext., 709A, 709AD, 11, 919, 334B, 334D, 44, 344, 444A, 48, 148A, 148B, 248A, 248BB, 54, 52, 152A, 352A, 352A, 352R, 352W, 254	2,787.6
11	Himachal Pradesh	3, 103, 303, 503, 503A, 5, 105, 205, 305, 505, 505A, 705, 7, 707, 907A, 907, 154, 154A, 44 N.S.	2,606.9
12	Jammu & Kashmir	1, 301, 501, 701, 3, 44, 144, 144A, 244, 444	2,327.0
13	Jharkhand	114A, 18, 19, 419, 20, 220, 320, 22, 522, 33, 133, 333, 133A, 133B, 333A, 39, 139, 43, 143, 143A, 343, 49	2,684.6
14	Karnataka	44 N.S., 48 G.Q., 548B, 548B, 548H, 648, 748, 748AA, 948, 948A, 50, 150, 150A, 150 Ext., 52, 752K, 160 Ext., 161A, 161A Ext., 561A, 163, 65, 66, 166E, 766, 766C, 67, 167, 367, 367A, 69, 169, 169A, 369, 369E, 73, 173, 173 Ext., 373, 75, 275, 275K, 181	7,266.9
15	Kerala	544, 744, 66, 766, 966, 966 A, 966 B, 183, 183A, 85, 185	1,781.6
16	Madhya Pradesh	719, 27, 927A, 30, 34, 135, 135B, 135BB, 135BD, 135BG, 135C, 44, 45, 934, 39, 339B, 539, 43, 543, 943, 46, 146, 146B, 346, 47, 147E, 347, 347A, 347B, 347C, 547, 548C, 52, 552 Ext., 752B, 752C, 752G, 753L, 56, 161G	8,219.3
17	Maharashtra	930, 930D, 130D, 543, 44, 47, 547, 547E, 347C, 247, 647, 347A, 48, 348, 348A, 348B, 348BB, 548A, 548DD, 548H, 548D, 548, 548B, 548C, 548CC, 548E, 848, 848A, 50, 150 Extn., 52, 652, 752G, 752I, 752K, 752E, 752E Ext. 752H, 53, 353C, 353D, 353E, 753, 753A, 753B, 753E, 753F, 953, 353B, 353I, 753J, 753L, 353J, 353K, 753C, 753BB, 753AB, 753M, 60, 160, 160A, 160B, 160A Ext., 160C, 160H, 160D, 61, 161, 161A, 161G Ext., 161H, 161G, 461B, 361F, 161E, 361, 361B, 361C, 361H, 561A, 561, 561, 761, 63, 65, 465, 965, 965DD, 965D, 965C, 965G, 66, 166, 166A, 166H, 166D, 166F, 166G, 166E, 266	17,765.5

Contd...

S. No.	State	National Highway No.	Total Length (in km)
18	Manipur	2, 102, 102A, 102B, 102C, 202, 702A, 29, 129A, 37, 137, 137A	1,750.3
19	Meghalaya	6, 106, 206, 217, 127B	1,155.6
20	Mizoram	2, 102B, 302, 502, 502A, 6, 306, 306A, 108	1,422.5
21	Nagaland	2, 202, 702, 702A, 702B, 702D, 29, 129, 129A, 229, 329A	1,547.7
22	Odisha	16 G.Q., 316, 316A, 516, 516A, 18, 20, 220, 520, 26, 126, 326, 326A, 130C, 130CD, 143, 49, 149, 53, 153B, 353, 55, 57, 157, 59, 63	5,430.7
23	Puducherry	32, 332	26.9
24	Punjab	3, 503, 503A, 703, 703A, 703B, 5, 105B, 205, 205A, 7, 9, 44, 344, 344A, 344B, 148B, 148BB, 348E, 52, 152, 152A, 54, 154, 154A, 254, 354, 754	3,269.5
25	Rajasthan	709, 11, 311, 911, 919, 921, 23, 123, 25, 125, 325, 925, 925A, 27, 927A, 44, 48, 148, 148B, 148D, 248, 248A, 448, 52, 552, 752, 54, 954, 56, 156, 58, 158, 458, 758, 62, 162, 162A, 68, 168, 168A, 70	8,916.0
26	Sikkim	10, 310, 310A, 510, 710, 717A, 717B	463.0
27	Tamil Nadu	16 G.Q., 716, 716A, 716B, 32, 32 Ext., 132, 132B, 332, 332A, 532, 36, 136, 136, 136B, 336, 536, 38, 138, 338, 40, 42, 44 N.S., 544, 544H, 744, 744A, 844, 944, 48 G.Q., 648, 948, 66, 75, 77, 79, 179A, 179B, 179D, 81, 181, 381, 381A, 381B, 83, 183, 383, 85, 785, 87	6,741.5
28	Telangana	30, 44, 150, 353B, 353C, 61, 161, 161B, 161AA, 161BB, 63, 163, 363, 563, 65, 365, 365A, 365B, 365BB, 565, 765, 765D, 167, 167 extn.	3,795.5
29	Tripura	8, 108, 108A, 108 B, 208, 208A	853.8
31	Uttar Pradesh	NE2, 307, 9, 509, 709A, 709AD, 709B, 19, 219, 319D, 519, 719, 21, 321, 123, 24, 124C, 27, 227A, 727, 727A, 727BB, 727B, 727G, 727H, 927, 28, 128, 128A, 128B, 128C, 328, 328A, 30, 230, 330, 330A, 330B, 330D, 530, 730C, 730S, 530B, 730B, 730H, 730, 730A, 31, 731, 731A, 731AG, 731K, 135, 335, 931, 931A, 34, 234, 334, 334C, 334B, 334D, 734, 35, 135C, 135A, 135BB, 135B, 39, 339, 539, 44, 344, 552 Ext.	11,376.3
30	Uttarakhand	7, 107, 107A, 507, 307, 707, 707A, 9, 109, 309, 309A, 309B, 30, 34, 134, 334, 334A, 534, 734, 344	2,949.3
32	West Bengal	10, 110, 12, 112, 512, 14, 114, 114A, 314, 16, 116, 116B, 117, 317A, 717, 717A, 18, 19, 419, 27, 327B, 28, 29, 30, 31, 31, 131A, 33, 133A, 49	3,073.9
33	A & N Islands	4	330.7
34	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	848A	31.0
35	Daman & Diu	848B, 251	22.0
		Total	126,349.9

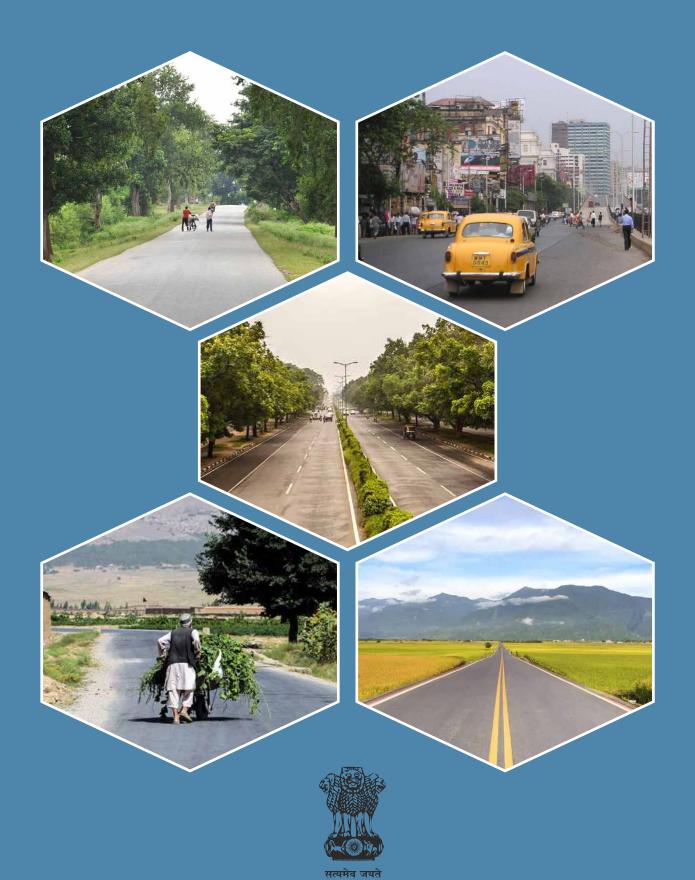
TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

S. No.	Terms	Definitions
A. RO	ADS	
1	Track	A path on the land much trodden by persons and animals.
2	Cart Track	A land way for use by carts.
3	Road	A way on land with a right of way for the public.
4	Urban Road	A road within the limits of the area of Municipality, Military Cantonment, Port or Railway Authority.
5	Project Road	A road within the limits of the area of a development project of a public authority for the exploitation of resources such as forest, irrigation, electricity, coal, sugarcane, steel, etc.
B. HIC	GHWAY CLASSES BY	Y FUNCTION
1	Expressways	Expressways offer superior highway facility with higher specifications. It provides for more lanes, better surface, divided carriageway, controlled access grade separations at cross-roads and fencing etc. Expressways permits only fast moving vehicles and are meant to carry through traffic. The Expressway may be owned by the Central Government or State Government depending upon whether the route is a National Highway or a State Road.
2	National Highways	The arterial roads of the country for inter-state movements of goods and passengers. They traverse the length and width of the country connecting the National and State capitals, major ports and rail junctions and link up with border roads and foreign highways.
3	State Highways	The arterial roads in a State for inter-district movements. They traverse the length and width of a state connecting the state capital, district headquarters and important towns and cities and link up with the National Highways and adjacent State Highways.
4	District Roads	The branch roads of the State and National Highways to serve as the main roads for intra-district movements. They traverse the length and breadth of a district to connect the area of production and marketing in the district to one another and to the National Highways.
5	Village Roads	These roads serve as the feeder roads as well as the roads for inter village movements. They pass through rural areas connecting the village to one another and to the nearest road of higher category viz. District Roads, State Highways, National Highways, etc.

Contd...

Contd... TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

S. No.	Terms	Definitions
C. H	IGHWAY CLASS	SES BY WIDTH
1	Below Standard Single Lane(BSSL)	Surfaced roads having clear carriageway width of below 3.75 M.
2	Standard Single Lane(SSL)	Surfaced roads having clear carriageway width between 3.75 M and below 7.0 M.
3	Standard Double Lane (SDL)	Surfaced roads having clear carriageway width between 7.0 M and below 10.5 M.
4	Standard Multi Lane (SML)	Surfaced roads having clear carriageway width of 10.5 M and above.
D. F	ROAD SURFACE	
1	Bitumen or Tar Macadam	A type of construction in which the fragments of coarse aggregate are bound together by bitumen applied either premix or grouting method.
2	Bitumen Concrete Surfacing	A type of construction in which coarse and fine mineral aggregates are mixed with bitumen and laid not to the desired thickness.
3	Black Top Surface	The surface of roads made with bitumen as a binder.
4	Brick Paving	A paving composed of bricks laid in regular courses.
5	Cement Bound Macadam	A surface in which a matrix of a cement sand mixture is interposed between two layers of road metal spread on the road and the whole mass watered and consolidated so that the matter works into the interstices of the road metal to produce a compact mass.
6	Cement Concrete	A surface obtained by placing and consolidating cement concrete to required thickness.
7	Earth Road	A road with the carriageway composed of natural soil.
8	Gravel Road	A road with the carriageway composed of a consolidated layer of gravel.
9	Water Bound Macadam	A type of surfacing in which stone fragments are first inter locked by rolling and then bound with smaller stone gravel etc. which enforced into the intersection by brimming, watering and rolling.
10	Motorable	 (i) For Plain Areas: Surfaced or unsurfaced road of minimum 3.0 M Carriageway width is motorable. (ii) For Hilly Areas: Surfaced or unsurfaced road of minimum 3.0 M Carriageway width having no horizontal curve of radii less than 14 M and grade not steeper than 7% is motorable. A bridle path is non motorable.



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF ROAD TRANSPORT & HIGHWAYS TRANSPORT RESEARCH WING

IDA BUILDING, JAMNAGAR HOUSE, SHAHJAHAN ROAD, NEW DELHI-110011 www.morth.nic.in